Introduction + Context + Principles

Introduction

Plummer and Smith were engaged by Tweed Shire Council to design the Tweed Regional Accessible Park and Playground. Tweed Shire Council have endorsed this park to be located in the existing public park currently known as Ebenezer Park on Coral Street, Tweed Heads.

The design process included engagement with a number of community working groups specialising in equitable access, local culture, and strategic open space requirements.

The site:



Context (where the river meets the sea)

The site is bounded by Coral Street, the Tweed River, Jack Evans Boat Harbour and Duranbah Beach. It is an unadorned piece of public space adjacent to the path joining the northern rock wall of the river mouth to Jack Evans Boat Harbour and Coolangatta.

An important element of the site which is currently obscured by the presence of the rock walls is that this is the mouth of the Tweed River- a place of regional landscape and cultural significance. Mapping shows how the landscape has been modified over time.



Environmental flows



River and landscape manipulated



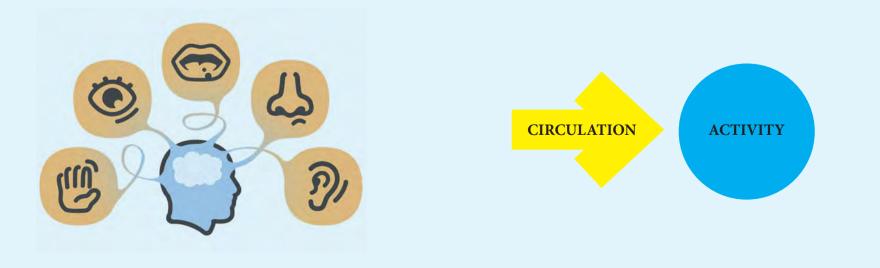
Tweed River mouth walls extended



Historic photo showing the site and its river mouth location and context

+ flexibility

The design and the resulting landscape aims to engage all the senses. The site provides considerable assistancebreezes, sounds, smells etc of the river, the beach, the trees.



TWEED REGIONAL ACCESSIBLE PARK & PLAYGROUND

Strategic Context

Connecting people to amenity: the site is the last link in a chain connecting Tweed Heads and Coolangatta to the mouth of the river.

Environment: the environmental performance of the park can be significantly improved- this can be become a small regional showcase for local ecolocy

Economic potential: accessible tourism is a significant growth area of the tourism sector- this park can play a significant role in providing services and amenity to local communities and visitors

Social / Community srevice: an accessible park such as this services an existing need- the closest such regional parks are in Kurrawa (to the north) and Coffs Harbour (to the south)

Future / Context: the site is adjacent to future commercial expansion areas and will be an important piece of public space amenity aligned with new urban areas

What does an accessible park mean in this location?

+ access to environment and amenity

+ access to history

+ access to cultural heritage

+ access to play and recreation

+ opportunities for social exchange and inclusiveness

Principles

The key goal driving the park proposal is the creation of a space for everyone that showcases the local environment, landscape features, and culture.

A space for everyone means just that- a space for all people; of all ages, of all abilities, and of varied backgrounds.

A space for social and environmental connection.

Key principles include designing for:

+ inclusiveness and a variety of uses

+ varied emotional and physical responses and abilities

+ accessibility

Special Considerations

As well as the complexities that are part of any good public space there are special considerations and techniques that have been used in establishing this proposal for an Accessible Park and Playground.

The play areas in particular need to engage the senses, promote inclusiveness, allow for rest and recharge areas (or opt-out zones), provide challenges, allow for equitable access, and promote engagement and cooperation.

With emotional responses in mind the programme for the play area is based on the concept of a 'gentle introduction'. This allows users to 'warm up' to the space as more activity is gradually added to the experience. This enables users to make informed decisions regarding their level of participation and engagement.

Colour is also used as both a way of adding playfulness but also for programming space and use. Yellow and blue are used to communicate circulation and activity. These colours are chosen for their site relevance (sand and water) but also, crucially, for their emotional and visual atributes:

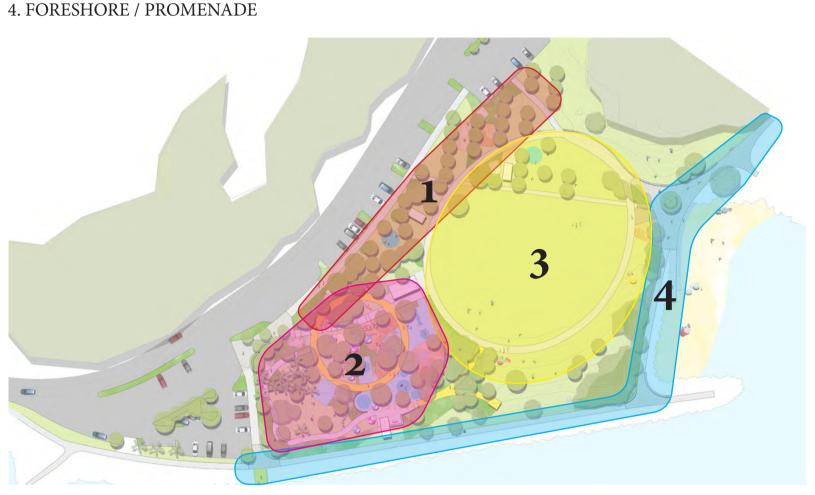
- yellow, blue and white are the last colours lost when one experiences visual impairment - yellow attracts attention faster than any other colour

Park Zones

There are four keys zones in the park that are largley based on existing park characteristics such as car park locations (accessibility), topography and landforms (park programme), views, and exposed edges.

The four key zones of the park are:

1. NATURE BUFFER EDGE 2. DEDICATED PLAY AREA 3. OPEN SPACE / FLEXIBLE USE



Precedent Images



Lizard Log Park (McGregor Coxall) Durable materials



Prince Alfred Park (Sue Barnsley Design) Current site river edge



City Deck (Stoss Landscape)



Fitness / Exercise

Prince Alfred Park (Sue Barnsley Design) Varied recreational options



View / Lookout Pods



Tongva Park (JCFO)

Water Sensitive Urban Design



Pirrama Park (Aspect Studios) Tactile surfaces and planting



Pirrama Park (Aspect Studios)

Community use, flexibility





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Current site

NOTES

- 1. Existing vegetation to be retained
- 2. New trees- providing additional shade, habitat and amenity value
- 3. Main circulation path- potential to include markings to allow for this to double as an exercise track
- 4. Concrete paths
- 5. Feature paving denoting nodal, entry, or destination zones
- 6. Concrete seating and/or retaining walls
- 7. Open grassed area for a variety of passive and active recreational uses
- 8. Primary foreshore area with increased paving, views maintained, additional seating, formalised beach access, deck areas, and natural shade
- 9. Existing grass bank areas retained to provide informal picnicking space, sheltered parkland setting (refuge) and river and parkland views (prospect)
- 10. Formalised car park areas (utilising existing car park areas)
- 11. Proposed car park entry
- 12. New car parking and landscaped bays introduced along northern park boundary
- 13. Buffer/ threshold park zone incorporating picnic spaces, BBQ's, exercise and play equipment, sensory gardens, textural variety, significant shade planting to improve amenity along northern park edge and of the central open space
- 14. Park shelters with associated picnic settings
- 15. Amenities block- accessible from both the play area and the park side
- 16. Play area fence
- 17. Play area (and park) entry zone including entry features, seating, play area access
- 18. Principle play area
- 19. Destination viewing pods- one for the river and one for the park and Pt Danger- ensures that this prospect experience is accessible to all park users
- 20. Two way shelter- part play area, part park river edge
- 21. Viewing and fishing platform offering views up and down the river
- 22. Exercise pods- rubber softfall
- 23. Amenity planting- with a dominance of locally ocurring species for improved habitat value
- 24. Gravel bocce court
- 25. Rain garden
- 26. Timber decks and seating
- 27. Shade Structure and 'yellow gates' path
- 28.BBQ
- 29. Rubber softfall
- 30. Mulch softfall

31. Proposed location for registered vendors



Play untilising natural, tactile elements

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Play providing challenge and interaction



Exercise and recreational options for all ages



Inclusive play





Robust materials

* *



A sense of arrival and intimate scale



Engaging the senses- playful



Varied parkland activities- social connection



Equitable access- providing experiences for all users



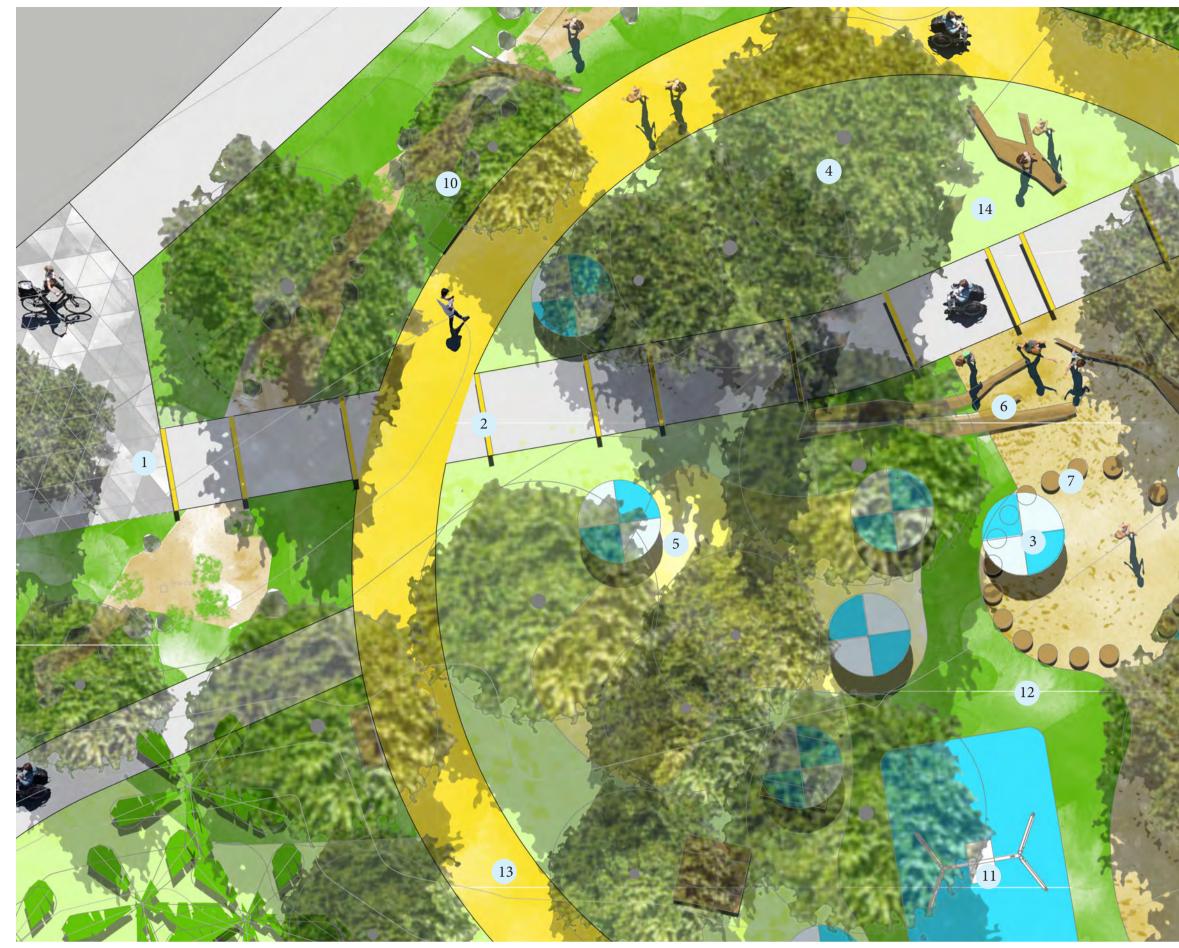
Health, well-being and community use



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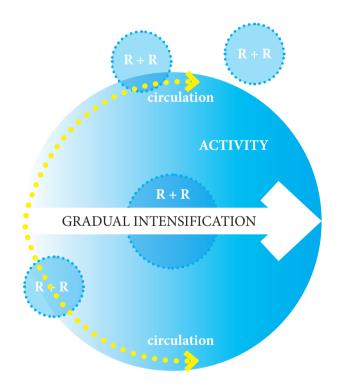
Using nature as a recreational asset

PLAY AREA SNAPSHOT



PLAY AREA

PROGRAM DIAGRAM (the gentle introduction)



SENSORY PLAY



ACTIVE ELEMENTS



IMAGINATIVE PLAY



REST + RECHARGE (R + R)



DESTINATION / OBSERVATION



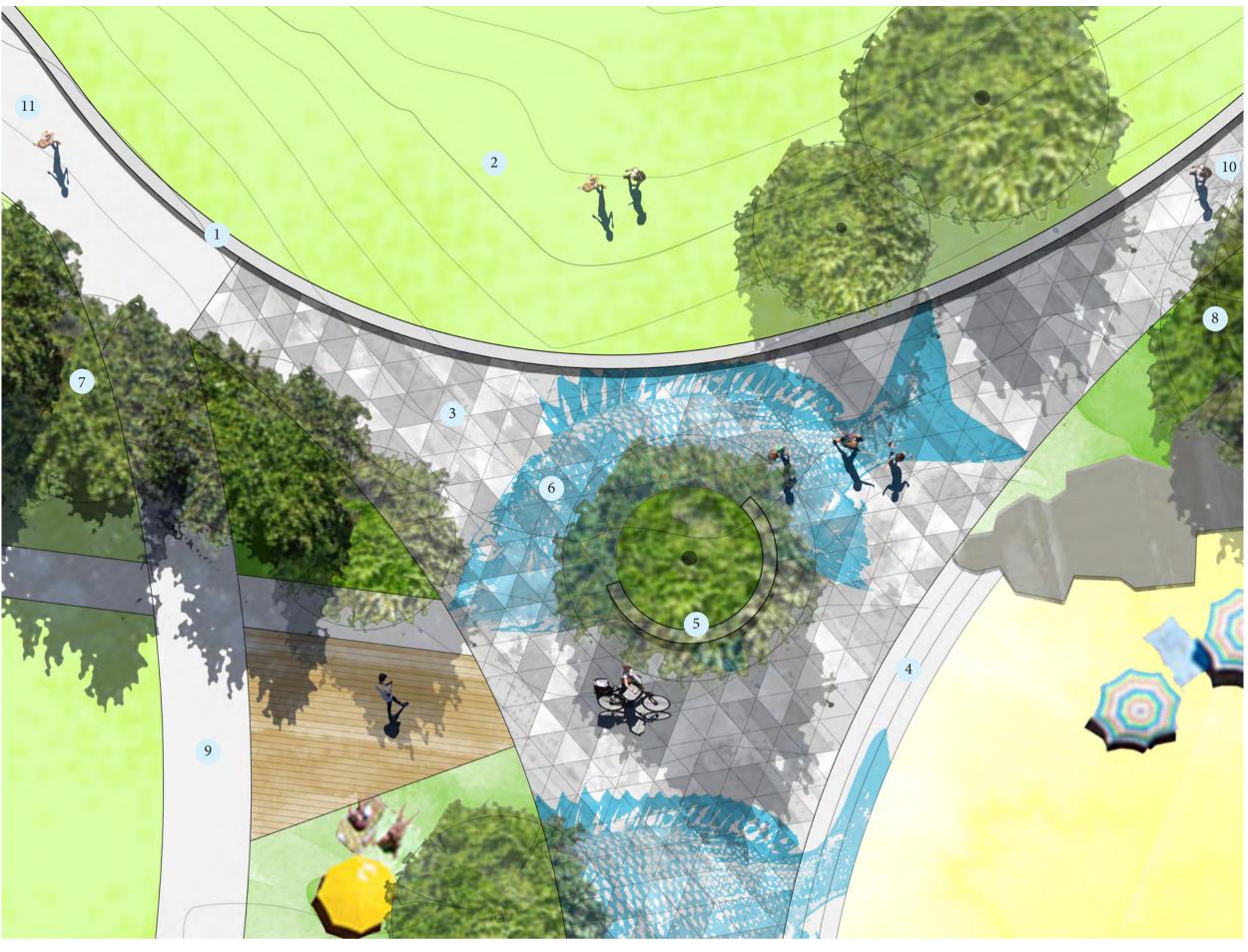
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FORESHORE AREA SNAPSHOT

NOTES

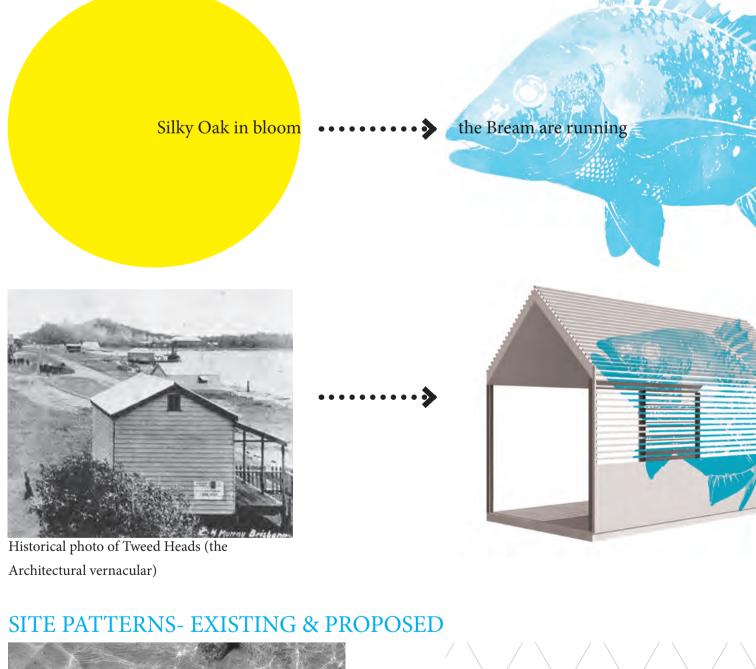
- I. Play area entry
- 2. Portal / gateway framing elements along main pathprovide a sense of arrival, human scale, and the structure for a shade / shelter element the length of this central path connecting the entry to the amenities block
- Fixed umbrellas provide shade, shelter, and playfulness
- . New trees provide natural shade and habitat value
- . Sand play
- 6. Nature play and balancing logs
- . Gathering / music circle
- . Mulch softfall
- . Rubber softfall
- 10. Sensory garden / creekbed zone 11. Liberty Swing with river views
- 12. Planting
- 13. Primary circulation path linking
- all play spaces 14. Turf for picnics and informal use

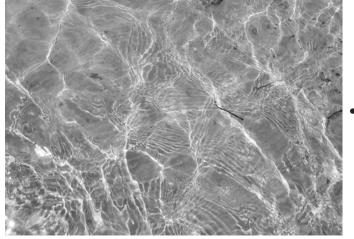
Play Elements and Activities: Swings, Net Swings, Liberty Swing Climbing, Net Structures, Balance Elements Nature play, Tactile elements Slides, Embankment slides Sand play, Creative play **Music Elements** Cooperative play Sound funnels- tree top sounds, river edge sounds Equitable access view pods Drawing wall Poll forest

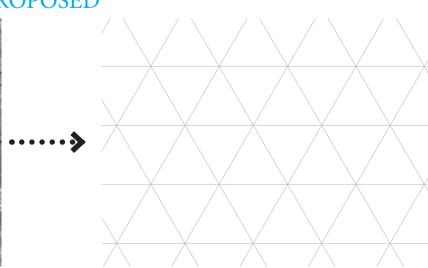


CONNECTION TO LANDSCAPE, THE SEASONS, CULTURE & HISTORY









NOTES

1. New concrete retaining wall allows for improved foreshore area circulation and connections and establishes a seating edge to a hardstand gathering area and the open space

3/4

- Existing hill / bank maintained as an area of repose and prospect overlooking the foreshore, beach, and overall park
- Feature pavement treatments help establish a sense of character and place- unique finishes
- New concrete terraces improve connections to the river beach and improve safety. An equitable access ramp to the sandy beach is also proposed
- 5. New seating and planting
- Potential for art features to be integrated into the finishes and fixtures- embellishments that can tell a story about culture and place
- Existing Norfolk Island Pines to be retained
- Existing Casuarinas to be retained
- 9. Equitable circulation paths 10. Path connects to Duranbah
- Beach and Tweed River rockwall 11. Path connects to Coral Street car park and is part of open space circuit path

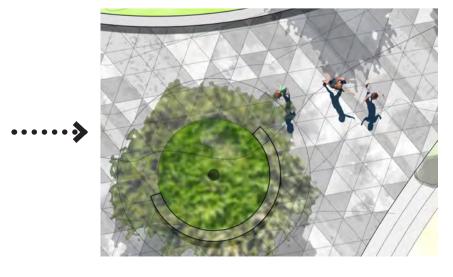
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EMBELLISHMENTS AND AESTHETIC CHOICES THAT TELL A STORY ABOUT PLACE & CULTURE



CUSTOM SHELTERS / UNIQUE SPACE









Existing bank provides a place of repose overlooking the upgraded foreshore areas and the park open space

Main river and beach access point. Maintain open views to the wateravoid structures such as shelters in this area

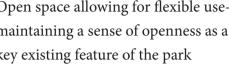
Open space allowing for flexible usemaintaining a sense of openness while allowing existing landform to provide shelter from coastal winds



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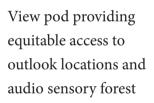


INDICATIVE SKETCH- looking across the river beach to the beach ramp and foreshore area





INDICATIVE SKETCH- looking across the open space from the foreshore area (play area and view pods in the distance)



Play area providing a range of play experiences and spaces, sensory elements, challenge, cooperation, rest and recharge etc. Planting and umbrellas provide shade and amenity

Existing landform utilised for lookout areas and embankment slides. Existing vegetation complimented with new trees and planting to create a nature zone

Upgraded river edge walkways enhancing circulation connectivity while maintaining and promoting recreational activities such as fishing



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