

# HEAVY VEHICLE ROUTE ASSESSMENT - DULGUIGAN ROAD TUMBULGUM, NSW

PREPARED BY ROADNET PTY LTD For Tweed Shire Council 11/03/2019

# Document Control Sheet

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## 1. INTRODUCTION

RoadNet Pty Ltd (RoadNet) has been commissioned by Tweed Shire Council (TSC) to undertake a Heavy Vehicle Route Assessment of the roads between the Dulguigan Quarry and the Tweed Valley Way in Tumbulgum (refer *Figure 1.1* below).



Figure 1.1 - Heavy Vehicle Route

### 2. PURPOSE

The purpose of this report is to summarise the outcomes of:

- (i) site inspection(s);
- (ii) road classification review using the National Heavy Vehicle Regulator (NHVR) Guidelines to determine a suitable level of access under the existing road conditions;
- (iii) vehicle swept path analysis at various locations and identify any potential geometric constraints;
- (iv) risk assessment;

to identify any risks associated with heavy vehicles using this route and provide recommendations to mitigate any identified risks.

## 3. DESIGN VEHICLE

The design vehicle used for the swept path analysis for general access (Level 1) is a 19m semi-trailer. These vehicles can operate on all general access roads without a permit.

A vehicle swept path analysis was also undertaken to identify constraints for Level 2 using the template for a 26m B-double (Austroads, Design Vehicles and Turning Template Guide).

Heavy vehicles up to 20m Performance Based Standards (PBS) are able to operate on the route being assessed in this report. There are a high number of eligible vehicle combinations with various axle combinations that fall into this 20m PBS category. Not having the specific details of the 20m PBS vehicles using this route the vehicle swept path analysis has been based on a 19m semi-trailer.

Mark Foran (Roads and Maritime Services: Heavy Vehicle Access Coordinator - Freight Branch) confirmed the 19m semi-trailer template will service as a guide and be a worst case scenario to establish safety risk.

The vehicle swept path analysis, which assesses the path of different parts of a vehicle when undertaking a turning manoeuvre, has been used at specific locations along the route. AutoTURN vehicle swept paths are shown on aerial photos in *Appendix A - 19m Semi-trailer* and *Appendix B - 26m B-Double*.

## 4. METHODOLOGY

The heavy vehicle route assessment process included the following tasks:

- Complete National Heavy Vehicle Regulator (NHVR) road classification form and determine the appropriate level of access under the existing road conditions;
- Review heavy vehicle traffic data;
- Attend on-site commencement meeting with Tweed Shire Council representative;
- Site inspection with associated photos, video recording and measuring of road seal widths, etc;
- Identify site constraints;
- Undertake vehicle swept path analysis at specific locations along the route;
- Prepare draft Heavy Vehicle Route Assessment report and submit to Tweed Shire Council;
- Meet with Tweed Shire Council representative to discuss the format and content in the draft report;
- Undertake on-site observations to assess traffic behaviour and travel paths being utilised;
- Undertake a risk assessment reflecting risk levels associated with heavy vehicles;
- Finalise the Heavy Vehicle Route Assessment Report and submit to Council.

## 5. ROAD CLASSIFICATION

**The "Appendix D** - **Sample Form for Road Classification" form** (refer *Appendix C*) was completed based on site observations and lane and road shoulder width measurements taken at various locations on Dulguigan Road and the bridge on Terranora Road.

	Roa	ad Formation Widths*		
Location	Left Lane Width	Right Lane Width	Right Shoulder Width	Shoulder Type
Dulguigan Rd (Ch: 0.3km)	3.5m	3.2m	2.0m	Gravel / Grass
Dulguigan Rd (Ch: 1.0km)	3.4m	3.4m	1.4m	Grass
Dulguigan Rd (Ch: 2.7km)	3.8m	4.2m	0.5m	Grass
Dulguigan Rd (Ch: 3.0km)	2.9m	3.2m	1.0m	Grass
Dulguigan Rd (Ch: 5.3km)	3.6m	3.7m	0.5m	Grass
Terranora Rd (Bridge)	4.0m	4.0m	0.0m	N/A - Face of Kerb

#### Table 5.1: Road Formation Widths

\* Performance-Based Standards Scheme - Network Classification Guidelines (July 2007) Table 3 Road Class L2 for AADT 500 - 1,500 requires 3.1m Lane Width and 1.2m Shoulder Width.

No on-site measurements were taken in relation to the following:

- <u>Clearance to Overhead Cables</u> There are 19 locations where overhead cables cross the route. It is assumed that the clearance to overhead cables is 4.5m or greater and hence Road Class L1 is appropriate.
- <u>Clearance to Bridge</u> Clearance not shown on structure therefore clearance assumed to be 5m or greater.

No sight distance calculations were undertaken when assessing Ref. Item no. 2.8 - Approach visibility.

### 6. SITE INSPECTIONS

A site inspection was undertaken by Craig Frazer and Daniel Kerwick from RoadNet on Thursday 15<sup>th</sup> November 2018. The weather was fine and clear at the time of the site inspection. The haul route was videoed using a 'dash cam' camera as part of this inspection and road constraints identified. 'On foot' inspections were undertaken at locations where road constraints were identified and measurements taken to assist in determining recommendations to mitigate the risks at these locations.

A second site inspection was undertaken by Daniel Kerwick, Daniel Gardiner and Rob Dowker on Thursday 22<sup>nd</sup> November 2018. This site inspection involved measuring the width of the road seal at locations where the edge of road seal could not be determined from aerial photography due to vegetation cover. The weather was overcast with the occasional shower at the time of this inspection.

Two further site inspections were undertaken on 8<sup>th</sup> and 12<sup>th</sup> February 2019 to obtain seal width measurements required for road classification and observations of traffic behaviour to assist in assessing risk.

## 7. HAULAGE ROUTE

#### 7.1 General

The haulage route (refer *Figure 1.1*) covered in this report commences at the access to Dulguigan Quarry (Chainage 00) and ends at the Riverside Drive / Tweed Valley Way intersection (Chainage 6100). The roads associated with this 6.1km section including 40 property accesses and the following 8 road intersections:

- (i) Dulguigan Road / Palm Road intersection
- (ii) Dulguigan Road / Hogans Road intersection
- (iii) Dulguigan Road / Brady Place intersection
- (iv) Dulguigan Road / Mayes Hill Road intersection
- (v) Dulguigan Road / McAuleys Road intersection
- (vi) Dulguigan Road / Terranora Road intersection
- (vii) Terranora Road / Riverside Drive intersection
- (viii) Riverside Drive / Tweed Valley Way intersection.

The majority of the haulage route is on Dulguigan Road, however the eastern end of the haulage route includes short sections on Terranora Road (incl. bridge over the Tweed River) and Riverside Drive (refer *Figure 7.1*).

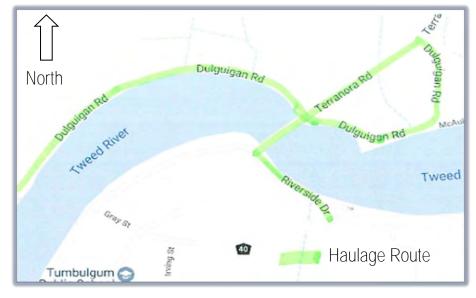


Figure 7.1: Haulage Route - eastern end

The haulage route comprises a windy, rural road with heavy vegetation on either side. The road is delineated by a double barrier centreline (ie: limited sections with edge lines) and guide posts. Road drainage is catered for by grass swales or table drains (ie: no concrete kerbs).

Site inspections revealed low pedestrian movements and a low number of cyclists. Low pedestrian movements likely to be due to limited pedestrian attractions, however cyclist may be attracted to the area due to scenery and flat grade.

There were no buses on the road at the time of inspection however it is understand that there is a school bus that operates in the morning and mid after-noon.

At the following isolated locations (refer *Sections 7.2 - 7.6, inclusive*), vehicle swept paths (refer *Appendix A: Vehicle Swept Path - 19m Semi-trailer*) indicate heavy vehicles will travel in the opposing traffic lane:

## 7.2 Dulguigan Quarry Access (Ch: 00)

Vehicles turning left out of Dulguigan Quarry cross to the side of the quarry access and the other side of Dulguigan Road when undertaking this manoeuvre.



Photo 7.1 Dulguigan Road - looking north-east



Photo 7.2 Dulguigan Road - looking south-west

7.3 Dulguigan Road / Hogans Road Intersection (Ch: 2500)

Even at slow speed vehicles are tracking onto the other side of the road when negotiating this curve.



Photo 7.3 Dulguigan Road - looking east



Photo 7.4 Hogans Road - looking south

7.4 East of Dulguigan Road / Mayes Hill Road Intersection (Ch: 3650)

Even at slow speed haulage vehicles are tracking onto the other side of the road when negotiating this curve



Photo 7.5 Dulguigan Road - looking south-west



Photo 7.6 Dulguigan Road - looking north

7.5 Dulguigan Road / Terranora Road Intersection (Ch: 5400)

Vehicles travelling on Terranora Road and turning right into Dulguigan Road will track into the opposing travel lane.



Photo 7.7 Dulguigan Road - looking north-west



Photo 7.8 Terranora Road - looking north-east

#### 7.6 Terranora Road / Riverside Drive Intersection (Ch: 5900)

Vehicles travelling on Riverside Drive and turning right into Terranora Road cross into the opposing traffic lane. Similarly, vehicles travelling on Terranora Road and turning left into Riverside Drive will also cross into the oncoming traffic lane. There is a conflict point at this location.



Photo 7.9 Terranora Road - looking south-west



Photo 7.10 Riverside Drive - looking north-west

#### 8. RISK ASSESSMENT

A risk assessment was undertaken on the full length of the heavy vehicle route (refer *Section 1 Figure 1.1*) with details shown in attached Risk Assessment spreadsheet (refer *Appendix D*).

The risk assessment refers to the five locations (refer *Section 7.2 - 7.6, inclusive*) where vehicle swept paths indicate that heavy vehicles (19m semi-trailer) will travel in the opposing traffic lane. The risk assessment also identifies general risks associated with the 5.4km section of Dulguigan Road.

The present risk levels consider the control measures that are in place. Recommendations to further mitigate risks have been provided in the Risk Assessment spreadsheet and are summarised in *Section 9* below.

#### 9. RECOMMENDATIONS

- <u>Dulguigan Quarry Access (Ch: 00)</u> <u>Risk Assessment Ref No.1</u> Undertake onsite trial of heavy vehicles exiting the Dulguigan Quarry to assess risk associated with traffic conflict both within the quarry access and on Dulguigan Road. Confirm quarry owners have internal protocol(s) in relation to vehicles entering and exiting the quarry and assess associated risks. <u>Risk Assessment Ref No.2</u> Review the present linemarking and signage layout at the quarry entrance and undertake modifications, if required.
- <u>Dulquigan Road / Hogans Road Intersection (Ch: 2500)</u> <u>Risk Assessment Ref No.3</u> Install more prominent signage highlighting the advisory speed. Improve sight distance by clearing vegetation on the inside of the curve. Prepare a concept design (higher design speed) to determine intersection layout modifications required to ensure heavy vehicles remain in their travel lane when negotiating the curve and implement the works.
- 3. <u>Dulguigan Road East of Mayes Hill Road Intersection (Ch: 3650)</u> <u>Risk Assessment Ref No.4</u>

Prepare a concept design to determine curve modifications (including curve widening requirements) required to ensure heavy vehicles are able to remain in their travel lane when negotiating the series of curves, with sufficient width to accommodate a double barrier centreline and possibly edge lines, and implement the works.

Ongoing monitoring of road conditions (refer 6 below).

#### 4. <u>Dulguigan Road / Terranora Road Intersection (Ch: 5400)</u> <u>Risk Assessment Ref No.5</u>

Assess intersection traffic data to determine the potential for conflict between vehicles turning right from Dulguigan Road into Terranora Road and vehicles turning right from Terranora Road into Dulguigan Rd. Review linemarking layout with consideration to the position of a vehicle in Dulguigan Road waiting to turn right into Terranora Road. Implement the works.

#### 5. <u>Terranora Road / Riverside Drive Intersection (Ch: 5900)</u>

Risk Assessment Ref No.6

Ongoing monitoring of road condition including linemarking and signage with maintenance regime to maintain appropriate level of delineation.

Prepare a concept design with the potential to realign Riverside Drive to better accommodate all traffic movements at this intersection and encourage traffic not to cross into the opposing traffic lane. Concept design to give consideration to the extension of the existing bridge safety barriers. Implement the works.

6. Dulguigan Road (Route length 5.4km)

Risk Assessment Ref No.7

Ongoing monitoring of road condition (edge breaks, edge drop offs, seal defects, shoulder integrity, etc) with 'quick response' maintenance regime that maximises the effective seal width.

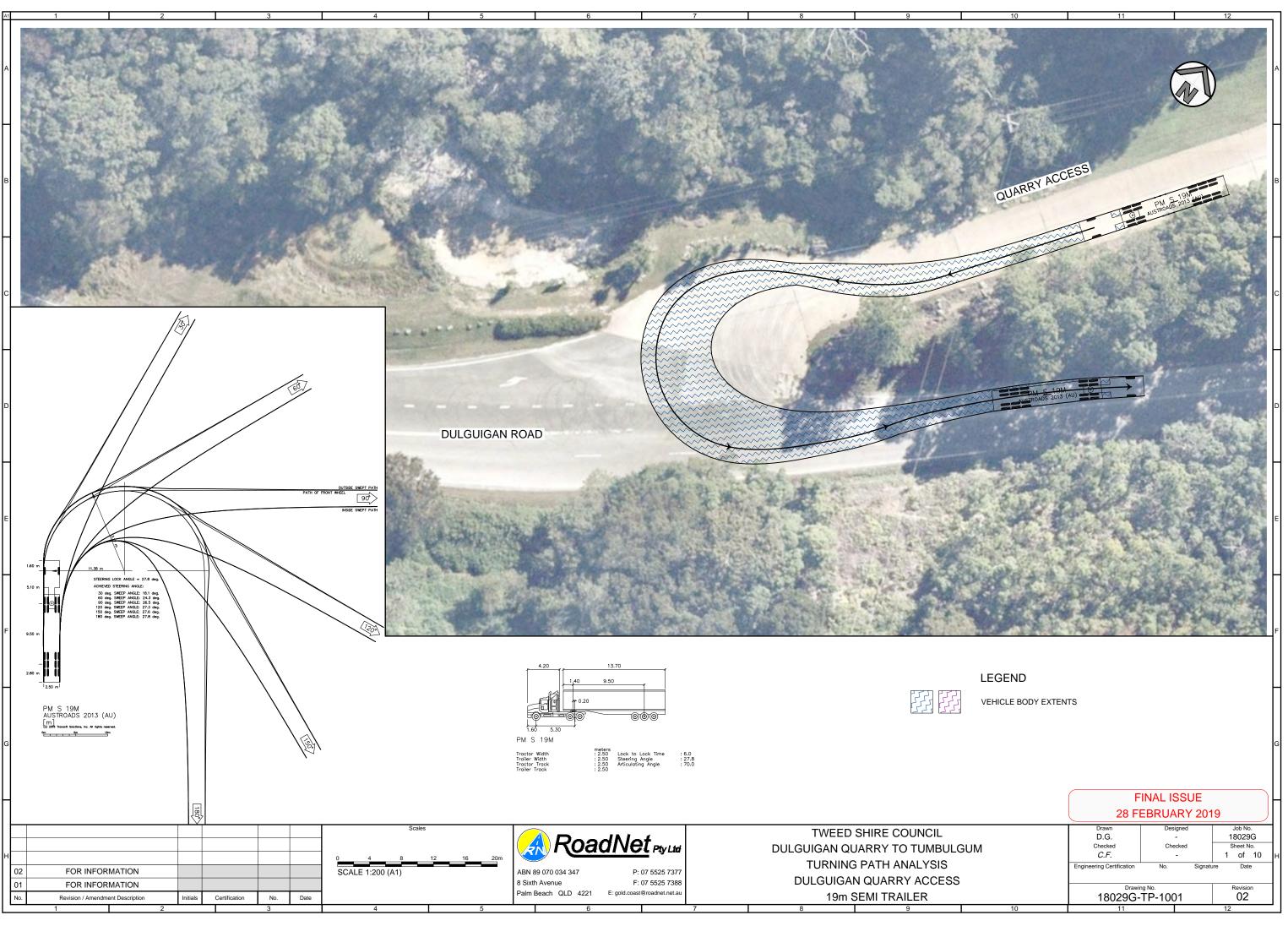
Prepare and implement a road widening works program with consideration to the high priority locations identified in this report.

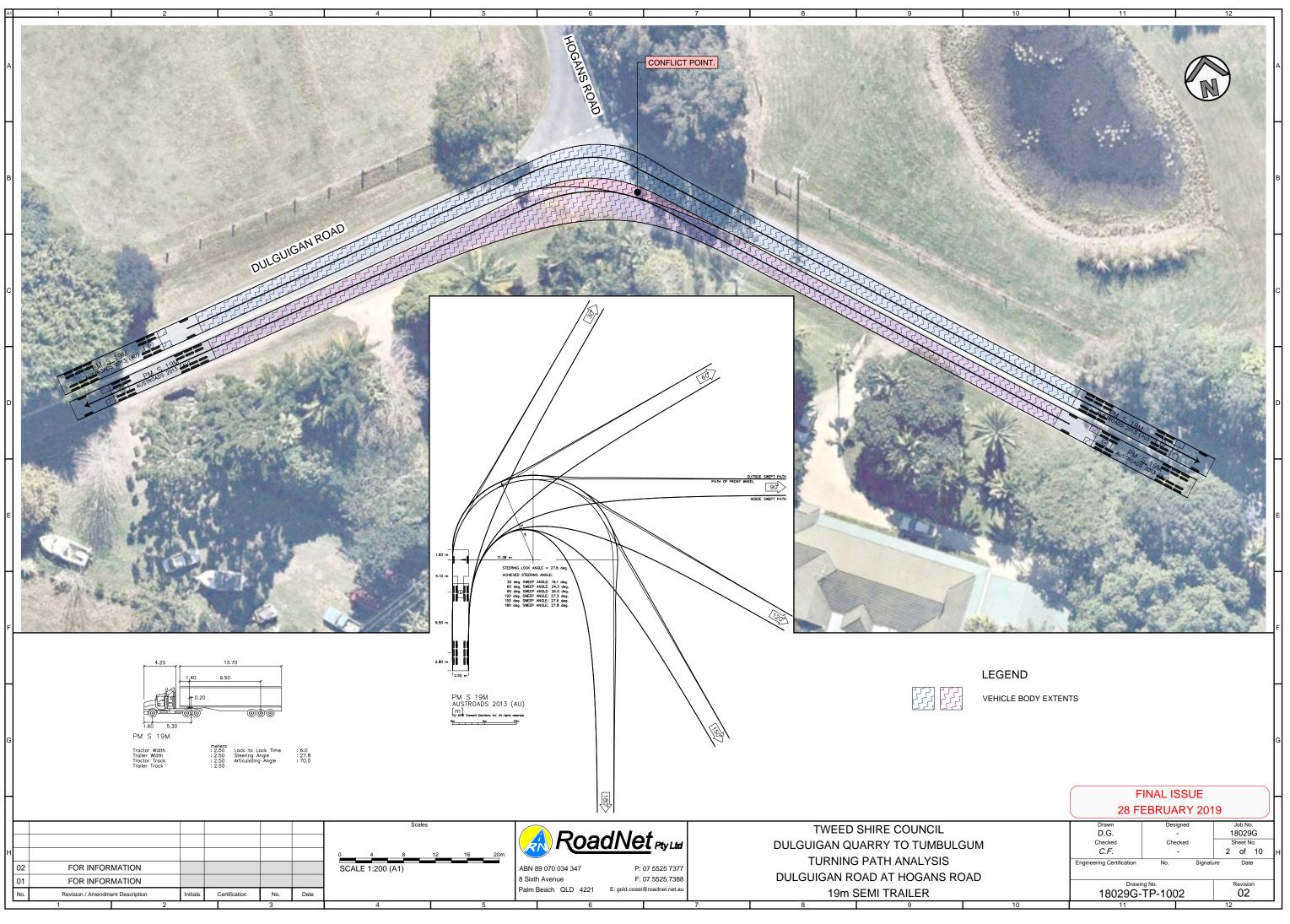
Risk Assessment Ref No.8

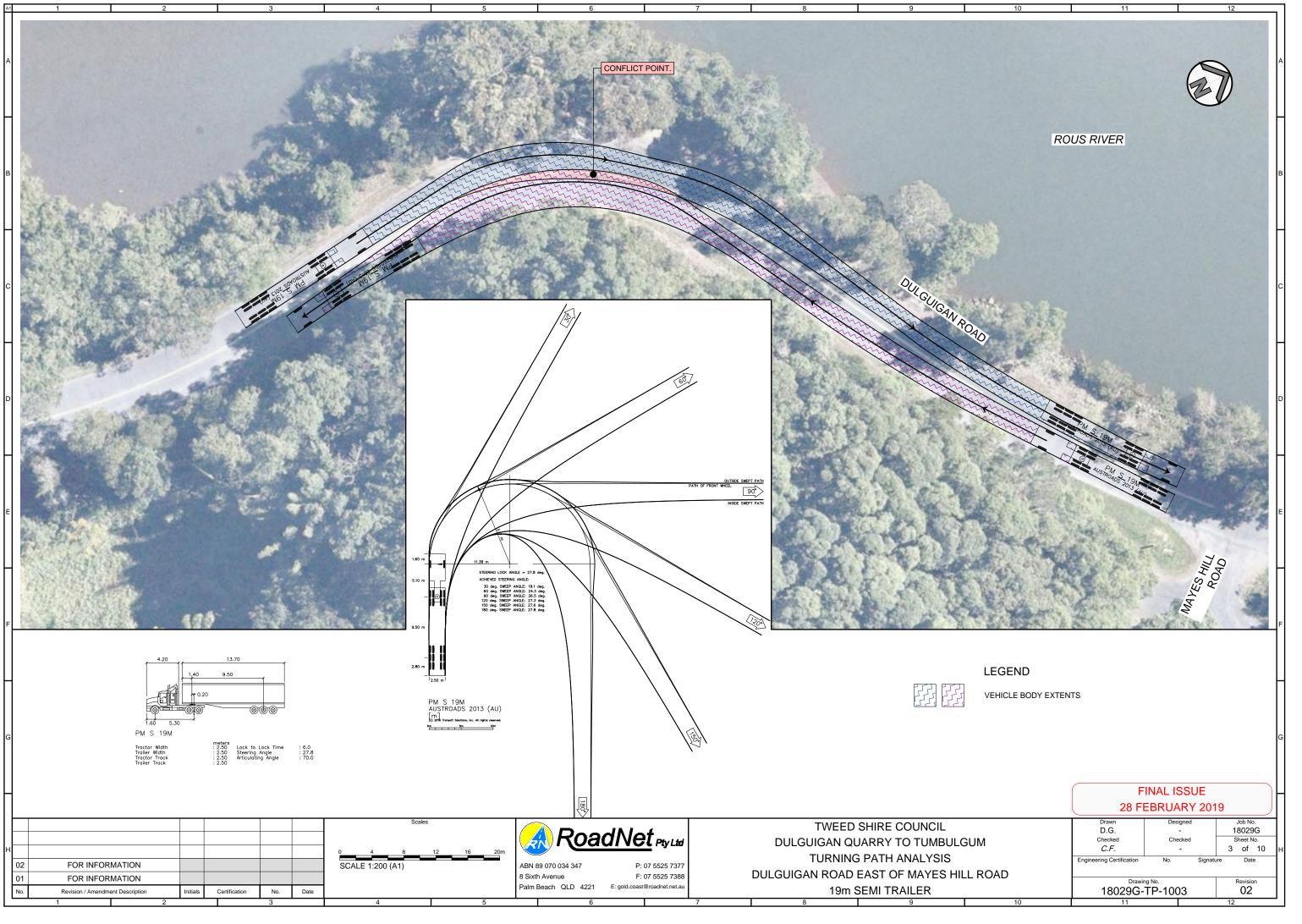
Ongoing monitoring of roadside vegetation with 'quick response' maintenance regime (trimming, removal) that maintains sufficient clearance for maximum size vehicles using the road.

Craig Frazer RoadNet Pty Ltd

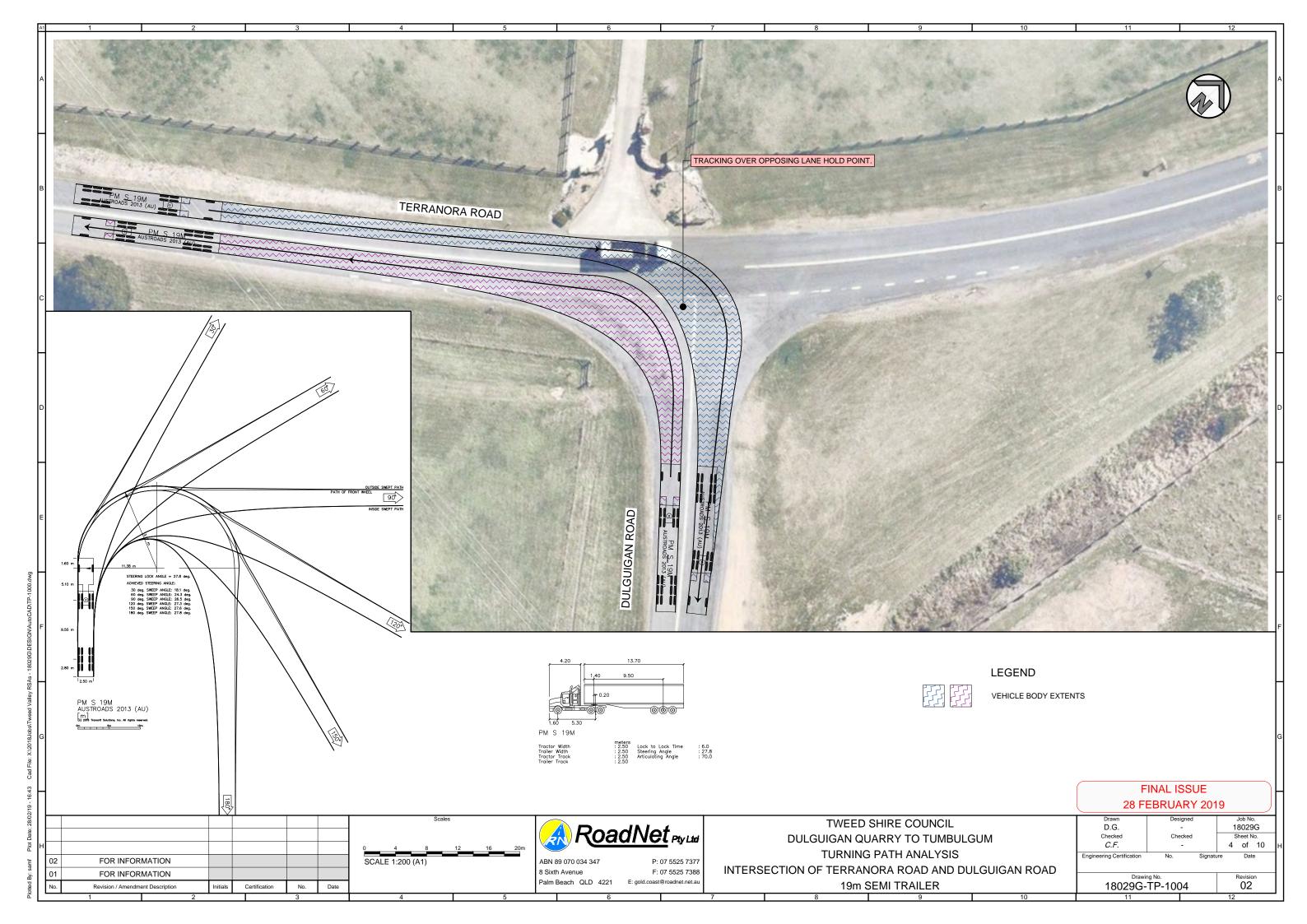
# APPENDIX A - VEHICLE SWEPT PATH (19M SEMI-TRAILER)

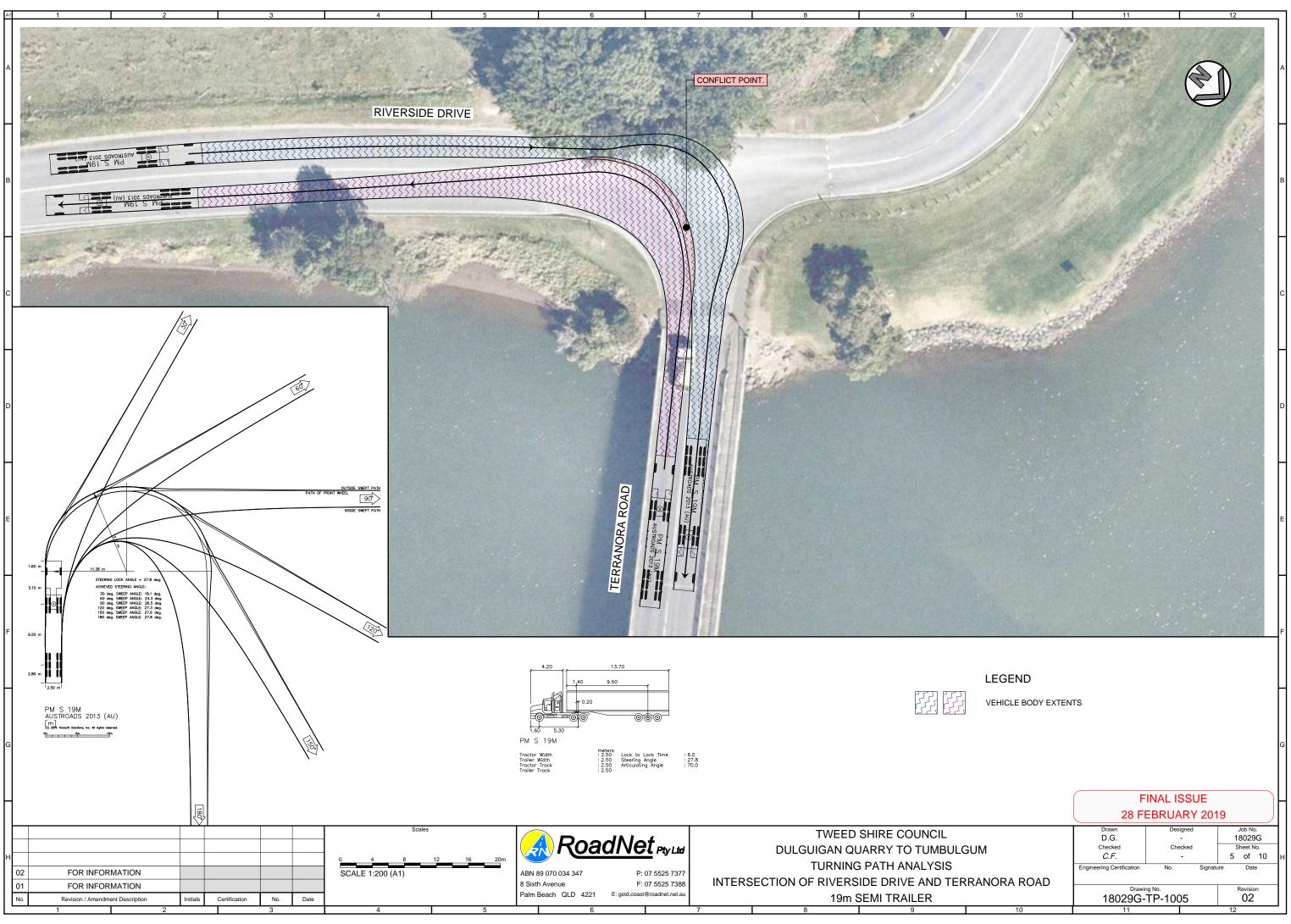






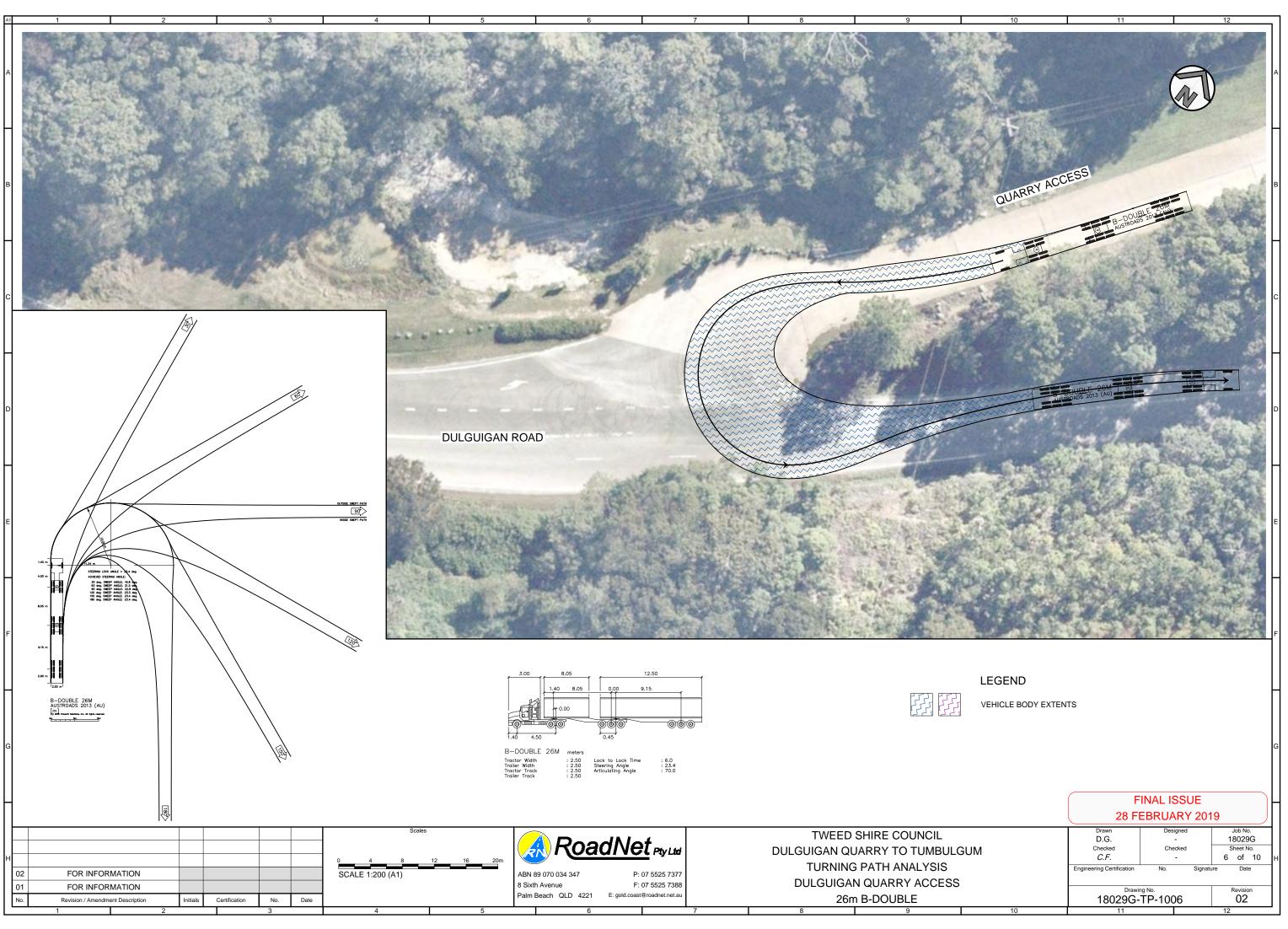
Plotted By: samf Plot Date: 28/02/19 - 16:43 Cad File: X:2018Jobs\Tweed Valley RSAs - 18029G\DESIGN\AutoCAD\TP-1000.dw

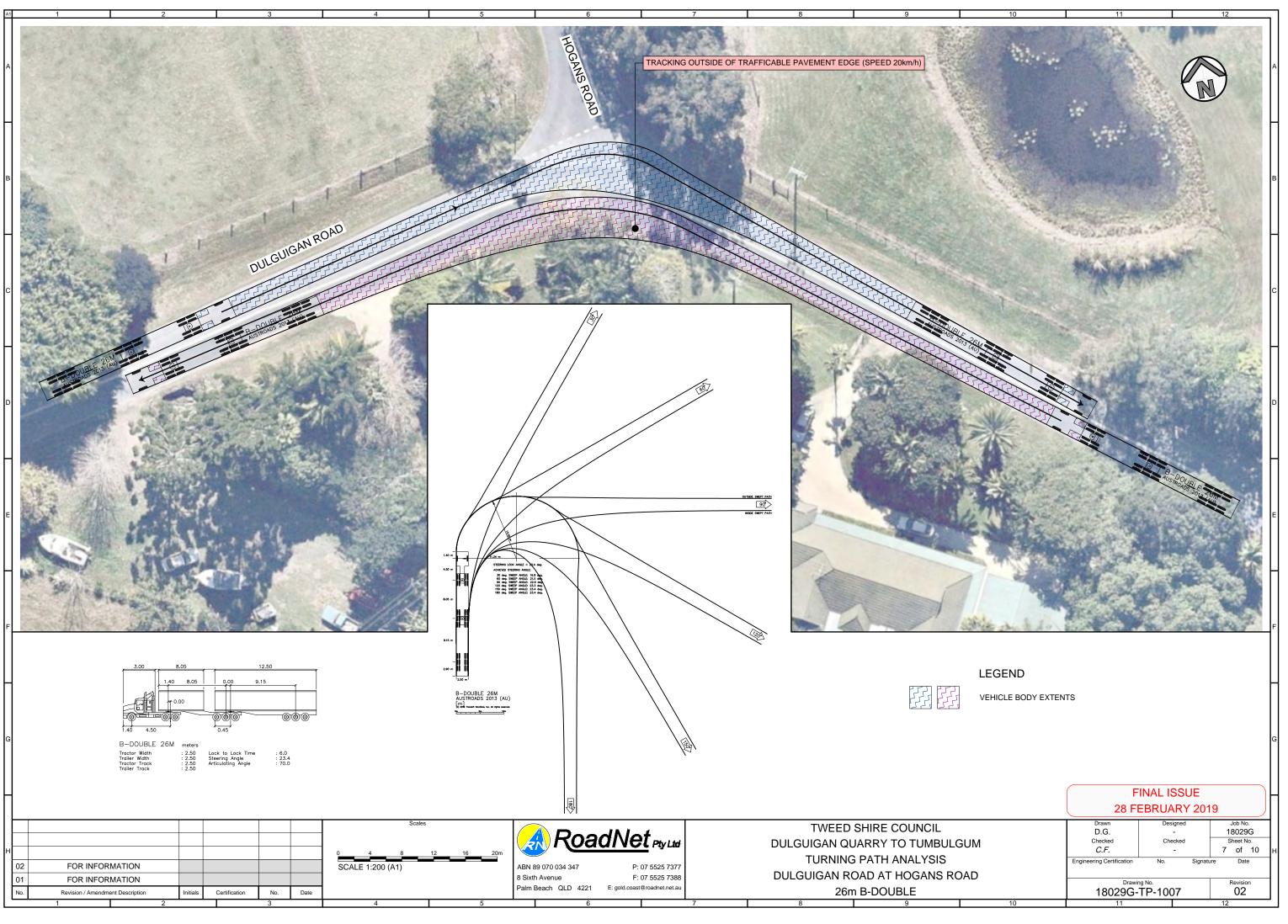


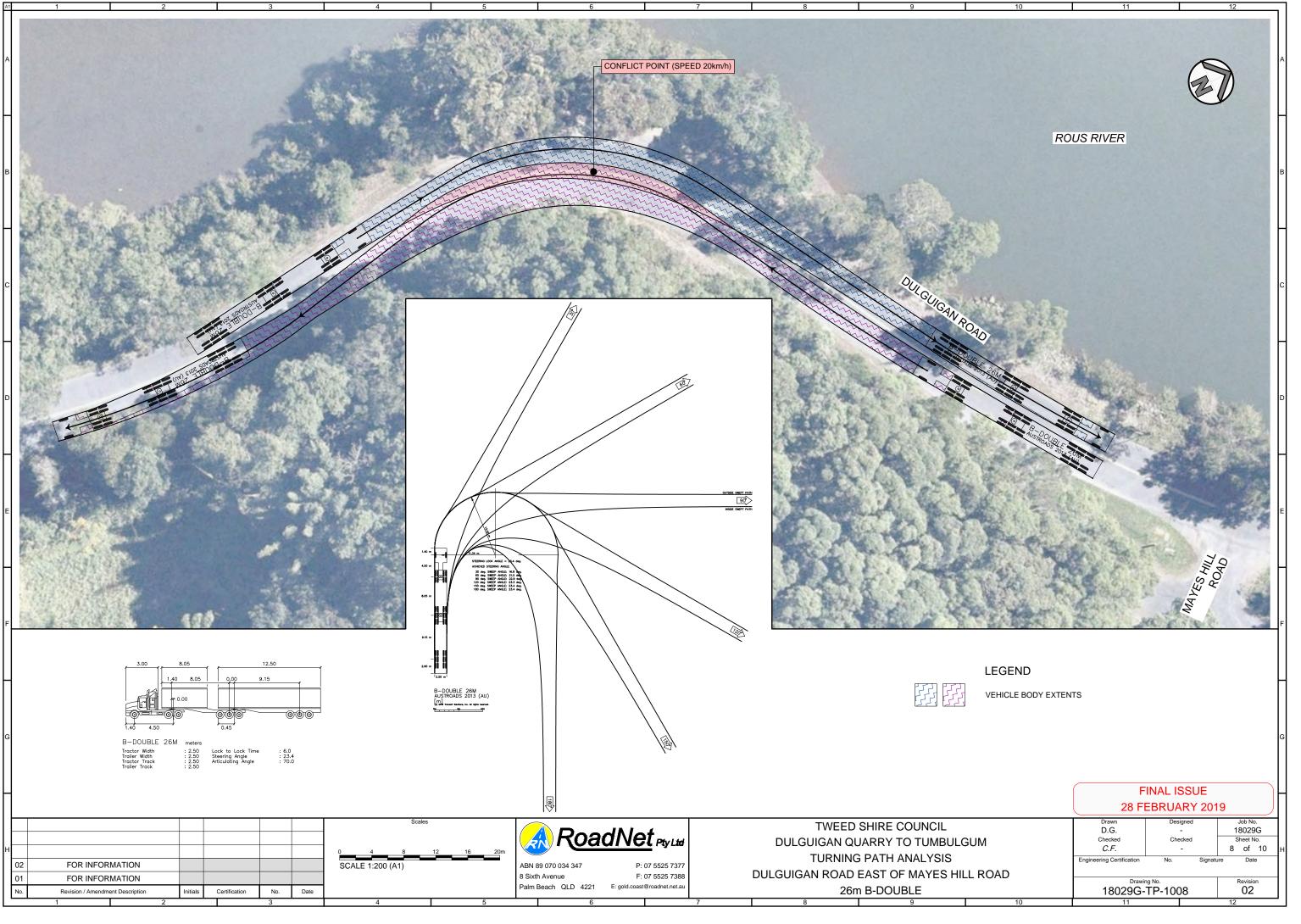


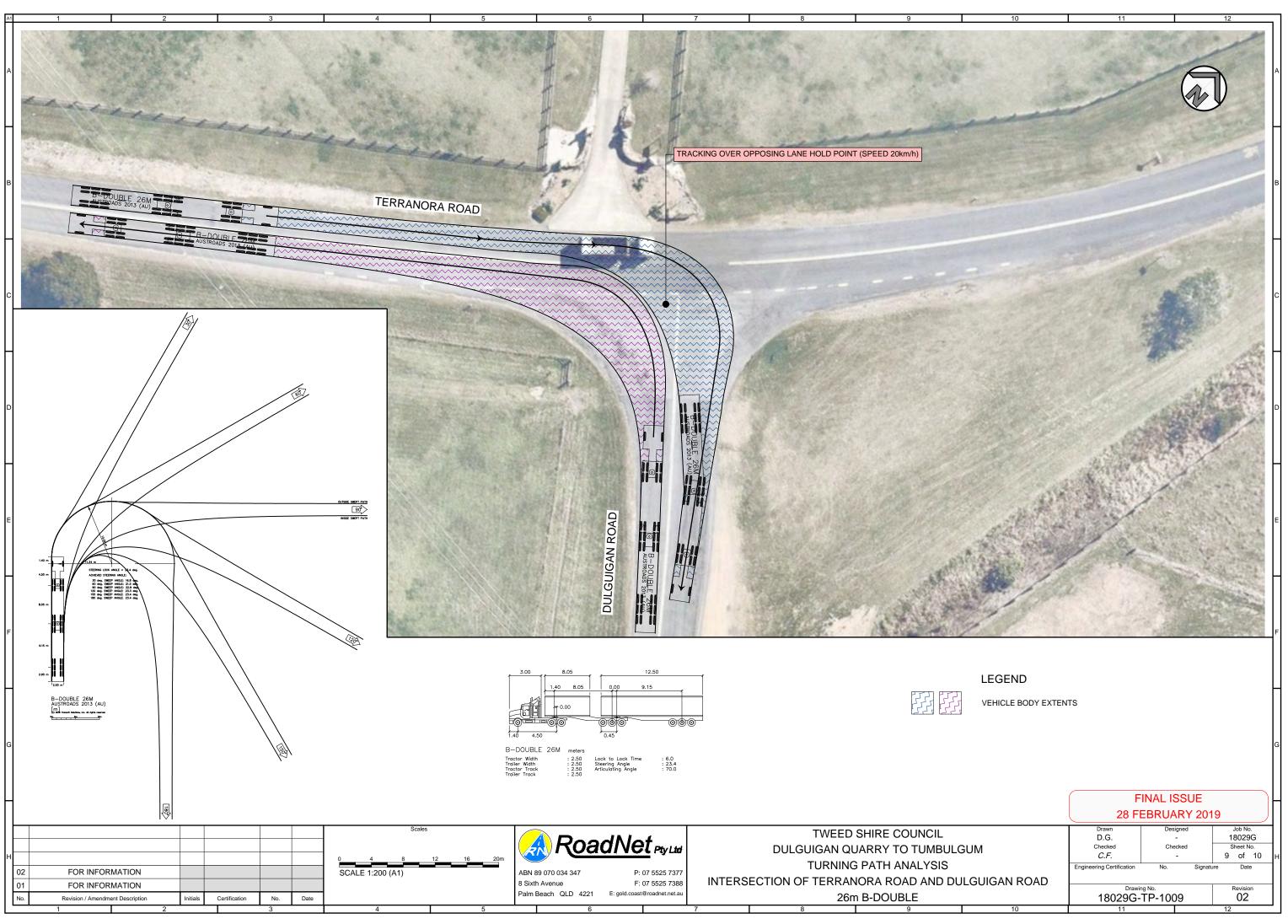
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APPENDIX B - VEHICLE SWEPT PATH (26M B-DOUBLE)

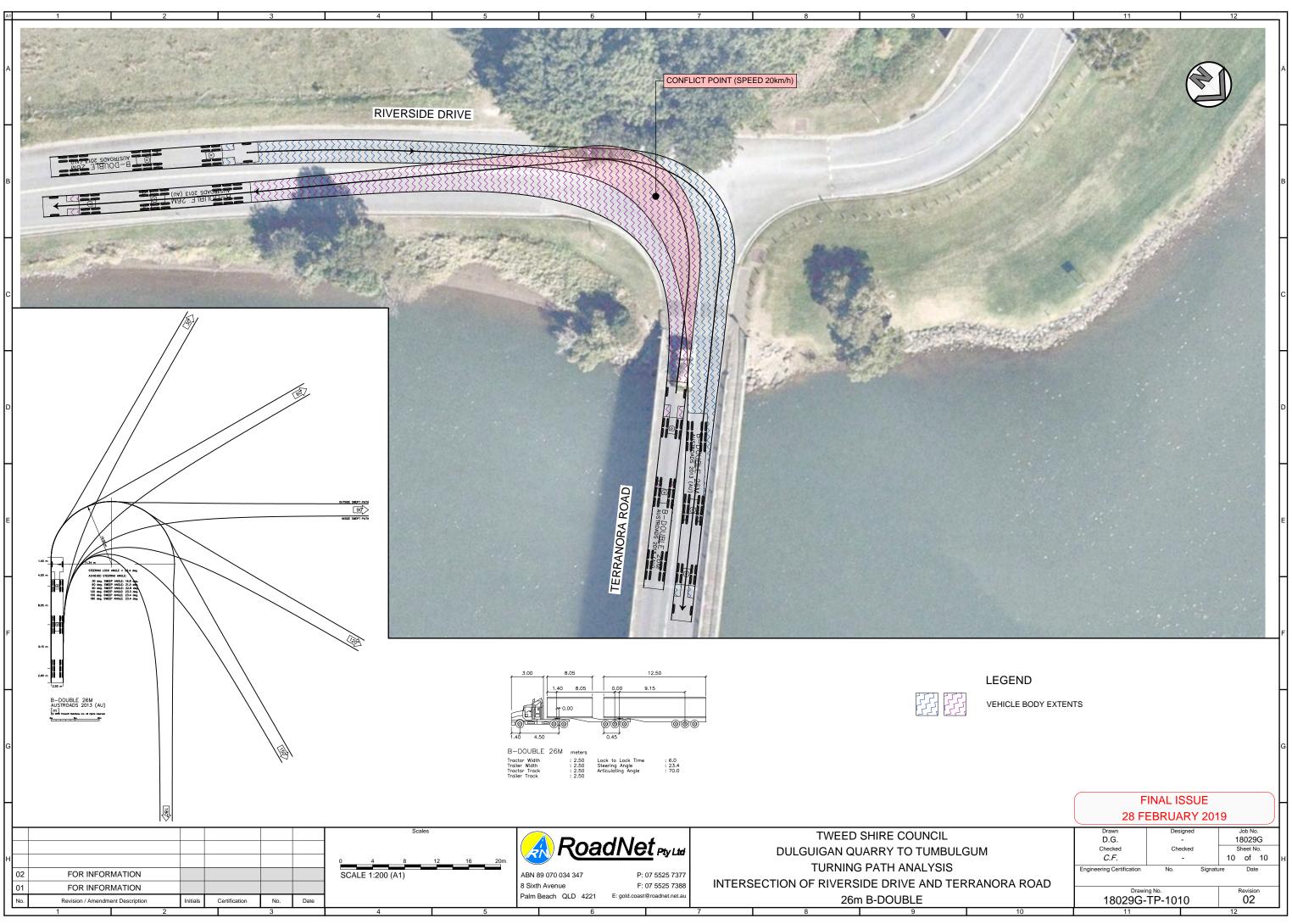








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APPENDIX C - ROAD CLASSIFICATION

# APPENDIX D – SAMPLE FORM FOR ROAD CLASSIFICATION

#### Road name: Dulguigan Road

References: Onsite inspection and limited measurements

Ref. item no.	Road performant	Γ		ssigr cces			Comments
	Description	Performance levels					
	Physical and operational co	onsiderations	L1	L2	L3	L4	
0	Road widths - Minimum lane and shoulder width for sealed rural roads - Minimum carriageway width for unsealed roads	Table 3 Table 4	x				Refer Sec. 5 Table 5.1.
	- Minimum bridge width on rural roads	Table 6					
	<ul> <li>Minimum lane width for urban/township roads</li> </ul>	Table 2					
	- Minimum lane width for horizontal curves	Table 5					
2.3	Overtaking provision						
	<ul> <li>Minimum establishment sight distance</li> </ul>	Table 8	Not	Appli	icable	5	
	<ul> <li>Maximum distance between overtaking opportunities</li> </ul>	Table 9					
	- Overtaking lanes	L1, L2 -1 km					
		L3, L4 -1.25 km					
	<ul> <li>Relationship between overtaking difficulty at specified</li> </ul>	L1 - Fig. 4					
	Level of Service and effects due	L2 - Fig. 5					
	to extent of overtaking lane, sight distance profile and	L3 - Fig. 6					
	opposing traffic	L4 - Fig. 7					
0	Low speed offtracking and intersection requirement	Intersection geometric requirements to be determined by each representative Scheme vehicle class and swept path software	x				Vehicle swept paths indicate 19m semi- trailer will cross into the opposing traffic lanes at isolated locations.
2.5	Signalised intersection and railway	Table 12				•	•
2.6	crossings	Tables 12 & 13	Not	Appli	icable	2	
2.0	- Minimum green plus intergreen time	Table 13					
	- Stacking distances at						

	intersections and railway level crossings					
	<ul> <li>Warning time at railway level crossings</li> </ul>					
2.7	Entry length onto highways	Table 14				
	<ul> <li>Entry lengths a function of grade and main road operating speed</li> </ul>		Not	Appl	icable	
2.8	Approach visibility					Refer Sec. 5 -
	- Minimum sight distance as a function of grade and operating speed	Table 15	x			No sight distance calculations performed. On-site observations indicate limited sight distance based on operating traffic speeds.
2.9	Vertical clearance					Refer Sec. 5 -
	- Minimum overhead clearance	L1 - 4.5 m	х			No clearance
		L2 - 4.8 m				measurements taken. On-site
		L3 - 4.8 m				observations
		L4 - 4.8 m				indicate
						sufficient
						clearance to overhead
						cables and
						structure.
2.10	Off-road parking		Nat	ا مر م	lookle	
	- Maximum spacing	L1 – 80 km	NOT	Аррі	icable	
		L2 – 80 km				
	- Clearance from edge of	L3 – 80 km				
	pavement as a function of	L4 – 120 km				
	speed	Table 18				
2.11	Roadside infrastructure					
	<ul> <li>Widths of entry and exit lanes and radius of curvature to minimise damages to roadside furniture</li> </ul>	(same requirements as low speed offtracking)	Not	Appl	licable	

APPENDIX D - RISK ASSESSEMENT

# **RISK ASSESSMENT - Dulguigan Road Heavy Vehicle Route Assessment**

Project: 18029G Tweed Shire Council - Heavy Vehicle Route Assessment

Client: Tweed Shire Council (TSC)

Reference: Vehicle Swept Paths Analysis and On-site Observations undertaken Friday 8<sup>th</sup> and Tuesday 12<sup>th</sup> February 2019

	ence. Venicle Swept Patris Analysis and	On-site Observations undertaken Friday 8 <sup>th</sup> a	nd Tuesday 12 Febru	lary 2019		1	I	T	1	1	Revision: 11 <sup>th</sup> Ma	arch 2019
Ref No.	Specific Activity	Hazard	Risk	Frequency	Severity	Risk Level	Control measures	Recommended Actions	Action by Whom	Frequency	Severity	Risk Leve
								an Road, and heavy vehicles travelling on Dulguigan Road and tilise the opposing lane however these markings may relate t			ysis indicates 'aln	nost certain'
		Heavy vehicles entering opposing traffic lane resulting in potential for head-on vehicle collision.	Vehicle damage and injury	Occasional	Serious	High	for heavy vehicles to use when exiting the quarry and turning left onto Dulguigan Road. Reasonable sight distance for drivers of heavy vehicles when exiting the quarry and turning left onto Dulguigan Road, and for motorists travelling westbound on Dulguigan Road. Dulguigan Road widening on southern side provides a travel path for westbound traffic if an evasive manoeuvre is	Undertake trial in conjunction with quarry owners to assess actual vehicle swept path for the longest heavy vehicle utilised at the quarry to determine if heavy vehicle cross into the opposing lanes (turn lane, through lane) when exiting the quarry and turning left onto Dulguigan Road. Confirm quarry operators have internal protocol(s) in relation to heavy / light vehicles entering and exiting the quarry to prevent the risk of heavy vehicle exiting the quarry striking heavy / light vehicle in Dulguigan Road that is stopped to turn right into quarry, or striking westbound traffic on Dulguigan Road.	-	Improbable	Serious	Medium
							required. Combined "Trucks Entering" and "50m" sign installed prior to Dulguigan Quarry access.					
0	Heavy vehicles travelling westbound on Dulguigan Road and turning right into Dulguigan Quarry	Heavy vehicles stopped in westbound lane on Dulguigan Road waiting to turn right may result in rear end collisions.	Vehicle damage and injury	Occasional	Minor	Medium	Dulguigan Road has been widened at this location to allow westbound traffic to pass heavy vehicles stopped to turn right into the Dulguigan Quarry access. Combined symbolic "right curve" sign and "65km/h" advisory speed sign followed by combined "Turning Traffic" and "100m" sign installed prior to Dulguigan Quarry access.	Review the present linemarking and signage layout at the quarry access, and implement modifications, if required.	TSC Design Representative	Improbable	Minor	Low
	Pool / Upgeng Dood Internetion (Ch. 20)	20) Vahiele supert anthe (Derwing No. 19920C To 10			the travel with		Dulguigan Quarry provided.	lguigan Road was close to the road centreline or partly withi				
excee	ed the posted 25km/h advisory speed. Driver	behaviour altered with high level of compliance (ie: r	emaining in travel lane) w							ing the curve. Ob	served traver spe	eeus appeare
	Heavy vehicle travelling eastbound or westbound on Dulguigan Road	Heavy vehicles entering opposing traffic lane resulting in potential for head-on vehicle collision.	Vehicle damage and injury	Occasional	Serious	High	Combined symbolic "curve and side road" sign and "25km/h" speed advisory sign installed in Dulguigan Road on both approaches to the curve at Hogans Road. <u>Note:</u> The speed environment on both approaches to the curve at Hogans Road makes it unlikely that motorists will adopt the advisory speed of 25km/hr when negotiating the curve.	speed.	TSC Design Representative / TSC Maintenance Representative	Improbable	Serious	Medium
							Reasonable sight distance for 25km/h advisory speed.	Remove vegetation to provide additional sight distance around the curve. ( <u>Note</u> : This action may result in vehicles travelling at higher speeds around the curve and thus increase the likelihood of vehicles travelling in the opposing travel lane.) Redesign curve and intersection layout to higher design speed and implement works.	-			

3	Heavy vehicle travelling eastbound or	Heavy vehicles entering opposing traffic lane	Vehicle damage and				, ,	Install more prominent signage highlighting the advisory	TSC Design F
	westbound on Dulguigan Road	resulting in potential for head-on vehicle collision.	injury				"25km/h" speed advisory sign installed in	speed.	Maintenand
							Dulguigan Road on both approaches to the curve		
							at Hogans Road. Note: The speed environment on		
							both approaches to the curve at Hogans Road		
							makes it unlikely that motorists will adopt the		
		000					advisory speed of 25km/hr when negotiating the		
		π					curve.		
				Occasional	Serious	High	25		
							Reasonable sight distance for 25km/h advisory	Remove vegetation to provide additional sight distance	1
							speed.	around the curve. (Note: This action may result in vehicles	
								travelling at higher speeds around the curve and thus	
								increase the likelihood of vehicles travelling in the	
								opposing travel lane.)	
							and the second	Redesign curve and intersection layout to higher design	1
								speed and implement works.	
								l · · ·	

#### Revision: 11<sup>th</sup> March 2019

4	Heavy vehicle travelling eastbound or	Heavy vehicle entering opposing traffic lane	Vehicle damage and				Combined symbolic "Windy Road" and "45km/h"	Review road geometry and the potential to widen seal	TSC Design Representative / TSC			
	westbound on Dulguigan Road	resulting in head-on vehicle collision.	injury	Occasional	Serious	High	speed advisory sign installed on both approaches to a series of bends in the vicinity of Mayes Hill Road. CAMs also provided to assist in delineating this series of bends.	width sufficiently (including curve widening requirements) to accommodate a double barrier centreline and possibly edge lines through this series of bends, and implement works.	Maintenance Representative	Improbable	Serious	Medium
							Ongoing monitoring of road pavement condition and the undertaking of pavement repairs when required.	Continue monitoring of road condition (edge breaks, edge drop offs, seal defects, shoulder integrity, etc) with maintenace regime to maintain maximum effective seal width.				
-	igan Road / Terranora Road Intersection (Ch nigh level of compliance when other vehicles		-1004 Rev 02) and on-site	observation show	ved a high perce	ntage of heavy	and light vehicles northbound on Terranora Road an	d turning right into Dulguigan Road were crossing into the op	oposing travel lane when negotiating the	right turn manoe	uvre. Driver beh	aviour altered
5	Heavy vehicle turning right form Terranora Road into Dulguigan Road	Heavy vehicle striking vehicle waiting to turn right from Dulguigan Road into Terranora Road.	Vehicle damage and injury	Improbable	Minor	Low	Very good sight distance on all approaches to the intersection. Standard linemarking and signage provided.	Review linemarking layout at intersection with consideration to the position of a vehicle in Dulguigan Road waiting to turn right into Terranora Road.	TSC Design Representative	Improbable	Minor	Low
	nora Road / Riverside Drive Intersection (Ch evel of compliance when other vehicles were		1005 Rev 02) and on-site	observation show	ed a high percer	ntage of heavy a	and light vehicles travelling on Riverside Drive and tu	rning right into Terranora Road were crossing into the oppos	ing travel lane when undertaking the rig	nt turn manoeuvro	e. Driver behavio	our altered ar
6	Heavy vehicle turning right form Riverside Drive into Terranora Road	Heavy vehicle striking vehicle waiting to turn right from Terranora Road into Riverside Drive.	Vehicle damage and injury	Occasional	Minor	Medium	Reasonable sight distance on 2 of the 3 approached to the intersection with poor sight distance on Terranora Road approach. Combined symbolic "Intersection" sign and "Reduce Speed" sign installed on Terranora Road prior to the intersection.	Continue monitoring of road condition including linemarking and signage with maintenace regime to maintain appropriate level of delineation.	TSC Infrastructure Delivery Representative / TSC Maintenance Representative	Improbable	Minor	Low
							Ongoing monitoring of linemarking, signage and payment and the undertaking of repairs or replacement when required.	Review intersection geometry and the potential to realign Riverside Drive to better accommodate all traffic movements. Implement works.				
ulgu	igan Road (Route Length 5.4km) - On-site ob	oservations and measurements reveal narrow seal widt	h for road with reasonably	high number of	heavy vehicles, a	and isolated pav	vement failures on outer edge of seal.					
7	Heavy vehicles travelling eastbound and westbound on Dulguigan Road	Narrow seal width may result in heavy vehicles crossing the road centreline or leaving the sealed road surface, resulting in the possibility of head-on or 'off road' collisions.	Vehicle damage and injury				Ongoing monitoring of road pavement condition and the undertaking of pavement repairs when required.		TSC Infrastructure Delivery Representative / TSC Maintenance Representative			
				Occasional	Serious	High	Signage such at "60 Truck Speed Limit", symbolic "Road Narrows" signs and "Advisory Speed" signs used to control heavy vehicle speeds and advise drivers of narrow road seal width.	Prepare and implement a road widening works program with consideration to the high priority locations identified in this risk assessment. Implement works.		Improbable	Serious	Medium
8	Heavy vehicles travelling eastbound and westbound on Dulguigan Road	Vegetation extending into roadway may result in heavy vehicles crossing the road centreline and entering the opposing travel lane, resulting in the	Vehicle damage and injury	Improbable	Serious	Medium	Ongoing monitoring of vegetation and the undertaking of vegetation maintenance when required.	Continue monitoring of vegetation with 'quick response' maintenance regime (trimming, removal) that maintains sufficient clearance for maximum size, heavy vehicles		Improbable	Serious	Medium

2. Pedestrians, cyclists and bus operations are excluded from the above Risk Assessment.

#### Based on Risk Assessment from Austroads: Guide to Road Safety Part 6: Road Safety Audit - Section 4.8

#### C. Risk ranking of safety issues

The following tables may be useful to provide an indication of the level of risk and how to respond to it. Determine into which category in Table 4.1 and Table 4.2 the issue best fits. From this select the risk category in Table 4.3 and its suggested treatment approach in Table 4.4. This is not a scientific system and professional judgement should be used. Section 9.3 provides an evidence based approach to prioritising the treatment of works emanating from road safety audits of existing roads.

#### Table 4.1: How often is the problem likely to lead to a crash?

Frequency	Description	
Frequent	Once or more per week	
Probable	Once or more per year (but less than once a week)	
Occasional	Once every five or ten years	
Improbable	Less often than once every ten years	

#### Table 4.2: What is the likely severity of the resulting crash type?

able 4.2: W	hat is the likely severity of the r	resulting crash type?			
Severity	Description	Examples		Frequent	P
			Catastrophic	Intolerable	In
Catastrophic	Likely multiple deaths	High-speed, multi-vehicle crash on a freeway. Car runs into crowded bus stop.	Serious	Intolerable	In
		Bus and petrol tanker collide.	Minor	Intolerable	
		Collapse of a bridge or tunnel.	Limited	High	1
Serious	Likely death or serious injury	High or medium-speed vehicle/vehicle collision. High or medium-speed collision with a fixed roadside object. Pedestrian or cyclist struck by a car.		ment approach	
Minor	Likely minor injury	Some low-speed vehicle collisions.	Risk	Suggested treatment	nt appro
	,	Cyclist falls from bicycle at low speed.	Intolerable	Must be corrected.	
		Left-turn rear-end crash in a slip lane.	High	Should be corrected of	or the ris
Limited	Likely trivial injury or property damage only	Some low-speed vehicle collisions. Pedestrian walks into object (no head injury).	Medium	Should be corrected on ot high.	or the ris
		Car reverses into post.	Low	Should be corrected	or the ris

Probable	Occasional	Improbable
Intolerable	Intolerable	High
Intolerable	High	Medium
High	Medium	Low
Medium	Low	Low

#### Suggested treatment approach

Table 4.3: The resulting level of risk

Should be corrected or the risk significantly reduced, even if the treatment costs is high. Should be corrected or the risk significantly reduced, if the treatment cost is moderate, but not high.

Should be corrected or the risk reduced, if the treatment cost is low.