



LOCAL DEVELOPMENT PERFORMANCE MONITORING: 2012-13 ISBN 978-0-7313-3646-3
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Overview for 2012-13

IN 2012- 2013		IN 2011- 2012	% change from 2011-12
Assessm	ent Activity		
57,032	Development applications (DAs)	58,975	-3.3
14,086	Section 96 modifications determined by local councils	13,996	0.6
19,192	Complying development certificates (CDCs) determined by councils or private certifiers. This is 25% of all DA and CDC determinations in 2012-13	17,128	12
90,310	DAs, s96 modifications and CDCs determined	90,099	0.2
2.3	% of all DAs determined that were refused	2.7	-0.4
0.9	% of all DAs rejected	1	-0.1
Developn	nent Activity		
55,728	DAs approved by local councils	57,403	-2.9
19,147	CDCs approved by councils or private certifiers	17,077	12
74,875	DAs and CDCs approved	74,480	0.5
Value			
21.46	Billion dollars worth of DAs approved under the NSW local development assessment system	19.88	8
3.03	Billion dollars worth of CDCs approved under the NSW local development assessment system	2.24	35
24.49	Billion dollars worth of DAs and CDCs approved under the NSW local development assessment system	22.12	11
Time			
68	Days on average taken to process a DA across all councils, including stop- the-clock and referrals to state agencies	71	-4
17	Days on average taken by councils to process CDCs	18	-7
59	Councils with an average gross determination time for DAs of 50 days or less	58	2
15	Councils with an average of more than 100 days to process a DA	15	0
Applicant	s and Referral Bodies		
36.2	% of DAs sent to applicants for further information ('stop-the-clock'); the average time for stop-the-clock was 56 days (2012-13)	37.4	-1.2
11	% of DAs referred to external agencies; the average time for referrals was 48 days (2012-13)	11.7	-0.7
48	Days on average taken by external agencies to comment on a referred DA	50	-5
Determin	ation Bodies		
3.9	% of DAs on average determined by elected representatives	3.9	0
44	Councils with more than 98% of their DA determinations made under delegation to professional staff	45	-2



Executive Summary

Overview

The 2012-13 Local Development Performance Monitoring report provides an outline of the performance of the NSW planning system and information on local and regional development determined by councils, private certifiers and joint regional planning panels.

This year's report is the eighth in the series. As in previous years, it provides comprehensive information on the assessment of developments by councils including the number of council decisions and determination times. It also provides information on the use of statewide complying development codes for residential, commercial and industrial development; performance of state government referral agencies; and an analysis of the performance of the joint regional planning panels which determine regionally significant developments.

In 2012-13, both the total number of development applications (DAs) determinations and approvals were still near the lowest level of development since detailed local development performance monitoring data collection began in 2006-07. Nevertheless, overall development activity (includes DAs and complying development certificates (CDCs)) increased marginally by 0.5 % (74,875 approvals) compared with 2011-12 and the total value of approved developments increased by 11% (\$2.37 billion). Infrastructure, Tourist facilities and Subdivisions showed significant increases in value of approved DAs and CDCs compared with 2011-12, a 148%, 106% and 103% increase in value respectively.

The overall key indicators of performance, such as the average determination time and the number of councils with high average determination times were similar to 2011-12.

The information in this report was compiled by analysing detailed records from all 152 NSW councils. The data used is as reported by councils. It was supplemented by information from state government referral agencies and records of the joint regional planning panels.

The integrity and incompleteness of data from private certifiers regarding CDCs continues to be an issue and as such the information regarding CDC developments is incomplete.

Structure of the Report

Background information is included in Chapter 1 including the reform context for local development. The major findings from the 2012-13 data collection period are summarised in Chapters 2 to 7.

Each chapter in this report provides a snapshot of the data. Analysis of statewide trends is followed by regional and/or local trends.

Source data is provided at the back of this publication, listing the extended reference data for each individual council from which the analysis of this report was made. As in previous years, data for each council area is placed on the department's website to allow independent analysis of the information.

The appendices provide detailed explanatory information on issues such as calculation methodology and terminology used in this report.

Infotrail

Development Activity (Chapter 2)

- → 74,875 local development approvals (DAs and CDCs) approved
- → 0.5% higher than 2011-12
- → Complying comprised 25.6% of all development approvals in 2012-13
- → 19,147 CDCs approved
- → \$24.49 billion worth of development approved 2012-13
- → The majority of developments were valued under \$1 million: 96% of DAs and 99% of CDCs in 2012-13
- → 54% of all approved developments in NSW were for the Sydney region.
- → The total value of developments approved in the Sydney region was \$17.9 billion
- → The councils with the highest approvals (DAs and CDCs) for 2012-13 were City of Sydney, Blacktown City Council, Lake Macquarie City Council, Penrith City Council and the City of Newcastle.

- → The councils with the highest numbers of CDC approvals for 2012-13 were City of Sydney, Blacktown City Council, Penrith City Council and Camden Council
- → Residential alterations and additions comprised 36% of all approved residential development in 2012-13
- → Single new dwellings comprised 79% of residential development approvals in 2012-13
- → New second occupancies (dual occupancies and "granny flats") comprised 12.0% of all new residential development approvals in 2012-13
- → New multi-unit residential developments (includes residential flat buildings and townhouses and villas) comprised 7.0% of all new residential development approvals in 2012-13
- → Residential development still comprises 69% of all DAs in 2012-13





Determination times (Chapter 3)

- → Average time for development applications was 68 days. 3 days lower than 2011-12
- → Median gross determination time was 42 days for 2012-13 (45 days in 2011-12)
- → The mean gross time for urban councils was 78 days compared with 63 days for regional councils, 72 days for fringe councils and 54 days for agricultural councils
- → More than half of all NSW councils (55%) had a median gross processing time for DAs of 40 days or less in 2012-13; and 82% of councils achieved median net determination times of 40 days or less in 2012-13
- → Fifteen councils (10% of all councils) had mean gross determination times for DAs over 100 days in 2012-13





On average were taken to process a Development Application across all counci





On average were taken by councils to

Determination time by council staff, councillors and regional panels (Chapter 4)

- → Council staff made 77.8% of all DA and CDC determinations, worth \$12.6 hillion
- → private certifiers determined 18.7% of development worth \$2.6 billion
- → Councillors determined 2.9% for 2012-13 worth \$2.8 billion.
- → Regional panels (JRPPs) determined 0.4% of all DA determinations in NSW worth \$5.577 billion.









Council staffing (Chapter 5)

- → The number of planning staff across NSW fell by 37 to 1022 in 2012-13.
- → 56 DAs were determined by each full time planning staff (EFT).
- → the average number of DAs determined per staff member ranged from 185 DAs per EFT (Walcha Council) to 6 DAs per EFT (Brewarrina Council).





Reviews and appeals (Chapter 6)

- → 427 section 82A council reviews were conducted in 2012-13, 66% were approved
- → 344 Class 1 appeals were carried out by the the Land and Environment Court in 2012-13
- → 38% of Class 1 appeals brought by developers against a council decision were dismissed in favour of the council
- → Only 25% of the appeals were upheld in favour of the developer without any changes to the proposed development
- → 18% of appeals upheld in favour of the developer were upheld after the original development was amended to address the issues raised by the council
- → 18% of appeals resulted in consent being issued after agreement by the parties
- → Councils with the highest number of Class 1 legal appeals in 2012-13 were City of Sydney, Ku-ring-gai, Waverley and Woollahra Councils



Other certificates (Chapter 7)

- → The total numbers overall of construction, occupation, subdivision and strata certificates issued by councils and private certifiers generally declined in 2012-13 compared with 2011-12
- → Since 2009-10, Blacktown, Lake Macquarie and City of Sydney
- areas had the highest number of construction certificates (1,720; 1,674 and 1,525 in 2012/13 respectively)
- → 47,488 Construction certificates were reported as being issued in 2012-13
- → 47,425 occupation certificates were reported as being issued in 2012-13
- → 3,964 subdivision certificates were reported as being issued in 2012-13
- → 834 strata certificates were reported as being issued in 2012-13

2012 - 13



2012 - 13



2012 - 13

3,964
Subdivision
certificates were reported issued



The 2012-13 Local Development Performance Monitoring report provides an overview of development trends in NSW for 2012-13. It includes information on council performance in assessing local development and indications of the overall performance of the NSW planning system. The report also examines the activities of state government referral agencies, joint regional planning panels, and accredited (private and council) certifiers.

To produce this report, information was compiled from all 152 NSW councils on development applications (DAs), section 96 (s96) modifications, complying development certificates (CDCs) and post-development consent certificates (building and subdivision) determined during 2012-13.

The data provided in this report are as reported by councils and state government referral agencies.

The report includes information on:

- Local and regional development determined by councils, private certifiers and regional panels (this represents more than 90% of development determinations statewide);
- DAs by number and as a proportion of all applications;
- S96 modification applications to change aspects of an approved DA;
- Total value of estimated construction value of DAs;
- Number of DAs determined by value;
- Total (gross) determination times and net determination times for DAs by value
- Gross determination times for s96 modifications;
- Stop-the-clock and referral times;
- Types of development by number and processing time;
- The most commonly occurring development types across the state;
- Staff involved in DA processing;
- Determination times for CDCs;
- CDCs by number and as a proportion of all applications;
- Land and Environment Court cases and council reviews;
- Determination bodies and determination outcomes: and
- Number of post-development consent certificates.

The data in this report excludes:

- State significant development (SSD) and State significant infrastructure (SSI) determined under the EP&A Act and the remaining Part 3A projects determined or still to be determined (reported in the Department of Planning and Infrastructure's Annual Report).
- Local and regional development determined by a consent authority other than councils, private certifiers and joint regional planning panels. This includes (but is not limited to) the Minister, the Department of Planning & Infrastructure (DP&I), the Planning Assessment Commission (PAC) and public authorities, such as the Roads and Maritime Services (RMS) and the Sydney Olympic Park Authority (SOPA).
- Exempt development (development of minimal environmental impact that is exempt from planning consent).

Information is presented on a statewide, regional, and council basis.

In most cases, the data collected for 2012-13 have been compared with the data from previous years in order to indicate statewide development trends.

This publication does not assess the performance of councils or accredited (private) certifiers in assessing post-development approvals, i.e. applications for construction and occupation certificates or inspections during and post construction.

The publication focuses on quantitative data rather than qualitative information.

The data used to produce this year's report and previous reports is available in accordance with the principles of the NSW Government Open Data policy. The data is on the Department's website in digital format and can be downloaded from www.planning.nsw.gov.au.

1.1 Data Collection and Analysis

Since 2006-07, councils have supplied the Department of Planning & Infrastructure with detailed information on each DA and s96 modification determined by council, and on each CDC determined by council or private certifiers.

For 2012-13, there were 25 mandatory fields and seven optional data fields that applied to each determined application (not all fields are relevant to all applications).

This was supplemented by information from state government referral agencies and joint regional planning panels. However, the majority of the data continues to come from councils.

The department issued councils with a template for the data and explanatory material including data definitions.

Councils generally extract their information from DA tracking databases or, for smaller country councils, DA registers.

Data analysis was undertaken by the department using standard calculations (see Appendix 2 for information on calculation methodology). New analysis is included in this year's report to cover monitoring of recent planning reforms.

Because of the large volume of data, wherever possible, data quality checking is automated. The department has an online database with inbuilt validation rules. This system allows councils to submit their data over the internet and receive immediate feedback. The validation rules allow all data to be quickly scanned for basic errors – typographic (such as mis-typed dates), missing information, and mis-entered data (such as a legal appeal against a complying development certificate). The feedback summarises the data, lists any errors and guides councils on actions required to complete or "cleanse" the data.

The database allows the data to be centrally housed, facilitating data analysis and reporting. The data is compiled into tables for reporting purposes through computer "queries" which extract data from the database based on specific data fields and criteria. The queries operate automatically. The accuracy of the queries is spot checked by semi-automated comparisons with the original data submissions from councils.

Department of Planning & Infrastructure staff also manually scan the results for any problems such as omitted data, and convert council terms to department terms (such as development category description).

The data quality complies with the NSW Government Open Data policy best practice data quality standards and principles. It improves each year for regular data fields. Councils have also made significant efforts to adapt to the process of providing data in the standard format and to collect and review their data.

The data are summarised in a series of standardised tables to help to discern overall patterns and trends for statewide development activity.

1.2 Planning Reform

Planning Reform

The aim of the proposed planning reform is to:

- Provide a modern and easy planning system for the 21st century that puts the community first.
- Gives communities a greater say upfront
- Allows quicker decisions to be made
- Is a simpler system that allows new investment
- Strengthens rights for individuals and groups through a Community Participation Charter
- Provides a more predictable assessment process
- Provides more housing choice across the State

Details of the Bill and the Planning reform process can be found on the Department's website: http://www.planning.nsw.gov.au/

Planning System Review The focus of Minor changes Following the The Planning The Planning planning reform to various State release of the Bill 2013 and Bill 2013 was in the 2012-13 Environmental Green paper A the Planning deferred on period was the Planning Policies New Planning Administration 28 Nov 2013 (SEPPs), the System for Bill which major reform allowing of the planning Environmental NSW and public included more time for Planning & consultation the significant system as consultation on framed by the Assessment Act White Paper changes as a these important Green Paper and Regulation - A new planning result of the planning and subsequent were made in system for NSW consultation reforms, until the White Paper. the 2012-13 and draft planning process were Parliament sits period, but these legislation were introduced again in 2014. changes are not released on 16 into the NSW parliament on 22 significant in April 2013 and October 2013. terms of the data were on public presented in this exhibition until report. 28 June 2013.

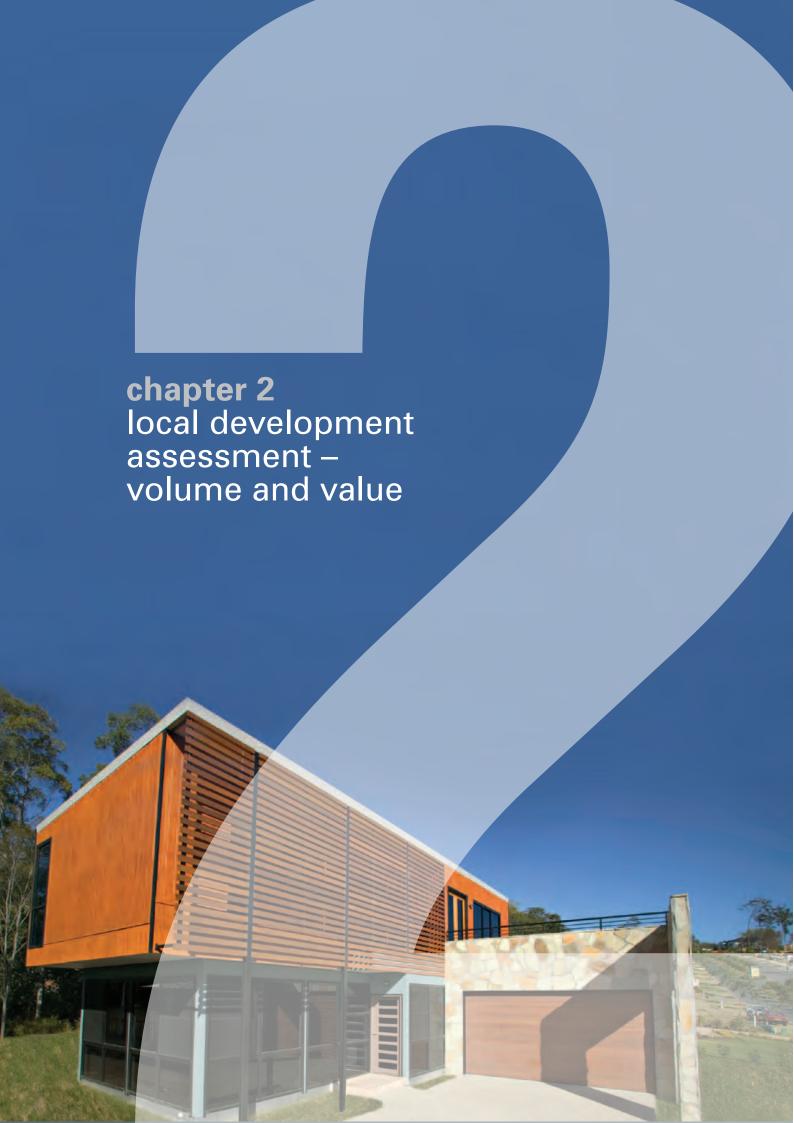
ePlanning

ePlanning is a key initiative of the planning reforms which will transform the way information on the planning system is collected, analysed and reported.

The White Paper 'A New Planning System for NSW (April 2013)' outlined how the use of technology based tools and systems will streamline the delivery of planning information services to the community.

The Department's ePlanning program¹ will develop standards for online application tracking which will open up new opportunities for automated and more frequent development performance reporting.

Details of the ePlanning program are available at http://www.planning.nsw.gov.au/en-au/buildinginnsw/eplanningfornsw.aspx



Development Approvals Activity Summary					
IN 2012-13 Description IN 2017					
74,875	developments (DA + CDC) were approved	74,480			
24.5	billion dollars value of developments (DA + CDC) were approved	22.1			

Development Approvals Track Summary						
IN 2012-13	Description	IN 2011-12				
25.6	complying development as % of all development (DA+CDC)	22.9				
23.4	% of single new dwellings approved as complying development	16.6				
91.7	% of CDCs approved under Codes SEPP (of SEPP and CPI)	88.4				
144	councils provided data where at least one CDC was approved	141				
112	councils provided data where at least one CDC was approved under Codes SEPP	112				

Note:

- 1. CPI = council planning instrument
- 2. Percentage of CDCs determined under Codes SEPP is only for CDCs recorded as being determined under the Codes SEPP or a council planning instrument; CDCs determined under other SEPPs or unknown planning instrument are not included.



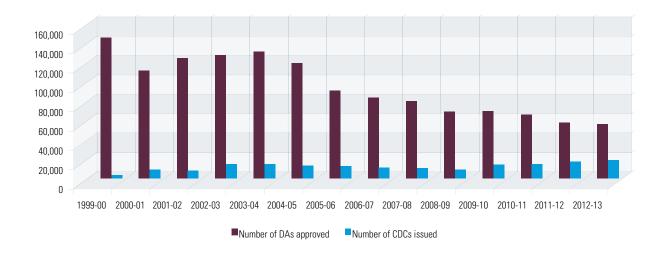
2.1 Statewide Trends

Development Activity - Approvals

Development activity refers to the amount of development approved under the NSW Environmental Planning and Assessment Act from 1 July 2012 to 30 June 2013. It includes DAs and CDCs, and excludes modifications to DAs (under section 96 of the EP&A Act). Although s96 modifications can take the same time and even longer than the original application to determine, they are still considered to be substantially the same development. Development activity is a measure of how much proposed development activity is approved and how much building activity may occur. Development approved by a DA cannot be commenced until a Construction Certificate has been issued. A CDC does not require a Construction Certificate before building commences. Refused developments are excluded.

Number of approvals

Figure 1: Total approved DAs and CDCs in NSW 1999-00 to 2012-13



Notes:

- 1. The complying development certificate system was introduced in 1998.
- 2. Complying development certificates issued in 2001-2002 were underestimated because those issued by private certifiers were not recorded.
- 3. Source 1999-2000 to 2004-2005: Department of Local Government Comparative Information Source 2005-2006 to 2012-2013: Department of Planning's Local Development Performance Monitoring report.
- 4. 2005-2006 figures for DAs also include s96 modification applications.
- 5. 2006-2007 data on CDCs was under-reported as some councils did not report CDCs issued by private certifiers.

Development activity in 2012-13 increased marginally by 0.5% compared to 2011-12. Although the result shows that the decline in development activity has been reversed, the level of activity is still below the 2007-08 level when the Global Financial Crisis occurred. At 74,875 approvals, this was marginally higher than the number of approvals in 2011-12 and was 7.7% lower than 2010-11 and 4.6% lower than 2008-09.

It should be noted that these figures do not include developments which are declared exempt from planning approval due to their minimal environmental impacts. Nor do these figures include State significant developments determined by the Minister for Planning and Infrastructure.

Value of approvals

Table 2-1: Total approved DAs and CDCs 2006-07 to 2012-13								
Total value of DAs approved Total value of CDCs approved Total value of CDCs and DAs approved								
2012-13	\$21.5b	\$3.0b	\$24.5b					
2011-12	\$19.9b	\$2.2b	\$22.1b					
2010-11	\$18.0b	\$1.8b	\$19.9b					
2009-10	\$15.7b	\$3.0b	\$18.6b					
2008-09	\$18.5b	\$853.2m	\$19.4b					
2007-08	\$21.0b	\$897.2m	\$21.9b					
2006-07	\$20.4b	\$799.3m	\$21.2b					

Note: There was some under-reporting of CDC value where records were missing.

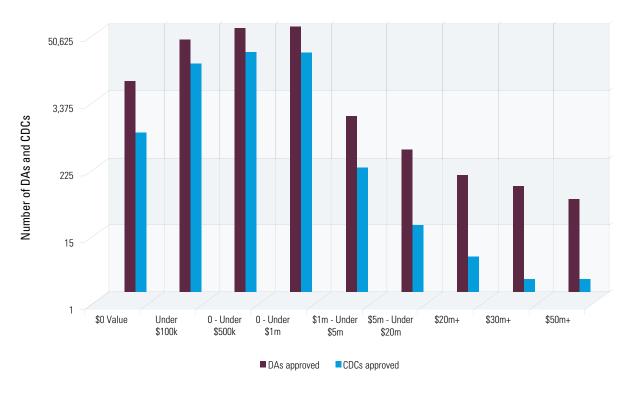
The total value of approved development increased by 10.7% (\$2.37 billion) from \$22.1 billion in 2011-12 to \$24.5 billion in 2012-13 (Table 2-1). The increased value of development was spread across both DAs and CDCs. The increased value of CDCs was expected due to the wider range of development that can now be dealt with under the Codes SEPP, which allowed more developments to be determined as CDCs. CDCs rose from \$2.2b in 2011-12 to \$3.0b in 2012/13, a 35% increase.

The median value of DAs remained unchanged at \$50,000; the median value of CDCs rose from \$40,000 to \$50,000 reflecting that due to legislative changes, more development can now be determined as complying development. (see Table 2-2).

Table 2-2: Construction value estimates for approved DAs and CDCs							
	DA	value	CDC	value			
	Mean	Median	Mean	Median			
2012-13	\$387,334	\$50,000	\$158,480	\$50,000			
2011-12	\$348,267	\$50,000	\$131,951	\$40,000			
2010-11	\$274,592	\$46,500	\$121,844	\$27,000			
2009-10	\$228,225	\$40,000	\$215,017	\$27,000			
2008-09	\$271,363	\$33,000	\$94,060	\$19,700			
2007-08	\$270,183	\$33,500	\$86,713	\$18,500			
2006-07	\$247,376	\$28,262	\$78,920	\$12,000			

The value ranges for approvals are shown in Figure 2. As in previous years, most developments were valued under \$1 million, 96.5% of DAs and 98.9% of CDCs in 2012-13.

Figure 2: Total DAs and CDCs approved by value range



Notes: DAs with no construction value are not necessarily simple or straightforward developments. Refer to Appendix 2 for further explanation.

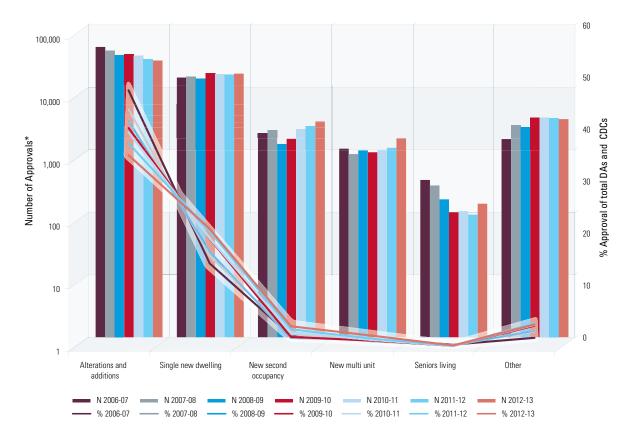
Development types

Further analysis of development shows that despite the overall decline in development activity, there have been some small shifts in the profile of development over time, reflecting both government policy and consumer demand (**Figure 3**).

Residential development still comprises the majority of approved development (DAs and CDCs). Since 2006-07 residential development has increased slightly as a proportion of all development from 68% in 2006-07 to 69% in 2012-13.

Residential alterations and additions comprised 36% of all approved development in 2012-13. The total number of approved residential alterations was the lowest since 2006-07 (when detailed information collection began), falling by 5% between 2011-12 and 2012-13 (**Figure 3**).

Figure 3: Residential development types - number and % approved (DAs and CDCs)



Note: The data has been presented using a logarithmic scale, as it allows for the easier reading of the large range of values.

Of all the new residential developments in 2012-13 (as shown in **Figure 4**), the highest proportion were single new dwellings (79%)².

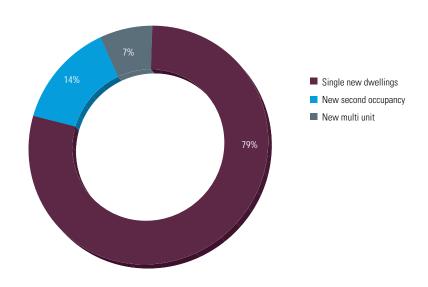
The number of new second occupancy approvals increased slightly to 3.8% of all development types, compared to 3.0% in 2011-12. This represented a 19% increase in secondary occupancy approvals; 2411 in 2011-12 to 2867 in 2012-13.

New second occupancies comprised 14% of all new residential development approvals in 2012-13 (excluding "other residential" which includes boarding houses and group homes), compared with 12% of all new residential development approvals in 2011-12. Second occupancies include both dual occupancies and "granny flats" (that is, a secondary dwelling to a principal dwelling). The councils with the highest number of second occupancy developments in 2012-13 included Bankstown, Parramatta, Fairfield, Holroyd and Penrith.

² Alterations and additions are excluded as they are not considered additional new dwellings.

Figure 4 shows when comparing only new residential development that the single new dwelling is still the dominant form of residential development occurring when compared to new second occupancy or new multi-unit development.





Note: Does not include new Seniors' Living SEPP developments, residential - other or residential alterations and additions.

Under the State Environmental Planning Policy (Affordable Rental Housing) 2009³ 1,010 new secondary dwellings (granny flats) DAs and CDCs were approved. This was about 5% of all new residential approvals in 2012-13 and 35% of all new second occupancies in 2012-13. Bankstown, Fairfield, Penrith, and Gosford reported the highest number of new secondary dwellings determined under the SEPP.

The changes to the SEPP, did not impact on the opportunities for secondary dwelling developments to occur. "Granny flat" developments under the SEPP are on the same property title as the principal dwelling and they are small-scale developments compatible with existing development.

New multi-unit residential developments recorded the greatest percentage increase, with a 41% increase from 2011-12 to 2012-13 (from 1,089 to 1,535).

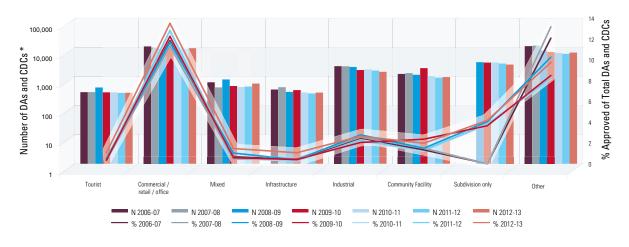
However, new multi-unit developments as a proportion of all development increased slightly from 1.5% in 2011-12 to 2.1% in 2012-13. These developments include residential flat buildings, townhouses and villas. New multi-unit developments comprised 7% of all residential developments, compared with 6% in 2011-12. Blacktown, Woollahra, Bankstown, Parramatta and Hornsby reported the highest number of approved new residential multi-unit developments for 2012-13.

Similar to 2011-12, commercial / retail / office development activity comprised 12.7% of all development. There was a slight increase in this form of development between 2011-12 and 2012-13, from 9,162 approvals to 9,524 approvals.

^{3 &}quot;New second occupancies" under Local Development Performance Monitoring includes developments not included as "secondary dwellings" under the Affordable Rental Housing SEPP.

In 2012-13, there was a 4.1% increase in the number of approved community facilities developments compared with 2011-12, but still below the peak figures of 2009-10 (961 approvals compared to 1,959 approvals). The development of community facilities peaked during 2009-10 due to the Federal government funding stimulus (**Figure 5**).

Figure 5: Non-residential development types - number and % approved (DAs and CDCs)

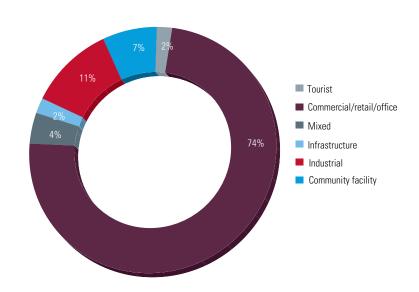


Note:

- 1. The data has been presented using a logarithmic scale, as it allows for the easier reading of the large range of values.
- 2. The 'subdivision only' development category was introduced into the data collection from 2008-09. 'Subdivision only' would have been classified with 'other' in 2006-07.
- 3. Includes alterations and additions to existing non-residential development.
- 4. Excludes residential subdivision and other non-residential development.

Commercial/retail/office comprised 74% of all non-residential development, followed by industrial development at 11% (Figure 6).

Figure 6: Non-residential development approvals as % of all non-residential development



Assessment Activity - Number Of Determinations

Assessment activity refers to determined developments and measures development processing. It includes both approved and refused development. It is particularly relevant for examining how development is being processed (e.g. merit assessment or complying development) and determination time (**see Chapter 3**).

Overall, determinations increased by 0.23%, from 90,099 in 2011-12 to 90,310 in 2012-13.

Table 2-3 shows that the proportion of determinations that were merit assessed continued to gradually decline whereas the proportion which were dealt with as complying development has steadily increased. This is to be expected as the range of development able to be classified as either exempt or complying development is expanded.

	Table 2-3: Assessment path - numbers of determinations									
	Merit assessment (DA)	DA as % of (DA+CDC)	Modification DA (s96)	Complying (CDC)	CDC as % of (DA+CDC)	Total determinations				
2012-13	57,032	75	14,086	19,192	25	90,310				
2011-12	58,975	77	13,996	17,128	23	90,099				
2010-11	68,025	82	15,051	15,085	18	98,161				
2009-10	71,550	83	15,003	14,315	17	100,868				
2008-09	71,638	89	14,975	9,194	11	95,807				
2007-08	82,404	89	15,313	10,619	11	108,336				
2006-07	86,287	88	14,387	11,241	12	111,915				

In 2012-13, merit assessment determinations comprised 75% of total (DA & CDC) determinations, compared with 77% in 2011-12, while complying development determinations were 25% in 2012-13, compared with 23% in 2011-12. 92% (see notes with Table 2-7) of CDCs were determined under the Codes SEPP in 2012-13.

Since 2011, more classes of development have been identified as being able to be addressed by specified predetermined development standards as complying development (maximum 10-day determination time requirement) under the Codes SEPP. The changes have increased opportunities to use the Codes SEPP and simplified some of the existing development standards.

Determinations are divided into two assessment paths, merit assessment (DAs) and complying development. **Tables 2-4** and **2-5** show the types of developments determined under merit assessment and as complying development.

In 2012-13, merit assessed residential development comprised more than half (51.4%) of all determinations; and residential complying development applied to 17.4% of all determinations.⁴

Excluding section 96 DA modifications. CDC modifications are included in CDC count.



Table 2-4: Total number of DAs determined in NSW by type 2012-13 compared to 2011-12								
Development Type	Number of DAs Determined 2012-13	2012-13 % of total DAs determined	Number of DAs Determined in 2011-12	2011-12 % of total DAs determined				
Residential - Alterations and additions	20,505	36	22,131	37.5				
Residential - Single new dwelling	12,961	22.7	13,762	23.3				
Residential - New second occupancy	1,988	3.5	1,975	3.3				
Residential - New multi unit	1,357	2.4	1,044	1.8				
Residential - Seniors Living	128	0.2	96	0.2				
Residential - Other	2,214	3.9	2,355	4				
Tourist	281	0.5	283	0.5				
Commercial / retail / office	5,985	10.5	6,108	10.4				
Mixed	467	0.8	370	0.6				
Infrastructure	252	0.4	217	0.4				
Industrial	1,383	2.4	1,558	2.6				
Community facility	835	1.5	863	1.5				
Subdivision only	2,578	4.5	2,838	4.8				
Other	5,951	10.4	5,214	8.8				
Non standard category	147	0.3	161	0.3				

Notes: Non standard category means not enough information was supplied to identify the correct development category (including where there was no development description). Non standard category is different from 'other'. 'Other' means a development type apart from the department's six residential development types and seven non residential development types e.g. 'demolition only' falls into 'other', whereas 'dwelling' is counted in the non standard category.

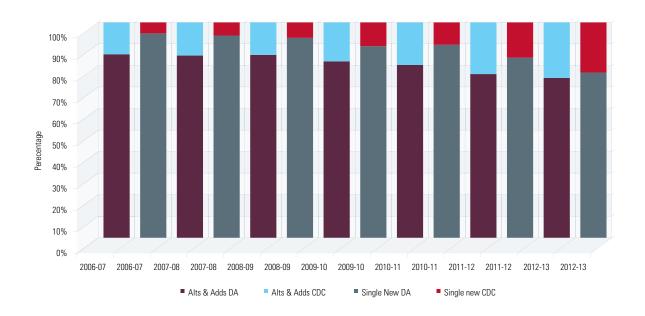
Table 2-5: CDCs determined in NSW by development type 2012-13 compared to 2011-12							
Development Type	Number of CDCs determined in 2012-13	2012-13 As % of total CDCs determined	Number of CDCs determined in 2011-12	2011-12 As % of total CDCs determined			
Residential - Alterations and additions	7,129	37.1	6,971	40.7			
Residential - Single new dwelling	3,927	20.5	2,702	15.8			
Residential - New second occupancy	948	4.9	551	3.2			
Residential - New multi unit	282	1.5	179	1			
Residential - Seniors Living	19	0.1	6	0			
Residential - Other	988	5.1	956	5.6			
Tourist	11	0.1	7	0			
Commercial / retail / office	3,742	19.5	3,295	19.2			
Mixed	126	0.7	128	0.7			
Infrastructure	40	0.2	53	0.3			
Industrial	132	0.7	112	0.7			
Community facility	141	0.7	100	0.6			
Subdivision only	107	0.6	99	0.6			
Other	986	5.1	1,025	6			
Non standard category	614	3.2	944	5.5			

For explanation of 'other' and 'non standard category', see notes with Table 2-4.



Figure 7 shows the proportion of residential alterations and single new dwellings that underwent merit assessment compared with those that were dealt with as complying development. 74% of residential alterations and additions were determined as DAs in 2012-13 compared with 76% in 2011-12. 26% were determined as CDCs in 2012-13 compared with 24% in 2011-12. 77% of single new dwellings were determined as DAs in 2012-13 compared with 84% in 2011-12; 23% of single new dwellings were determined as CDCs in 2012-13 compared with 16% in 2011-12.

Figure 7: Assessment path for single new dwellings and residential alterations and additions



Slightly less than two-thirds (62%) of all commercial / retail / office development underwent merit assessment in 2012-13 and slightly more than one-third (38%) were assessed as complying development (**Table 2-6**). This was comparable to 2011-12 (65% and 35% respectively).





Table 2-6: CDCs determined as percentage of all determinations (DA+CDC) by development type						
Category of development	2012-13	2011-12				
Residential - Alterations and additions	26	24				
Residential - Single new dwelling	23	16				
Residential - New second occupancy	32	22				
Residential - New multi unit	17	15				
Residential - Seniors Living	13	6				
Residential - Other	31	29				
Tourist	4	2				
Commercial / retail / office	38	35				
Mixed	21	26				
Infrastructure	14	20				
Industrial	9	7				
Community facility	14	10				
Subdivision only	4	3				
Other	14	16				
Non standard category	81	85				

Notes:

For explanation of 'other' and 'non standard category', see notes with Table 2-4.

These are approximations of the development types under the Codes SEPP. The local development performance monitoring development categories of "residential alterations and additions", "residential single new dwelling", "commercial / retail / office" and "industrial" are broader than the development types to which the Codes SEPP applies.



The number of new second occupancies dealt with as CDCs experienced a 70% increase in volume, 32% of all new second occupancy determinations in 2012-13 compared to 22% in 2011-12. New residential multi-unit dealt with as CDC determinations remained almost constant, 17% in 2012-13 and 15% in 2011-12.

Under the current Codes SEPP the applicant can choose to use the Codes SEPP or the council planning instrument (either its Local Environmental Plan or Development Control Plan). The provisions in council planning instruments will vary between council areas. The provision to use either the Codes SEPP or council planning instruments was considered to be a transitory measure which was to end in late 2011. On 25 November 2011, the transition period for turning off existing local complying development controls was extended for the councils that have not yet made their LEP using the Standard Instrument, until such time as their new LEP is made. As such, the use of the Codes SEPP continues to increase, with 92% of CDCs in 2012-13 determined under the Codes SEPP, compared with 88% in 2011-12.

The Codes SEPP was more widely used where private certifiers determined CDCs than when council certifiers determined CDCs. Table 2-7 shows that 96% of CDCs determined by private certifiers were determined under the Codes SEPP. This compared with 93% in 2011-12.

Table 2-7: CDC determinations by planning instrument								
Level of determination	Number of CDCs		% S	EPP	% Co plan instru	ning	Numb cour	
	2012-13	2011-12	2012-13	2011-12	2012-13	2011-12	2012-13	2011-12
Council staff	3,643	3,719	80	77	20	23	120	112
Councillors	6	4	83	100	17	0	6	3
Private certifier	10,769	9,384	96	93	4	7	80	89
Totals	14,418	13,107	92%	88%	8%	12%	122	119

Notes

- The number of CDCs in this table is not the total number of CDCs for 2012-13. It is only for councils that recorded at least one CDC that was determined under the Codes SEPP or council planning instrument.
- Percentages are only for CDCs recorded as being determined under the Codes SEPP or a council planning instrument (this should not include CDCs determined under other SEPPs
 e.g. Infrastructure SEPP).
- A total of thirty councils were excluded from this analysis on this basis or because they provided partial information or estimates only of CDCs determined under Codes SEPP or council planning instrument.

Council staff use of the Codes SEPP increased compared with 2011-12. In 2011-12, 77% of CDCs issued by council staff were under the Codes SEPP compared to 80% in 2012-13.

Table 2-8 concerns complying development and summarises the proportion of CDCs determined under the Codes SEPP for development types which may be complying development under that Policy.

The majority of the CDCs for residential alterations and additions (92%) and single new dwellings (93%) were issued under the Codes SEPP in 2012-13.

91% of the CDCs for commercial / retail / office development were issued under the Codes SEPP compared with 88% in 2011-12.



Table 2-8: CDC determinations by category of development and planning instrument % SEPP **Category of development Number of CDCs** % Council **Councils** planning instrument 2012-13 2011-12 2012-13 2011-12 2012-13 2011-12 2012-13 2011-12 Residential -8 5,797 5,915 92 111 105 Alterations and additions 7 Residential -3,306 2,224 93 88 12 101 Single new dwellings 104 Commercial/retail/office 2,180 1,976 91 88 9 12 81 79 Industrial 98 100 97 94 3 6 28 31 2,892 92 8 99 99 Other (not included above) 3,038 89 11 14,419 13,107 92 88 8 122 **Total** 12 119

Notes:

Refusals

The proportion of DA refusals fell from 2.7% in 2011-12 to 2.3% in 2012-13 of all DA determinations (s96 determinations excluded).

Only 0.23% of CDCs were refused (this is likely to be under reported as records of CDCs determined by private certifiers are incomplete).



^{1.} See notes with Table 2-7 above.

^{2. &}quot;Other" includes categories other than residential alterations and additions, single new dwellings, commercial / retail / office, industrial; and CDCs where the development category was not supplied or could not be classified because information was inadequate.

2.2 Regional Trends

Table 2-9: Regional development approvals (DA and CDC)						
Region	Number 2012-13	Value 2012-13	Total value of approvals as % of State	Number s96 approved 2012-13	Number 2011-12	Value 2011-12
Sydney	40,424	\$17.9b	73	8,141	39,815	\$15.9b
Hunter	9,511	\$2.1b	8.6	1,496	9,503	\$2.1b
Western	6,852	\$1.3b	5.4	712	6,659	\$1.1b
Southern	6,525	\$1.3b	5.1	1,504	6,610	\$1.2b
North Coast	5,898	\$967.9m	4	1,024	6,092	\$992.6m
Murray/ Murrumbidgee	5,665	\$943.7m	3.9	825	5,801	\$873m
Total	74,875	\$24.5b	100	13,702	74,480	\$22.1b

Table 2-9 shows the proportion of development activity (DA and CDC) across the six regions of NSW. Sydney was clearly the region with the highest proportion of development approvals, with 73% of development approvals (by value) occurring in the region. The Hunter and Western regions followed with 8.6% and 5.4% of statewide approvals respectively.

The Sydney, Hunter and Western regions showed an increase in the number of developments. The Western region had the largest increase with 2.9% and the Hunter region the lowest with 0.1%, the Sydney Region increase was 1.5%. The North Coast, Murray/Murrumbidgee and Southern regions showed a decrease in the number of developments. The North Coast region had the largest decrease at -3.2% and the Southern region the lowest with -1.3%, the Murray/Murrumbidgee decrease was -2.3%.

The value of approvals increased from \$22.1b in 2011-12 to \$24.5b in 2012-13. The statewide increase in development value between 2011-12 and 2012-13 was due to the increased value of development in the Sydney (by \$2.0 billion or 12.7%) and Western regions (by \$0.25 billion or 23.1%).

It should be noted that major developments determined by the state government are not included in the above figures.

All DA and CDC determinations (approvals and refusals) for each region are shown in Figures 8 and 9.

Figure 8: Number of DAs determined by region

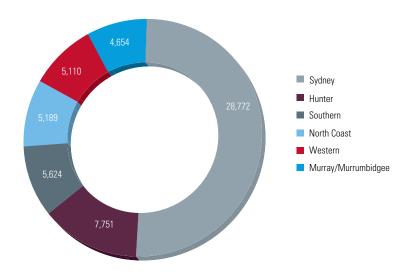
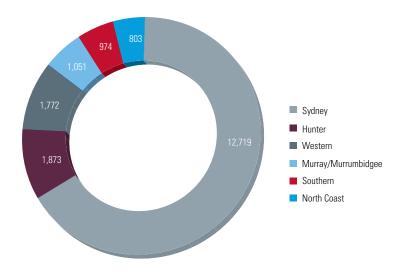


Figure 9: Number of CDCs determined by region

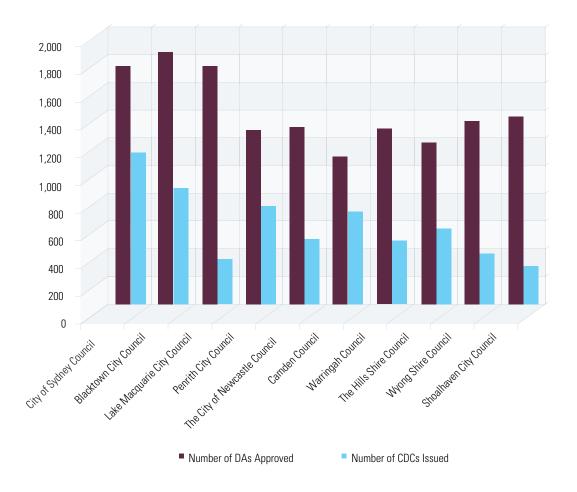


2.3 Council Trends

Development Activity

Figure 10 shows the ten council areas with the highest levels of development activity (approvals) in 2012-13. Major cities, regional centres and growth areas feature in the list, including City of Sydney, Blacktown City Council, Lake Macquarie City Council, Warringah Council and The Hills Shire Council.

Figure 10: Highest number of approvals (DAs and CDCs) by Local Government Area

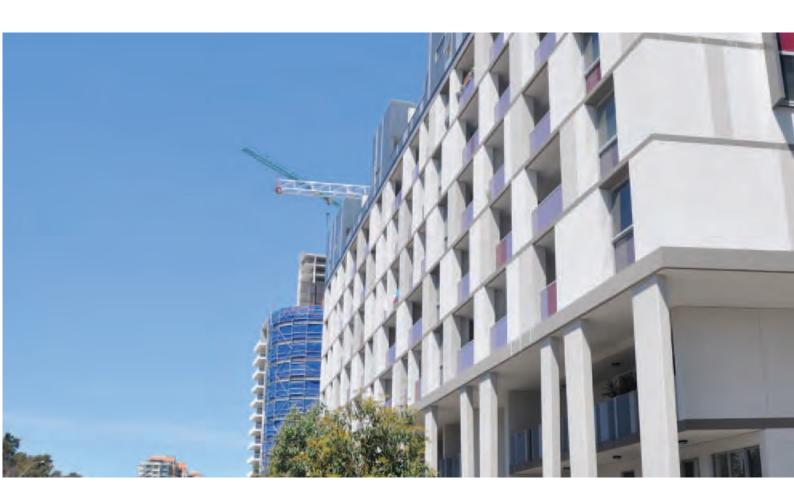


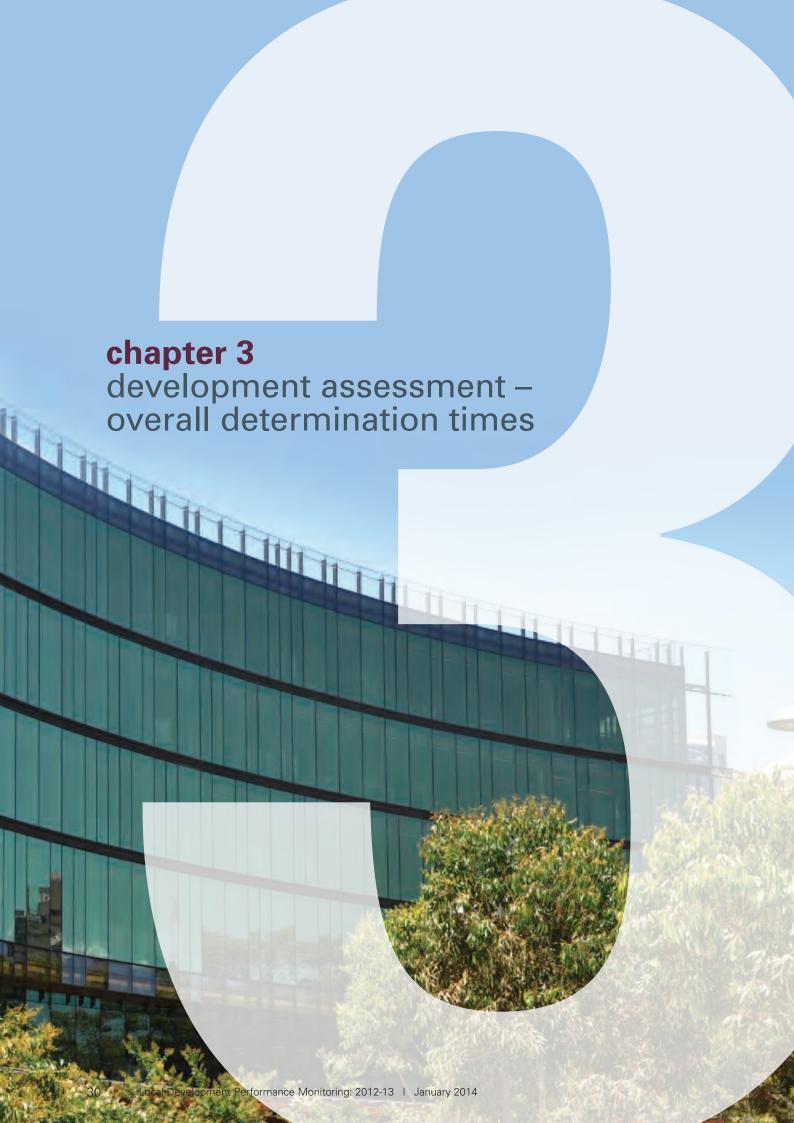
City of Sydney also had the highest total value of approved development (\$3.59 billion) which was three and a half times that of Blacktown City Council, the council with the second highest total value of approved development (\$1.03 billion).

Assessment Activity

In 2012-13, the councils with the highest number of CDCs determined included Sydney City Council, Blacktown City Council and Penrith City Council (**Table 2-10**).

Table 2-10: Ten councils with the highest number of CDCs determined					
Council	Number of CDC determined	% Residential alterations and additions	% Single new dwellings	% Commercial/ retail/office	% Non standard category
City of Sydney Council	1,127	1	0	99	0
Blacktown City Council	873	1	5	48	0
Penrith City Council	738	26	50	4	0
Camden Council	704	20	77	1	0
The Hills Shire Council	582	55	18	17	0
Sutherland Shire Council	572	43	8	11	0
Ryde City Council	532	43	10	38	0
The City of Newcastle Council	511	31	9	14	0
Warringah Council	492	1	0	0	97
Liverpool City Council	483	23	38	10	0





Local Development Determination Times

2012-13	Development Applications and s96 Applications	2011-12
68	days on average were taken to process a DA	71
15	councils had an average DA gross determination time in excess of 100 days	15
59	councils had an average DA gross determination time of 50 days or less	58
51	days on average were taken to process s96 modifications	54

2012-13	Complying Development Certificates (CDCs)	2011-12
17	days on average were taken by councils to process CDCs (based on 144 Councils)	18
56	councils had an average gross determination time for CDCs of 10 days or less	46



Some Useful Terms			
Gross determination time	Full length of the development assessment process (applies to DAs and CDCs).		
Net time	The gross time minus referral and stop-the-clock time (only applies to DAs, not CDCs). It is possible for stop-the-clock time to occur concurrently with referral time for a development application. In these cases, days may be double counted and net time may be less than the actual time taken by council to determine the DA.		
Mean determination time	The mean of a set of data values is the sum of all of the data values divided by the number of data values.		
Median determination time	The median of a set of data values is the middle value of the data set when the values are ranked. If the number of values in the data set is even, then the median is the average of the two middle values. The median value is an alternative to analysing the mean which may be skewed by a relatively small number of high or low values in a data set.		
Referral time	The time taken by state agencies to either grant concurrent consent (some DAs require council and agency consent) or to provide advice to council on a development proposal. Only applies to DAs, not CDCs.		
'Stop-the-clock' (STC)	The time taken by applicants to respond to requests by councils or agencies for further information on a DA. Only applies to DAs, not CDCs.		

Refer to Appendix 2 for more information on how determination times were calculated.



3.1 Statewide Trends

Total Processing and Determination Times

With the proposed reforms to the planning system, 2012-13 was a year of consolidation for councils allowing them to continue refining their assessment procedures.

The statewide average time for DAs was 68 days in 2012-13, a reduction of 3 days when compared to 2011-12.

Table 3-1: DA Determination Times (Days)					
	2012-13	2011-12			
Mean gross determination times DAs only	68	71			

Table 3-2 shows that the 15 councils (10% of all councils) had mean gross determination times for DAs over 100 days in 2012-13, the same as 2011-12.

Table 3-2: Number of councils with mean gross DA determination time over 100 days								
	2012-13	2011-12	2010-11	2009-10	2008-09	2007-08	2006-07	
Number of councils	15	15	8	10	21	28	29	

Six councils had mean gross processing times for DAs over 100 days for applications valued under \$100,000. Performance against this indicator has improved since 2006-07 when 11 councils fell into this category (**Table 3-3**), though not as good as in 2010-11 and 2009-10.

Table 3-3: Number of councils with mean gross DA determination time over 100 days for applications valued <\$100,000							
	2012-13	2011-12	2010-11	2009-10	2008-09	2007-08	2006-07
Number of councils	6	7	2	4	11	14	11

There was no significant change in the proportion of councils that achieved mean gross processing times for DAs of 50 days or less. This was 39% of all councils in 2012-13, 2011-12, 2010-11 and 2009-10 (59, 58, 57 and 58 councils respectively) (**Table 3-4**). More than one third of councils have met this criterion since 2006-07.

Table 3-4: Number of councils with mean gross DA determination time 50 days or less							
	2012-13	2011-12	2010-11	2009-10	2008-09	2007-08	2006-07
Number of councils	59	58	57	58	56	52	58



Gross time is important to applicants as it measures the total processing time taken between lodging an application and receiving the final decision. Net time is an indicator of the time taken by councils to determine the application, including the time taken to assess the application but excluding the time taken for delays for which they are not responsible.

Both net and gross times are examined to assess the service provided to applicants and to understand the factors affecting processing time, including the time taken by applicants to submit further information and the time taken by state agencies to assess referred DAs.

Only by understanding all components of the process can planning reforms be targeted to improve overall assessment times.

The differences between mean gross and mean net times indicate the significant impacts of stop-the-clock (STC) and referrals on processing times.

Another important factor which must be taken into account when comparing council performance is the council classification, commonly referred to as the DLG code.

The Australian Classification of Local Governments (ACLG) and the NSW Division of Local Government classify councils according to their socio-economic characteristics and location. NSW's 152 councils are grouped into 11 groups, and councils within those groups have similar socio-economic and location factors.

While statewide analysis provides important information on the performance of councils, care must be taken when comparing individual council performance. It can be unfair to compare the performance of small regional councils to large inner-urban councils in terms of DA determinations due to the vastly different environmental, economic and social issues faced in these areas.



The statewide mean gross processing time (Table 3.5) for DAs with STC was 106 days compared with 47 days for a DA with no STC event, a 59 day difference. In 2012-13, 36% of DAs had STC, similar to 2011-12 (37%). The high percentage of DAs with STC events and the average 59 days difference between DAs with STC and DAs without STC indicate the impact of sub-standard and non-complying DA applications on processing times. The on-going issue of sub-standard and non-complying applications continues to adversely impact on the overall time it takes to determine an application, in effect the overall time taken more than doubles. While councils have extensive checklists and provide advice to applicants on the information required for an application to be submitted, it is often not until the assessment begins that the inadequate and non-complying applications can be identified.

The increasing uses of complying development and initiatives such as the Electronic Housing Code (EHC) which allows for the online electronic lodgement of complying development applications under the NSW Housing Code, will significantly reduce times for complying development, which may have previously required a development application.

Similarly, DAs which were referred to state agencies had high average determination times (119 days) compared with DAs without any referral (62 days). Referrals applied to 11% of DAs in 2012-13. Median determination times were much lower than mean determination times.

Stop-the-clock and referral issues are discussed in more detail in Chapter 4.

As in 2011-12, more than half of all NSW councils (55.3%, 84 councils) had a median gross processing time for DAs of 40 days or less (see Source **Table 3-28**). In 2012-13, 82% of councils achieved median net determination times of 40 days or less, slightly higher than the 79.6% in 2011-12 and the same as 2010-11.

Table 3-5 shows the effects of STC events and referrals in more detail statewide and by Division of Local Government classifications.

	2012-13	2011-12
ALL NSW		
Determination Times		
Mean net determination times DAs only	45	46
Median net days DA determined	30	31
Mean gross days - all DAs determined	68	71
Effect of stop-the-clock		
Mean gross determination time - only DAs with STC	106	107
Mean gross determination time - only DAs without STC	47	50
Mean stop days - only DAs with STC	56	58
Effect of referrals		
Mean gross determination time - only DAs with referrals	119	116
Mean gross determination time - only DAs without referrals	62	65
Mean referral days - only DAs with referrals	48	50
Urban (U)		
Capital City (CC) and Metropolitan Developed (D)		
Determination Times		
Mean net determination times - DAs only	57	60
Median net days - DA determined	40	42
Mean gross days - all DAs determined	78	81
Effect of stop-the-clock		
Mean gross determination time - only DAs with STC	111	111
Mean gross determination time - only DAs without STC	60	64
Mean stop days - only DAs with STC	52	53
Effect of referrals		
Mean gross determination time - only DAs with referrals	116	107
Mean gross determination time - only DAs without referrals	75	79
Mean referral days - only DAs with referrals	50	49
Regional Town/City (R)		
Determination Times		
Mean net determination times - DAs only	37	37
Median net days - DA determined	26	26
Mean gross days - all DAs determined	63	65
Effect of stop-the-clock		
Mean gross determination time - only DAs with STC	99	101
Mean gross determination time - only DAs without STC	38	40
Mean stop days - only DAs with STC	57	58

Table 3-5: Statewide DA Net Determination Times (Days) by Classification				
	2012-13	2011-12		
Effect of referrals				
Mean gross determination time - only DAs with referrals	119	115		
Mean gross determination time - only DAs without referrals	55	56		
Mean referral days - only DAs with referrals	45	51		
Fringe (F)				
Determination Times				
Mean net determination times - DAs only	45	46		
Median net days - DA determined	32	32		
Mean gross days - all DAs determined	72	76		
Effect of stop-the-clock				
Mean gross determination time - only DAs with STC	117	116		
Mean gross determination time - only DAs without STC	51	53		
Mean stop days - only DAs with STC	67	68		
Effect of referrals				
Mean gross determination time - only DAs with referrals	129	138		
Mean gross determination time - only DAs without referrals	63	67		
Mean referral days - only DAs with referrals	57	62		
Agricultural (A)				
Determination Times				
Mean net determination times DAs only	36	36		
Median net days DA determined	23	24		
Mean gross days - all DAs determined	54	56		
Effect of stop-the-clock				
Mean gross determination time - only DAs with STC	100	101		
Mean gross determination time - only DAs without STC	36	37		
Mean stop days - only DAs with STC	47	54		
Effect of referrals				
Mean gross determination time - only DAs with referrals	107	105		
Mean gross determination time - only DAs without referrals	45	48		
Mean referral days - only DAs with referrals	40	36		

See Appendix 3 for full explanation of ACLG and Division of Local Government classification of councils.

Table 3-5 shows a mean net determination time for DAs of 45 days, much higher than the median net time (30 days). This indicates that most DAs are determined in less than 45 days, slightly lower than 2011-12: 46 days mean net and 31 days median net times.

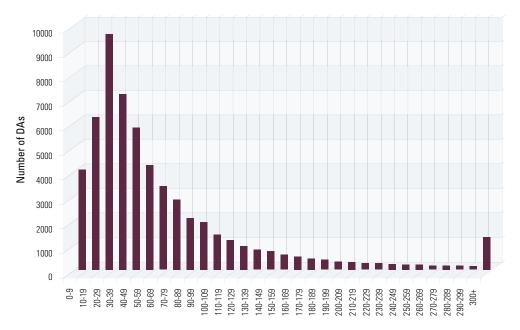
As expected, Table 3-5 also shows that DA times for urban councils were higher than the councils classified as regional, fringe and agricultural. The urban councils frequently deal with more complex DAs and with more developments which often attract significantly more public attention than non-urban councils.

The mean gross time for urban councils was 78 days compared with 63 days for regional councils, 72 days for fringe councils and 54 days for agricultural councils. Mean gross times for DAs with STC were over 98 days for all classifications including agricultural councils. Median net determination time for urban councils was 40 days compared with 26 days for regional councils, 32 days for fringe councils and 23 days for agricultural councils.

Appendices 3 and 4 describe the council classification system and list the councils which fall into each group.

Figure 11 shows a significant 'tail' of DAs that took much longer to process and contributed to the much higher mean gross times compared with median gross times. Just over 2% of DAs took 300 days or more to determine. These DAs comprised development across all categories, the majority of the DAs contained significant 'stop the clock' events and/or environmental issues which needed to be resolved during the assessment period.

Figure 11: Number of DAs by assessment time



Gross Determination Times (days)

Table 3-6 shows that the median gross determination time for DAs was lower for 2012-13 compared to 2011-12: 42 days and 45 days respectively and the median net determination time fell slightly from 31 days to 30 days.

Table 3-6: DA Median Determination Times (Days)					
	2012-13	2011-12			
Median gross determination times DAs only	42	45			
Median net determination times DAs only	30	31			

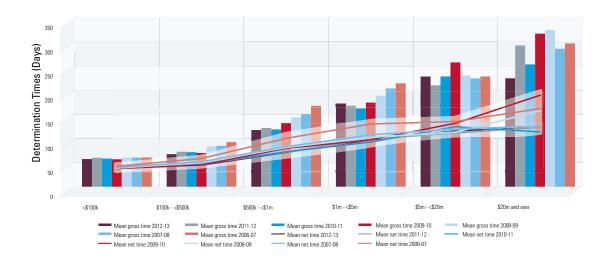
Determination Times by Value And Development Type

Figure 12 shows the gross determination times for all developments, except those between \$1m and \$20m, fell to varying degrees.

Development <\$100k fell from 60 to 57 mean gross days; development \$100k to <\$500k, fell from 73 days to 67 days and development ≥\$20m recorded the greatest fall from 293 days to 232 days in 2012-13.

The categories that increased marginally were \$1m to <\$5m, from 168 days in 2011-12 to 172 days in 2012-13, the \$5m to <\$20m category went from 210 days to 232 days in the same period. Determination times continued to be high for the higher value developments.

Figure 12: DA Determination times by value 2006-07 to 2012-13



As stated in Chapter 2, 96.5% of approved DAs and 99% of CDCs were valued at under \$1 million in 2012-13. The mean gross processing time for developments of under \$1 million was slightly lower, 64 days in 2012-13 compared with 67 days in 2011-12 (Table 3-7). The median gross DA determination time for developments of this value fell slightly from 43 days in 2011-12 to 41 days in 2012-13 (Table 3-8).

Table 3-7: Statewide DA mean determination times (days) by value 2012-13 and 2011-12								
Value	Gro determina		Net determination time		Stop-the-clock time		Referral time	
	2012-13	2011-12	2012-13	2011-12	2012-13	2011-12	2012-13	2011-12
\$0 Value	78	82	45	48	90	93	66	71
Under \$100K	57	60	39	40	52	53	41	48
\$100K-under \$500K	67	73	45	47	49	53	41	42
\$500K-under \$1m	118	122	71	73	73	72	57	60
Under \$1m	64	67	42	44	52	55	42	46
\$1m-under \$5m	172	168	97	99	113	99	94	80
\$5m-under \$20m	232	210	119	111	154	132	107	116
\$5m-under \$100m	232	231	122	115	143	156	111	122
\$20m+	232	293	135	123	109	232	126	147
\$30m+	249	277	140	118	123	228	142	142
\$50m+	220	288	140	121	91	278	119	132

Notes:

 $Mean \ stop-the-clock \ (STC) \ times \ are \ averages \ of \ STC \ time \ reported \ by \ councils \ only \ for \ DAs \ where \ STC \ occurred.$

Mean referral times are averages of referral time only for DAs where referral occurred.

Since gross and net determination times in the table above are averages for all DAs, average STC and referral times cannot be deducted from the gross time to obtain the net times shown in the above table.

Processing times continued to be high for the higher value developments, although mean gross determination times were significantly lower in 2012-13 for certain high value groups. Mean gross processing times for development valued at \$5-20 million increased from 210 days (2011-12) to 232 days in 2012-13; and fell from 293 days (2011-12) to 232 days in 2012-13 for developments valued over \$20 million. The drop in determination times for developments valued over \$20 million relates to the reduction of the numbers of DAs determined by regional panels in 2012-13. The activity of the regional panels is discussed in detail in chapter 4.

Table 3-8: Statewide DA median determination times (days) by value 2012-13 and 2011-12									
Value		Gross determination time				Stop-the-clock time		Referral time	
	2012-13	2011-12	2012-13	2011-12	2012-13	2011-12	2012-13	2011-12	
\$0 Value	37	42	25	27	33	39	32	40	
Under \$100K	35	37	27	28	23	25	23	28	
\$100K-under \$500K	46	51	32	34	28	31	22	28	
\$500K-under \$1m	92	97	54	56	46	48	30	32	
Under \$1m	41	43	29	30	27	29	23	28	
\$1m-under \$5m	133	137	71	75	70	63	54	50	
\$5m-under \$20m	174	166	83	90	98	76	65	64	
\$5m-under \$100m	181	176	90	91	97	91	70	69	
\$20m+	192	196	106	95	70	123	93	77	
\$30m+	196	195	111	100	80	135	119	85	
\$50m+	199	202	106	98	83	175	93	70	

Notes:

Median STC times are only for DAs where STC occurred.

Median referral times are only for DAs where referral occurred.

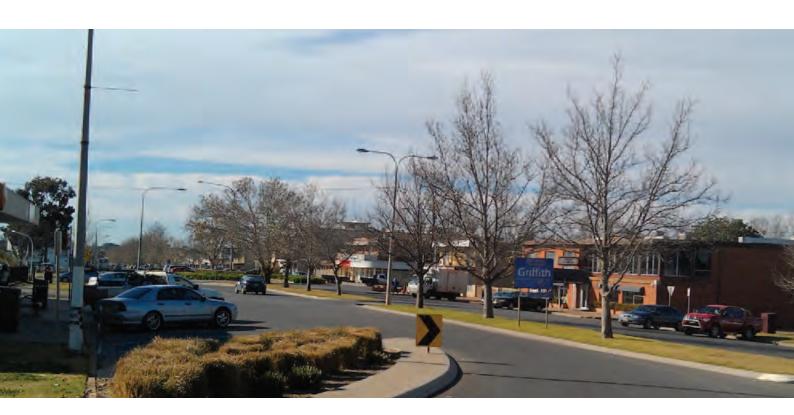


Table 3-9 shows the mean gross determination time regardless of assessment process (ie. DA and CDC times are combined) for certain development categories where CDCs are more prevalent. The combined mean gross determination times for all categories were slightly lower than the mean gross determination time for DAs alone (see Table 3-10).

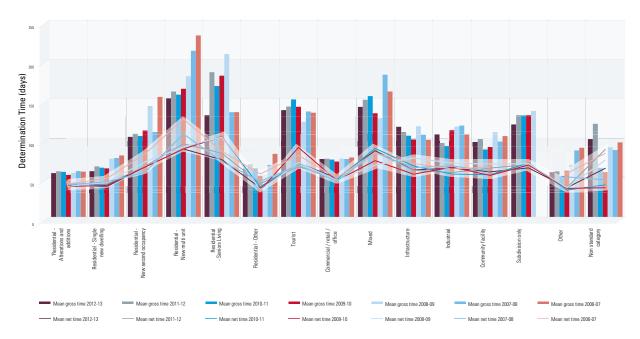
Table 3-9: DA and CDC Mean Gross Determination Times (days) by development category					
Category of development	2012-13	2011-12			
Residential - Alterations and additions	52	54			
Residential - Single new dwelling	55	62			
Residential - New second occupancy	99	103			
Commercial / retail / office	70	70			
Industrial	104	92			
Community facility	92	97			



Figure 13 and **Table 3-10** show the mean gross determination times of DAs based on the development type. The lowest and the highest DA determination times for 2012-13 were both for residential development types. New single dwellings (58 days) and alterations and additions (56 days) were among the lowest times while seniors living (129 days) and multi-unit development (151 days) had the highest overall times.

Other developments such as new second occupancies, tourist and mixed use development, have had mean gross determination times of 100 days or more since 2006-07.

Figure 13: DA Determination times by development category 2006-07 to 2012-13



Note: The development category "subdivision only" was introduced in 2008-09

The results are an indicator of the type of developments which, despite their simple nature, (for instance, new single dwellings) are often subject to numerous factors which can extend the determination times, such as environmental and urban design issues, inadequate information and sub-standard applications submitted. Other developments such as seniors living developments can be subject to numerous environmental issues and community concerns.

These results will continue to be monitored as the impacts of the complying development codes and other planning reforms are felt.

Table 3-10: Statewide mean DA determination time by development category 2012-13						
Category	Net determination time	Gross determination time	Stop-the- clock time	Referral time		
1. Residential - Alterations and additions	40	56	43	27		
2. Residential - Single new dwelling	38	58	46	36		
3. Residential - New second occupancy	63	102	60	47		
4. Residential - New multi unit	86	151	86	83		
5. Residential - Seniors Living	73	129	99	94		
6. Residential - Other	37	61	57	44		
7. Tourist	69	136	104	79		
8. Commercial / retail / office	49	73	57	45		
9. Mixed	84	140	91	81		
10. Infrastructure	60	114	106	61		
11. Industrial	62	105	85	52		
12. Community facility	57	95	76	66		
13. Subdivision only	62	117	107	74		
14. Other	37	57	63	47		
15. Non standard category	62	99	57	81		

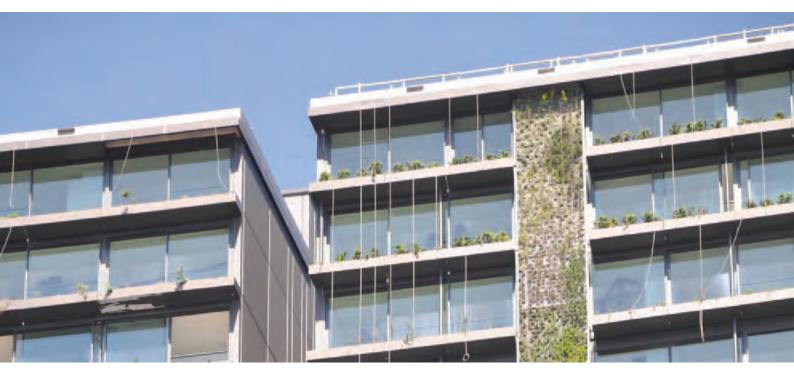
Notes

 $\label{eq:mean_stop} \textit{Mean stop-the-clock (STC) times are averages of STC time only for DAs where STC occurred.}$

Mean referral times are averages of referral time only for DAs where referral occurred.

Not all councils classified all their developments into the department's development categories. Developments that could not be classified into a department category were counted by the department as "non standard category".

Since gross and net determination times in the table above are averages for all DAs, average STC and referral times cannot be deducted from the gross time to obtain the net times shown in the above table.



DA Modifications (S96 Applications)

Section 96 applications (s96) are applications to modify an existing DA consent (approval). S96 applications range from significant revisions requiring substantial merit assessment to correcting minor errors in the approval. Depending on the extent of changes proposed, the time taken to assess the modifications can be similar and in some cases longer than the time taken to determine the original DA.

The EP&A Act classifies the type of modification application according to its significance, but requires that the development (as modified) is substantially the same development as the development described in the original application

The types of s96 modifications are s96 (1) modifications involving minor error, misdescription or miscalculation; s96 (1A) modifications involving minimal environmental impact; s96 (2) other modification and s96AA modification by consent authorities of consents granted by the Land and Environment Court.

There are a number of statutory steps that need to be taken before the environmental impact of the Section 96 application can be assessed. Firstly the application must be assessed to ensure it is 'substantially the same development' and secondly that the changes have been accurately described as s96 (1), s96 (1A) or s96 (2).

Most have a far lower processing time than standard DAs, but not always. Some (mostly rural) councils did not determine any s96 applications.

In 2012-13, the most common type of s96 application submitted was the s96(1A) which usually involves minor changes to the development that result from detailed requirements of the construction certificate, unforeseen events during construction, and/or the applicant requesting minor changes to the development before the development is completed.

Table 3-11: s96 Categories					
s96 Category	2012-13	% of total			
s96(1A) - Minimal environmental impact	5,176	66.5			
s96(1) - Minor error/misdescription or miscalculations	1,325	17			
s96(2) - Other modification	1,096	14.1			
Other s96 – (s96AA and s96AB)	184	2.4			

Table 3-12 shows that the mean gross processing times for s96 applications in 2012-13 was 51 days, slightly lower than the 54 days in 2011-12. Average determination times for s96 modifications have fallen compared with 2006-07, but have been relatively stable since 2008-09.

Table 3-12: s96/DA mean gross determination times										
Financial Year	2012-13	2011-12	2010-11	2009-10	2008-09	2007-08	2006-07			
Mean gross determination times s96 modifications only	51	54	52	52	53	58	57			
Mean gross determination times DAs + s96 modifications	65	68	65	64	71	72	73			

Complying Development

Complying development is a form of approval for development identified under State Environmental Planning Policies or a council's Local Environmental Plan or Development Control Plan that must meet specified predetermined development standards.

If the proposed development meets the predetermined development standards and other requirements set in the Codes SEPP or the local council's complying development code, the development can be approved in 10 days or less. Typical CDC developments are new homes, renovations or improvements to homes or apartments, and office, shop or industrial building change of use or fit outs. Stop-the-clock and referrals are not possible with complying development applications.

A development approved as a complying development requires compliance with a series of predetermined development standards while developments subject to merit approval must be assessed against a wide range of environmental, social and economic considerations and involve various forms of community consultation.

As noted in Chapter 2, complying development increased from 23% of all DA and CDC determinations in 2011-12 (excluding section 96 modifications) to 25% in 2012-13. Accredited (private) certifiers determined 74% of CDCs in 2012-13 compared to 70% of CDCs in 2011-12.

Table 3-13: CDCs determined by councils and private certifiers							
	2012-13	2011-12					
Number of CDCs determined	19,192	17,128					
Percentage of CDCs determined by councils (%)	26	30					
Percentage of CDCs determined by private certifiers (%)	74	70					

The determination times for CDCs reported since 2009-10 are only based on records of CDCs issued by councils due to inadequate date information for CDCs issued by private certifiers.

Accredited (private) certifiers have a statutory obligation to send councils details of the complying development applications that they determined including information on the date the application was lodged by the applicant, the date the application was determined and whether the CDC was issued under the Codes SEPP or under the local council's Exempt and Complying DCP. This information is for the public record and also assists councils to enforce development approvals. However, the data can be incomplete particularly regarding dates and planning controls.

The reporting and completeness of complying development data needs to continue to improve. This relies on both accredited certifiers providing complete and accurate data to councils within a reasonable timeframe and council systems retaining the information appropriately. The issues with the data submitted by private certifiers continue and further steps need to be taken to address the issue, especially in view of the ever increasing number of determinations made under the Codes SEPP, by private certifiers.

The data on determination times by councils for CDCs is very informative, despite the limitations imposed by incomplete data on Complying Development Certificates. The median determination time for 2012-13 was unchanged at 8 days (based on data from 144 councils) (**Table 3-15**).

As in 2011-12, CDCs could be lodged under either the Codes SEPP or a council Local Environmental Plan or Development Control Plan. The determination times are higher than the 10-day statutory timeframe because some councils are requesting additional information from applicants to resolve issues when required, rather than refuse the CDC (stop-the-clock does not apply to CDC applications).

Table 3-14: Mean determination time for council CDCs with valid dates						
	2012-13	2011-12				
Mean determination time - council determined CDCs only	17	18				

 $Note: Determination\ times\ are\ only\ for\ records\ with\ valid\ dates.\ For\ full\ explanation\ of\ valid\ dates,\ see\ Appendix\ 2.$

Table 3-15: Median determination time for council CDCs with valid dates						
	2012-13	2011-12				
Median determination time - council determined CDCs only	8	8				



CDC determination times by value

Determination times were substantially higher for developments valued \$500k-under \$1m (38 days mean determination time and 19 days median determination time), however this applied to only 45 CDCs in 2012-13 (Table 3-16).

Table 3-16: Statewide CDC times by value 2012-13							
Value range	Mean determination time	Median determination time	Number of valid council CDC records				
\$0 Value	18	9	149				
Under \$100k	16	8	3,785				
\$100k-under \$500k	19	10	1,073				
\$500k-under \$1m	38	19	45				
Under \$1m	17	8	4,903				
\$1m and over	21	9	14				

Note: Only CDCs determined by councils are included in this table due to invalid data / missing data on dates of lodgement or determination for CDCs determined by private certifiers.

CDC determination times by development type

Table 3-17 shows the mean and median determination times for the three most common development types for CDCs. Mean times were higher than the statutory time of a maximum 10 days; but all the median times were under the 10 day limit.

Table 3-17: Council CDC determination times by development category								
Category	Mean determination time	Median determination time	Number of council issued CDCs					
Residential - Alterations and additions	17	9	2,356					
Residential - Single new dwelling	13	8	843					
Commercial / retail / office	18	8	404					

Note: Only CDCs determined by councils are included in this table due to invalid data / missing data on dates of lodgement or determination for CDCs determined by private certifiers.



3.2 Council Trends

Care needs to be taken when viewing tables on council performance in processing and determining development applications. The gross time is the time perceived by the applicant from submitting the application to receiving a determination, but that time is influenced by a number of factors which are outside the direct control of councils.

Although the average gross determination time for DAs was 68 days, determination times varied considerably across the state, ranging from 14 days mean gross determination time (Conargo Shire Council) to 166 days (Wentworth Shire Council).

There is no change in the number of councils that reported mean gross determination times of 100 days or more for DAs, fifteen councils in both 2012-13 and 2011-12, but still significantly higher than 2010-11 when only eight councils reported a mean gross determination time of 100 days or more.

Table 3-18 lists the councils with mean gross processing times for DAs of 100 days or more. The councils are listed according to the codes set by the Division of Local Government (DLG). "The councils are classified according to their socioeconomic characteristics and their capacity to deliver a range of services to the community" (refer appendix A).

The greatest number of councils with times over 100 days was concentrated in DLG Group 2 which is to be expected as Group 2 contains Sydney based councils, and have the greatest number of DAs covering a wide range of application types. It is noted that the 'simple DA' is now increasingly being determined as complying development under the expanded Codes SEPP, which will result in DAs taking longer to determine due to their complexity and possible impacts.

Table 3-18: Councils	with mean gro	oss DA dete	rmination ti	mes over 10	0 days
Council	DLG Code	Mean 2012- 13	Mean 2011- 12	% change	Median 2012-13
Botany Bay City Council	2	129	136	-5	126
North Sydney Council	2	102	109	-6	74
Waverley Council	2	101	106	-4	77
Woollahra Municipal Council	2	101	87	15	73
Hurstville City Council	3	103	117	-12	77
Canterbury City Council	3	110	94	18	79
Greater Taree City Council	4	109	127	-14	43
Singleton Council	4	131	89	47	50
Great Lakes Council	4	103	86	20	58.5
Wollondilly Shire Council	6	101	102	-2	43
Brewarrina Shire Council	8	114	52	120	61
Wentworth Shire Council	10	166	183	-10	63
Kyogle Council	10	134	149	-10	48
Gwydir Shire Council	10	126	43	191	42
Cabonne Shire Council	11	108	81	34	49



Tables 3-19 and **3-20** provide some breakdown of determination times for the councils with mean gross determination times over 100 days.

Table	3-19: Co	uncils v			s DA de and val		tion tin	nes ove	r 100 da	ys
Council	DLG	Mean Gross DAs only	<\$100k	>\$100k	\$100k -\$500k	\$500k -\$1m	<\$1m	\$1m -\$5m	\$5m -\$20m	> \$20 m
Botany Bay City Council	2	129	110	154	138	168	123	153	204	257
North Sydney Council	2	102	79	132	110	169	95	148	211	194
Waverley Council	2	101	75	129	107	157	93	183	268	200
Woollahra Municipal Council	2	101	69	138	105	146	88	173	363	163
Canterbury City Council	3	110	78	152	117	148	96	273	311	231
Hurstville City Council	3	103	80	126	114	136	99	153	204	131
Singleton Council	4	131	139	120	117	127	131	151	144	-
Greater Taree City Council	4	109	99	125	81	76	92	894	722	-
Great Lakes Council	4	103	83	132	108	469	100	542		-
Wollondilly Shire Council	6	101	99	104	83	125	95	714	278	-
Brewarrina Shire Council	8	114	114				114			-
Wentworth Shire Council	10	166	91	247	248		166	160		-
Kyogle Council	10	134	163	62	62		134			-
Gwydir Shire Council	10	126	143	89	83		125	140		-
Cabonne Shire Council	11	108	110	103	69	181	104	213	171	-

Table 3-20 shows there is not always a correlation between the total value of DAs determined and the gross time taken to determine DAs. Wentworth Shire had the longest mean gross determination time of 166 days but the total value of determined DAs was only \$18.1m, compared with North Sydney Council which determined \$396.1 million worth of DAs in 102 days mean gross time.

Table 3-20: Councils with mean gross DA determination time over 100 days - total values and time breakdown									
Council	DLG Code	Mean Gross Time - DAs only	Estimated Value of DAs Determined	Estimated Value of DAs Approved	Mean Stop- the-clock time (days)	Mean Referral time (days)			
Botany Bay City Council	2	129	\$191.4m	\$191.4m	69	69			
North Sydney Council	2	102	\$396.1m	\$370.7m	92	-			
Waverley Council	2	101	\$260.9m	\$225.9m	68	-			
Woollahra Municipal Council	2	101	\$349.8m	\$299m	45	80			
Ott	2	110	ФЕ70 7	ФЕОТ О	70	101			
Canterbury City Council	3	110	\$570.7m	\$537.8m	79	121			
Hurstville City Council	3	103	\$230.3m	\$159.4m	37	49			
						I			
Singleton Council	4	131	\$103.7m	\$102.8m	189	45			
Greater Taree City Council	4	109	\$97.2m	\$75.1m	123	57			
Great Lakes Council	4	103	\$52.5m	\$50.8m	176	97			
Wollondilly Shire Council	6	101	\$126m	\$106.9m	97	46			
Brewarrina Shire Council	8	114	\$0.17m	\$0.16m	144	-			
Wentworth Shire Council	10	166	\$18.1m	\$18.1m	58	75			
Kyogle Council	10	134	\$5m	\$5m	14	59			
Gwydir Shire Council	10	126	\$9.3m	\$9.3m	77	39			
Cabonne Shire Council	11	108	\$14.3m	\$14.1m	139				

Table 3-21 shows that councils with the highest mean gross determination time for residential alterations/ additions and single new dwellings valued under \$500,000 had few CDCs as a proportion of their total determinations.

				mination time (E ngs under \$500,	
Council	Mean gross determination time	Median gross determination time	Number of DAs determined	CDCs as % of total determinations	Number of CDCs determined with valid dates
DLG Group 1					<u> </u>
City of Sydney Council	65	57	460	0	0
DLG Group 2					
Botany Bay City Council	128	123	62	3	2
Pittwater Council	97	65	262	3	7
North Sydney Council	94	79	173	1	1
DLG Group 3					
Willoughby City Council	88	71	292	9	28
Rockdale City Council	77	53	168	3	5
Hurstville City Council	76	63	158	11	19
DLG Group 4					
Singleton Council	111	34	232	1	3
Great Lakes Council	73	52	273	4	10
Greater Taree City Council	71	35	230	2	4
DLG Group 5					
The City of Newcastle Council	66	48	880	1	13
Coffs Harbour City Council	56	27	611	2	15
Shoalhaven City Council	53	31	1,049	3	32
DLG Group 6					
Hawkesbury City Council	74	44	152	4	7
Wollondilly Shire Council	69	34	432	5	22
Camden Council	32	24	848	7	59
DLG Group 7					
Blue Mountains City Council	76	57	507	0	2

Table 3-21: Councils with the highest mean gross determination time (DA + CDC) for residential alterations/additions and single new dwellings under \$500,000 in value

Council	Mean gross determination time	Median gross determination time	Number of DAs determined	CDCs as % of total determinations	Number of CDCs determined with valid dates
Campbelltown City Council	69	50	373	4	14
Liverpool City Council	58	52	827	3	22
DLG Group 8					
Urana Shire Council	27	12	13	0	0
Brewarrina Shire Council	21	26	1	83	5
Jerilderie Shire Council	12	1	1	88	7
DLG Group 9					
Central Darling Shire Council	63	20	8	0	0
Wakool Shire Council	54	26	10	33	5
Weddin Shire Council	51	41	32	20	8
DLG Group 10					
Wentworth Shire Council	209	65	75	10	8
Snowy River Shire Council	79	38	40	7	3
Upper Lachlan Shire Council	67	61	52	0	0
DLG Group 11					
Palerang Council	59	56	195	4	9
Cooma-Monaro Shire Council	57	40	36	5	2
Yass Valley Council	56	52	90	10	10

Table 3-22 shows the five councils that reported the lowest average determination times according to the total value of all DAs determined. All these councils are in rural or regional areas.

Table 3-22: Lowest reporting councils - mean gross DA processing time								
\$0-\$1m	Days	\$1-\$5m	Days	\$5m and over	Days			
Conargo Shire Council	14	Forbes Shire Council	16	Carrathool Shire Council	48			
Bogan Shire Council	15	Bourke Shire Council	21	Gunnedah Shire Council	51			
Temora Shire Council	19	Lachlan Shire Council	22	Hawkesbury City Council	61			
Carrathool Shire Council	19	Leeton Shire Council	23	Bourke Shire Council	70			
Balranald Shire Council	19	Tumbarumba Shire Council	25	Ballina Shire Council	71			

See Appendix 2 for additional notes on data analysis.



Table 3-23 shows those councils that achieved the greatest reduction in their mean gross determination times listed by DLG codes. Where there were no councils in a DLG group that reduced their mean times, those with least change were listed. Some significant improvements were made by councils that previously had mean gross determination times over 100 days.

Country councils appear to have made more significant improvements to their determination times compared to urban councils. As always, care needs to be taken when making direct comparisons as the nature of DAs vary significantly between regions and the comparisons should be made within the DLG groups. Lithgow Council made one of the greatest improvements, reducing their mean gross determination time from 126 days in 2011-12 to 72 days in 2012-13. Of the metropolitan councils, Hurstville Council, made significant improvements reducing their times from 117 days to 92 days.

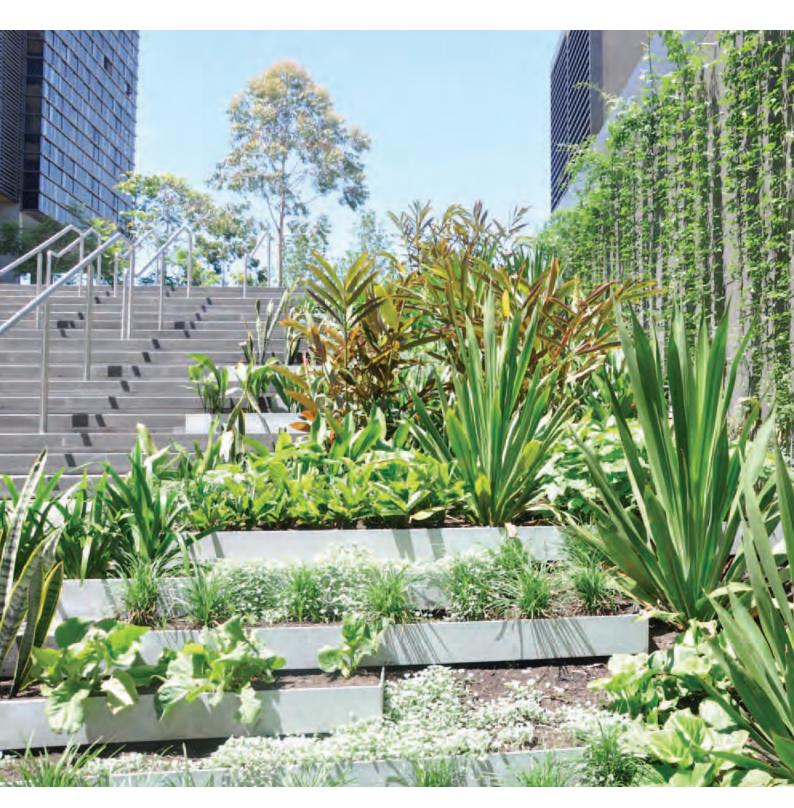


Table 3-23 - Top 3 improvers by DLG group						
Council	Mean Gross DAs only (2012-13)	Mean Gross DAs only (2011-12)	Mean Gross Time % Change	Estimated Value of DAs Approved (\$		
DLG Group 1						
City of Sydney Council	67	74	-9	\$31		
DLG Group 2						
Pittwater Council	71	107	-34	\$166.6n		
Strathfield Municipal Council	67	87	-23	\$58.8n		
Mosman Municipal Council	86	109	-22	\$184.8r		
DLG Group 3						
Warringah Council	35	47	-25	\$206r		
Hurstville City Council	92	117	-21	\$470.4r		
City of Canada Bay Council	78	98	-20	\$192.8r		
DLG Group 4						
Lithgow City Council	72	126	-43	\$41.6r		
Tamworth Regional Council	36	57	-37	\$112.3r		
Armidale Dumaresq Council	64	97	-34	\$29.5r		
DLG Group 5		'				
Tweed Shire Council	62	93	-34	\$182.8r		
Wollongong City Council	56	66	-15	\$344.4r		
The City of Newcastle Council	84	91	-7	\$423.9r		
DLG Group 6		'				
Hawkesbury City Council	91	163	-44	\$104.3r		
Wollondilly Shire Council	101	102	-2	\$106.9r		
Camden Council	49	48	4	\$456.2r		
DLG Group 7						
Wyong Shire Council	40	56	-28	\$175.2r		
The Hills Shire Council	73	87	-15	\$560.6r		
Gosford City Council	66	76	-13	\$250.8r		
DLG Group 8		'				
Conargo Shire Council	14	15	-4	\$0.86r		
Jerilderie Shire Council	21	11	93	\$1.6r		
Urana Shire Council	30	14	110	\$0.75r		
DLG Group 9						
Bogan Shire Council	15	33	-55	\$1.1r		
Boorowa Council	46	86	-46	\$3.7r		
Carrathool Shire Council	20	36	-43	\$20.5r		
DLG Group 10			-	,		
Junee Shire Council	26	55	-53	\$4.6r		
Wellington Council	28	46	-40	\$4.5r		
Cobar Shire Council	28	41	-32	\$4.2r		
DLG Group 11	1 20		32	¥£1		
Tumut Council	26	38	-32	\$12r		
Warrumbungle Shire Council	37	48	-23	\$6.1r		
Yass Valley Council	86	111	-22	\$27.7r		

The councils according to their DLG grouping that reported the lowest mean gross time for DAs relating to residential alterations and additions are shown in **Table 3-24**. Country council DLG groups usually have lower processing times than the urban council DLG groups.

Table 3-24: Councils with lowest mean gross DA determination time for residential alterations and additions				
Council	Residential alterations and additions	Single new dwellings		
DLG Group 1				
City of Sydney Council	66	126		
DLG Group 2				
Ashfield Municipal Council	38	89		
Strathfield Municipal Council	57	93		
Lane Cove Council	68	99		
DLG Group 3				
Bankstown City Council	45	69		
Holroyd City Council	55	86		
Sutherland Shire Council	58	68		
DLG Group 4				
Dubbo City Council	23	28		
Deniliquin Council	24	26		
Tamworth Regional Council	26	26		
DLG Group 5				
Lake Macquarie City Council	38	39		
Maitland City Council	41	35		
Wollongong City Council	44	54		
DLG Group 6				
Camden Council	35	33		
Wollondilly Shire Council	68	81		
Hawkesbury City Council	85	70		
DLG Group 7				
Gosford City Council	44	85		
Wyong Shire Council	45	46		
Liverpool City Council	50	61		
DLG Group 8				
Urana Shire Council	30	21		

Table 3-24: Councils with lowest mean gross DA determination time for residential alterations and additions				
Council	Residential alterations and additions	Single new dwellings		
DLG Group 9				
Bombala Council	4	11		
Carrathool Shire Council	4	18		
Warren Shire Council	9	21		
DLG Group 10				
Junee Shire Council	11	10		
Cootamundra Shire Council	19	60		
Bland Shire Council	20	61		
DLG Group 11				
Inverell Shire Council	17	18		
Leeton Shire Council	17	35		
Tumut Council	17	30		



Sydney councils dominated the list of the councils with the highest determination time for certain residential developments shown in Table 3-25.

Many of the councils in **Table 3-25** are inner urban Sydney councils and face similar constraints which are likely to adversely affect their assessment times. These constraints include high population density, often in environmentally sensitive areas, resulting in complex interrelated issues for development assessment and a need for a higher level of public consultation.

Table 3-25: Councils with mean gross DA determination time over 100 days residential alterations and additions **Council DLG Group Residential alterations and** Single new additions dwellings Botany Bay City Council 190 2 127 North Sydney Council 2 113 112 Pittwater Council 2 101 124 4 Singleton Council 109 119



Table 3-26 shows the councils that had mean gross determination times for commercial / retail / office development of over 100 days. In 2011-12, 23 councils fell into this category compared with 28 councils in 2010-11, 24 councils in 2009-10, and 23 councils in 2008-09.

Table 3-20. Councils With	Table 3-26: Councils with mean gross DA determination time over 100 days - commercial/retail/office					
Council	DLG Group	Mean gross time (days)	Construction value estimate			
Botany Bay City Council	2	122	\$86.5m			
Waverley Council	2	101	\$20.3m			
Canterbury City Council	3	123	\$19.8n			
Blacktown City Council	3	113	\$50.2n			
Hurstville City Council	3	114	\$16.1m			
Cessnock City Council	4	195	\$24.5m			
Great Lakes Council	4	180	\$8.4n			
Ballina Shire Council	4	154	\$5.8m			
Lithgow City Council	4	140	\$9.6m			
Port Stephens Council	4	115	\$46.3n			
Singleton Council	4	113	\$10.5n			
The City of Newcastle Council	5	112	\$58.6n			
Maitland City Council	5	108	\$19.7n			
Hawkesbury City Council	6	107	\$21.1m			
Liverpool City Council	7	121	\$38.5m			
Weddin Shire Council	9	190	\$0.03m			
Liverpool Plains Shire Council	10	248	\$0.02m			
Upper Lachlan Shire Council	10	231	\$0.54n			
Tenterfield Shire Council	10	139	\$0.37n			
Wentworth Shire Council	10	110	\$0.98n			
Yass Valley Council	11	161	\$0.74n			
Muswellbrook Shire Council	11	125	\$7.4n			

Table 3-27 shows mean gross determination times for commercial / retail / office development for all Sydney councils with commercial development. **Table 3-27** shows that determination times in the regional and fringe centres for commercial / retail / office DAs were often higher than those in metropolitan areas.

Table 3-27: Mean gross DA determination time commercial/retail/office development - Sydney Region					
Council	DLG Group	Gross Days	Construction value estimate		
City of Sydney Council	1	55	\$897.2m		
Botany Bay City Council	2	122	\$86.5m		
Waverley Council	2	101	\$20.3m		
Woollahra Municipal Council	2	93	\$6.3m		
Pittwater Council	2	92	\$2.6m		
Kogarah City Council	2	88	\$0.99m		
Lane Cove Council	2	83	\$109m		
Manly Council	2	77	\$13.6m		
Leichhardt Municipal Council	2	74	\$4.1m		
Strathfield Municipal Council	2	64	\$1.6m		
Burwood Council	2	63	\$1.6m		
North Sydney Council	2	62	\$36.3m		
Mosman Municipal Council	2	62	\$3.5m		
Ashfield Municipal Council	2	39	\$6.7m		
	,	,			
Canterbury City Council	3	123	\$19.8m		
Hurstville City Council	3	114	\$16.1m		
Blacktown City Council	3	113	\$50.2m		
Rockdale City Council	3	97	\$15.9m		
Ku-ring-gai Council	3	74	\$18.8m		
Fairfield City Council	3	73	\$61.2m		
Holroyd City Council	3	68	\$29.5m		
Randwick City Council	3	66	\$21.5m		
Marrickville Council	3	65	\$8.9m		
Sutherland Shire Council	3	64	\$41.2m		
Ryde City Council	3	61	\$50.6m		
Parramatta City Council	3	60	\$35.9m		
Bankstown City Council	3	60	\$23.1m		
Willoughby City Council	3	58	\$60.6m		
Auburn City Council	3	57	\$4.3m		

Table 3-27: Mean gross DA determination time commercial/retail/office development - Sydney Region

Council	DLG Group	Gross Days	Construction value estimate
City of Canada Bay Council	3	54	\$32.4m
Warringah Council	3	54	\$6.9m
Hawkesbury City Council	6	107	\$21.1m
Wollondilly Shire Council	6	93	\$0.94m
Camden Council	6	77	\$17.9m
Liverpool City Council	7	121	\$38.5m
Gosford City Council	7	98	\$36m
Campbelltown City Council	7	92	\$37.7m
Penrith City Council	7	86	\$43.5m
Blue Mountains City Council	7	77	\$7.7m
Hornsby Shire Council	7	76	\$3m
Wyong Shire Council	7	69	\$29.8m
The Hills Shire Council	7	63	\$169.9m

See Appendix 3 for explanation of DLG Codes and zone definitions.



chapter 4 determination bodies, applicants and referral bodies



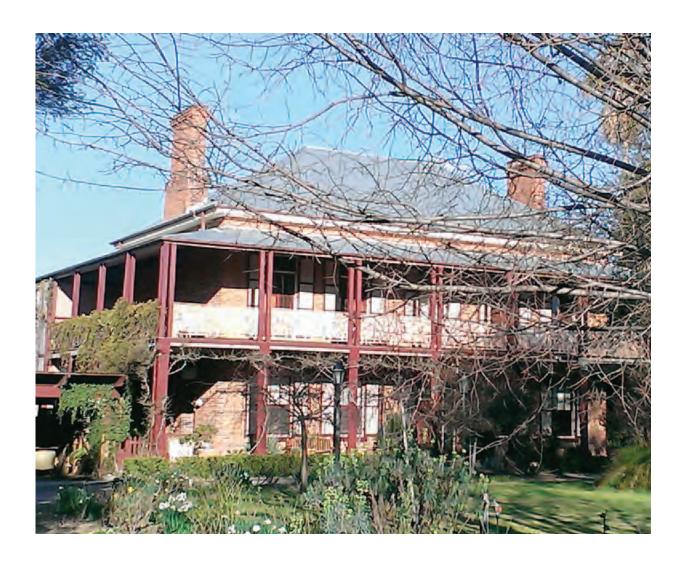
Summary Table - Determination bodies and time (for DAs and CDCs with valid times)							
Determination level	Determinations 2012-13	% of total	Mean gross determination time 2012-13	Determinations 2011-12	% of total	Mean gross determination time 2011-12	
Council staff	59,293	77.8	59	61,259	80.5	62	
Councillors	2,217	2.9	175	2,309	3.0	170	
Private certifiers	14,273	18.7		11,989	15.8		
IHAP or independent panel	172	0.2	146	156	0.2	148	
Other	269	0.4	248	390	0.5	223	
Total	76,224	100	64	76,103	100	67	

Notes:

Mean gross time only includes records with valid dates. Mean gross determination times were not included for CDCs issued by private certifiers for either 2011-12 or 2012-13, as valid date information was missing for most CDCs issued by private certifiers. For full explanation of valid dates, see Appendix 2.

In this table, the numbers of determinations also only include DAs and CDCs with valid dates in order to use the same data set for number of determinations and determination time.

^{&#}x27;Other' includes joint regional planning panels and determination bodies that did not fit into the other categories (e.g. panels consisting of both councillors and staff).



4.1 Statewide Trends

Activity By Determination Body

Determination body activity relates to developments that were approved or refused in 2012-13. It does not cover applications lodged but not yet determined in 2012-13.

Similar to previous years, in 2012-13, council staff continued to make the vast majority of determinations (77.8%).

The results for 2012-13 continue to show the influence of state policies. Most notable was the increase in private certifier determinations which has been increasing since 2010-11, which is to be expected given the additional range of developments covered in the Codes SEPP.

The activity of joint regional planning panels (counted in 'other' in the Summary Table) is also discussed in this chapter.

Council staff, councillors and private certifiers

The proportion of development determined by council staff has been falling since 2008-09: from 91.5% of all determinations (including CDCs) in 2008-09 to 77.8% in 2012-13. This is most likely to have been due to the increase in complying development determined by private certifiers. Private certifiers determined 18.7% of applications in 2012-13 and in 2011-12, 15.8% of determinations.

Figure 14: Values of DAs and CDCs determined by determination level

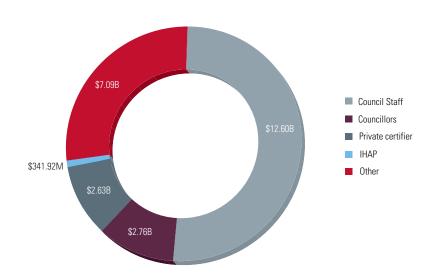


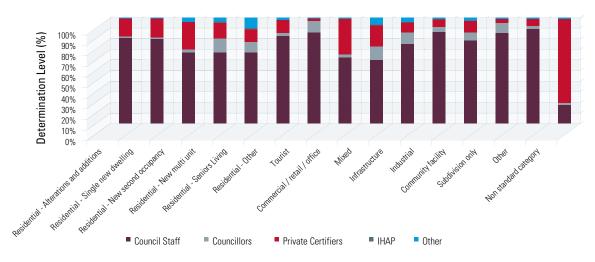
Table 4-1: Total value of development (\$billion) by determination body (DAs and CDCs determined)				
Council Staff	Councillors	Private certifiers IHAP		Other
12.6	2.8	2.6	0.34	7.1

As shown in Figure 14 and **Table 4-1**, the highest values of determinations (approved and refused) were by council staff (\$12.6b) and councillors (\$2.8b). However, the total value of CDC determinations by private certifiers was almost the same value as for councillors at \$2.6b (construction and occupation certificates issued by private certifiers or councils are not included in this analysis). This is a substantial increase in value as private certifiers determined \$1.7b of applications in 2011-12.

Figure 15 below shows that councillors tended to determine less typical developments such as seniors living, residential multi-unit, infrastructure and tourist developments.

Private certifier CDCs featured significantly in the following development categories: commercial / retail / office; mixed; and residential – new secondary occupancy. This is due to the increasing use of complying development for these development categories, encouraged by the Codes SEPP.

Figure 15: Category of development by Determination Level for determined DAs and CDCs



Notes:

- 1. Private certifier determinations are for CDCs only
- 2. Independent Hearing Assessment Panel (IHAP) or Independent Panel does not include where IHAPs or independent panels made recommendations only.
- 3. 'Non standard category' means the development description supplied by councils did not match any of the Department's standard development types because not enough information was supplied to identify the correct development category or no development description was supplied. 'Non standard category' is different from 'other'. 'Other' means a development type apart from the Department's six residential development types and seven non residential development types e.g. demolition only falls into 'other', whereas 'dwelling' is counted in 'non standard category'.

Table 4-2 shows that determinations by councillors remained relatively constant at 2.9% in 2012-13 compared with 3.0% in 2011-12. The percentage of determinations by staff fell by 3.4%, while the percentage of determinations by private certifiers rose by 18.3%.

Table 4-2: Statewide summary of delegations for DA and CDC determined				
	2012-13	2011-12		
Staff (individual, staff committee) as % of all determinations	77.8	80.5		
Councillors (full council or council committee) as % of all determinations	2.9	3.0		
Private certifiers as % of all determinations	18.7	15.8		
IHAP or independent panel as % of all determinations	0.2	0.2		
Other as % of all determinations	0.4	0.5		
Number of reporting councils	152	152		

Notes:

See notes with Figure 15 above.

CDC information is incomplete, due to data collection issues with Private Certifiers.

Complex and controversial developments are more likely to be referred to councillors and independent panels. In 2012-13 3.5% of determined developments were referred to councillors, IHAPs or 'Other' (including regional panels). It is likely that not all private certifier refusals were recorded in the 2012-13 data. The Department has found gaps in information on private certifier certificates in the past years and therefore the information on CDCs is considered incomplete.

Table 4-3 shows that IHAP or independent panels and councillors were more likely to refuse development consent than other determination bodies. Independent Hearing Assessment Panels (IHAPs) refused 14% of developments and councillors 8.9%. However, only 172 DAs were reported as being determined by an IHAP in 2012-13. 'Other' includes regional panels, who refused 6.9% of the 245 developments determined during the year (see Table 4-4).

Table 4-3: Percentage of DAs and CDCs determined that were approved and refused						
Level of determination Number % approved % refuse						
Council staff	59,293	98.1	1.9			
Councillors	2,217	91.1	8.9			
Private certifiers	14,273	100	0			
IHAP or independent panel	172	86	14			
Other	269	90.7	9.3			

Notes:

See notes with Figure 15 above.

CDC information is incomplete, due to data collection issues with Private Certifiers.

Joint regional planning panels

The Joint Regional Planning Panels (regional panels) provide independent, merit-based decision making on regionally significant development. Applications for regionally significant development are notified and assessed by the local council and then determined by the relevant regional panel.

Regional panels may also have a role in planning proposals, where the Minister for Planning and Infrastructure has appointed the regional panel to act as the relevant planning authority (RPA). In 2012-13, the regional panels also increased their role in providing advice to the Minister on planning proposals and whether they should be considered by the LEP Gateway Panel, and also undertaking reviews of Gateway determinations when requested. These advisory roles have previously been undertaken by the regional panels but were formalised in October 2012 with changes made to the plan making processes.

Table 4.4 Number of JRPP Determinations including s96(2) modifications by Type of Development					
	Approved	Refused	Total		
Capital Investment Value \$10M-\$20M	1	-	1		
Capital Investment Value > \$10M	19	2	21		
Capital Investment Value> \$20M	104	8	112		
CIV > \$5M - Council interest	20	1	21		
CIV > \$5M - Crown Development	21	-	21		
CIV > \$5M - Private infrastructure and community facilities	27	1	28		
Coastal Subdivision	2	-	2		
Crown - s89 referral	5	-	5		
Designated Development - Extractive Industry	1	-	1		
Designated Development - Marina		1	1		
Designated Development - Waste Facility	4	2	6		
S96(2) Modification Application	23	2	25		
Subdivision > 250 Lots	1	-	1		
Total	228	17	245		

As shown in **table 4.4** and **4.5**, in 2012-13 the regional panels determined 245 applications with 228 approved and 17 refused. The total includes 25 s96(2) modifications to existing approvals. The total value of approved projects was \$5.577 billion, including s96(2) modification approvals. The JRPP approved 205 new developments in 2012-13.



Table 4.5: Regional panels decisions and determination times by region 2012-13						
Region	Determinations	Approved	Refused	Average DA Determination Time (days)	CIV of Approvals	
Hunter & Central Coast	20	17 (1)	3	310	\$324,550,380	
Northern	18	18 (1)	0	173	\$267,257,285	
Southern	21	19	2	214	\$317,614,043	
Sydney East	90	83 (8)	7 (1)	179	\$2,523,948,718	
Sydney West	82	78 (5)	4	295	\$1,963,567,862	
Western	14	13	1	142	\$180,065,936	
Total	245	228	17	230	\$5.577bn	

(Number) The number in brackets is the number of determinations made by the regional panels contrary to the council recommendation. The values include S96(2) Modification Applications

 $Note: \ excludes \ Crown \ s89 \ referrals, Crown \ DA's \ CIV>\$5M \ referred \ to \ Minister, 120 \ day \ referrals \ (CIV \$10M-\$20M) \ and \ s96(2) \ modifications$

Consistent with previous years, the percentage of determinations that were in accordance with the council recommendation was 93.5%. This continues to demonstrate that the recommendation of the council assessment report is a key factor in whether the regional panel approves or refuses an application.

Determination Time By Determination Body

Determination times by determination body relates to all developments with a determination outcome in 2012-13, approved or refused. It does not cover applications lodged but not yet determined by 30 June 2013.

The average gross determination time for developments (DAs and CDCs) determined by council staff was 59 days and the median gross time was 40 days, significantly lower than the result for other determination groups (see chapter 4 summary table).

Table 4-6 shows that for DAs determined by councillors, both mean and median determination times were significantly higher than for DAs determined by council staff. Both mean and median gross days were over 100 days for councillor determinations, their mean gross determination rose marginally from 171 days in 2011-12 to 176 days in 2012-13. Councillors determined 3.9% of DAs statewide while council staff determined 95.4% (not including CDCs).

DAs referred to councillors are more likely to be contentious or complex and make their determinations based on council staff reports and recommendations. Council officers must complete their assessment and recommendations before the DA can be dealt with by councillors. The DA also has to go through public consultation and fit in with the frequency of council meetings. These are all factors affecting processing times. However, these determination times, including net determination times (which exclude STC and referral time), are still high. The Department will continue to monitor these trends.

The high STC periods and referral times are the result of the complexity and the potential environmental impact of the proposed developments. Inadequate and insufficient information supplied as part of the DA is a significant issue. DAs may also be subject to design changes during the assessment period and may even require re-notification due to these changes.

Table 4.6: Determination times councillors and council staff (DAs only)						
Description	Councillors	Staff	Both			
Number of DAs determined	2,207	54,386	56,593			
Number with valid net time (1-3649 days)	2,133	53,628	55,761			
Mean stop-the-clock time (days)	110	52	55			
Number of DAs with stop-the-clock time	1,219	19,182	20,401			
Mean referral time (days)	91	42	46			
Number of DAs with referral time	479	5,693	6,172			
Mean gross time (days)	176	63	67			
Mean net time (days)	104	42	44			
Median gross time (days)	129	40	42			
Median net time (days)	76	29	30			

Note:

^{1. &}quot;Valid net time" excludes records where net time is negative or greater than 10 years. Net time is gross determination time minus referral and stop-the-clock time. As referral and STC days may occur on the same days, their sum may double count days and net time may be negative in some cases. Determination times greater than 10 years are eliminated from the calculations as they are assumed to be errors.

^{2.} Determination times are for DAs only (not including s96 modifications).

Joint regional planning panels - Determination times

In 2012-13, councillors determined about 3.9% of DAs statewide while regional panels determined 0.4% of DAs. **Table 4-7** shows that the mean gross determination time (225 days) and mean net determination time (121 days) for regional panels were higher than the mean gross determination time and mean net determination time for councillors (176 days and 104 days).

Table 4-7: Regional panels determination time	s
Number of DAs determined by regional panels	245
Number of DAs analysed for regional panels determination times	247
Number of DAs with stop-the-clock	132
Number of DAs with referral	115
Time taken to determine DAs (mean)	
Mean gross time (days)	225
Mean stop-the-clock time (days)	131
Mean referral time (days)	125
Mean net time (days)	121
Time taken to determine DAs (median)	
Median gross time (days)	170
Median net time (days)	91
Time taken to determine DAs over \$20 million (median)	
Median gross time (days)	182
Median net time (days)	92

Note: The calculations on time taken are based on the data as reported by Councils.

The total time for a regional panel determination is comprised of various components as shown in **Table 4-7** above, but the process replicates that taken by DAs determined by councillors. Council officers process the DA from lodgement, coordinate referrals to state agencies if required, undertake public exhibition and receive public submissions, and prepare the assessment report for the panel or the councillors to consider. The processing time will be extended when the panel or councillors request additional information or design changes from the applicants. Regional panels function like councillors, by making the determination after council staff assess the DA and prepare recommendations.

A relatively high proportion of the average determination time for DAs determined by the regional panels was taken up by stop-the-clock (STC), referral and exhibition times. On average, STC took up more than half of the total determination time for DAs that were determined by regional panels. The average STC time was 131 days and the average referral time was 115 days. The mean net time was 111 days.

One of the main contributors to overall determination times was the time taken to determine DAs with a capital investment value less than \$5M (average determination time of 306 days). The DAs in this category include complex developments such as waste management facilities, coastal subdivisions, subdivisions of more than 250 lots and marinas, and require referrals to and approvals from other agencies.

Significantly the average determination time for DAs worth over \$20 million was 216 days, a reduction of 25 days from 2011-12. In 2008-09, the last year before the commencement of the regional panels, the Statewide average determination time for DAs over \$20million was 324 days.

Table 4.8	Table 4.8: Regional panels decisions and determination times by capital investment value 2012-13					
Capital Investment Value (CIV)	Determinations	Approved	Refused	Average DA Determination Time (days)*	CIV of Approvals	
CIV < \$5M	25	21	4	306	\$15,069,257	
CIV \$5-20M	87	83	4	241	\$893,318,721	
CIV > \$20M	133	124	9	216	\$4,668,616,246	
Total	245	228	17	230	\$5.577bn	

^{*} excludes Crown s89 referrals, Crown DA's CIV>\$5M referred to Minister, 120 day referrals (CIV \$10M-\$20M)

The above determination times are in gross days, meaning that any 'stop the clock' times have not been excluded from these figures.

Quality Of DAs Submitted By Applicants

Rejected DAs

DAs can be rejected if the applicant submits illegible, unclear or incomplete information.

A very low proportion of DAs were reported as being rejected (1%), but this figure is likely to be underreported as it does not reflect the number of DAs rejected before being recorded as having been received. Anecdotal information from councils is that the incomplete applications are a significant issue, not reflected by the low percentage of recorded rejections. In addition, to assist applicants, councils often accept inadequate DAs and request the missing information or documentation be submitted, resulting in longer determination times.

Stop-the-clock

A relatively high proportion of DAs had their assessment suspended due to incomplete information from the applicant (stop-the-clock). In 2012-13, 36% of DAs recorded STC events compared to 37% in 2011-12, 2010-11 & 2009-10. However, this was still slightly lower than in previous years (2006-07: 39%; 2007-08: 40%; 2008-09: 40%).

Table 4.9: Statewide stop-the-clock						
	2012-13	%	2011-12	%		
Number of councils that reported STC events	135	89	138	91		
Number of DAs with STC events	20,624	36	22,085	37		
Determination Times (days)						
Mean time (days) spent waiting for further information on DAs from applicant ('stop-the-clock')	56		58			
Median time (days) spent waiting for further information on DAs from applicant ('stop-the-clock')	28		30			

Notes:

The times for stop-the-clock are based on DAs with stop-the-clock events, not all DAs. For instance, for 2011-12, 37% of DAs had stop-the-clock. The mean stop-the-clock time of 58 days was calculated by using the stop-the-clock data for these 37% of DAs. The percentage figures are the percentages of DA records determined that had stop-the-clock time.

Applicants took an average of 56 days in 2012-13 to provide the extra information required. This was lower than the previous years (2006-07: 64 days; 2007-08: 63 days; 2008-09: 64 days; 2010-11: 56 days; 2011-12: 58 days).

The number of reported DAs with STC decreased from 22,085 in 2011-12 to 20,624, this was due to the downturn in DA numbers rather than an improvement in the quality of the DAs submitted. The increased use of CDCs, due to the expansion of the Codes SEPP has also reduced the number of DAs submitted. The percentage of councils reporting STC events in 2012-13 was 89% compared to 91% of councils reported having at least one DA with STC in 2011-12.

When extreme STC times are removed, the median STC decreased slightly from 30 days in 2011-12, to 28 days for 2012-13, which is also an improvement on 2008-09 when it was 31 days.

Improving the quality of DAs is an area where further efforts need to be made. The EP&A Regulation currently allows councils to set a time limit for applicants to provide further information on their DA. In practice, it is understood that some DAs are put on hold indefinitely pending information from the applicant, leading to some inefficient practices. Anecdotal information suggests that some STC events occur where applications are lodged with inadequate information, lie dormant for a lengthy period and are eventually 'closed off' by the council with a formal rejection or are withdrawn by the applicant. These incidences could make a major contribution to increasing determination times.

Councils have also indicated that as their aim is to provide a service to DA applicants, that they will guide an applicant through the DA process and request additional information as required rather than refuse or reject DAs. This adversely impacts on councils' average determination times as it increases the time taken to determine applications.

Activity And Time By Referral Body

Based on council records, the proportion of DAs referred to a state government agency for advice or approval was 11% in 2012-13. As fewer developments are going through the development consent process, the number of referred DAs was also lower. The number of DAs reported as being referred fell from 7,791 in 2009-10 to 7,597 in 2010-11, 6,881 in 2011-12 and 6,293 in 2012-13 (not including s96 modifications).

The average gross referral times (according to council data) by agencies fell, from 50 days in 2011-12 to 48 days in 2012-13, a 4% decrease. Fewer councils reported referrals, 112 councils in 2012-13 and 114 councils in 2011-12.

Table 4.10: Statewide referral times						
Determination Times (days)	2012-13	%	2011-12	%		
Mean time (days) spent by referral agencies assessing DAs	48	11	50	12		
Median time (days) spent by referral agencies assessing DAs	25	11	28	12		
Number of councils that reported referral time	112		114			

Notes

The times for referrals are based on DAs with referral events, not all DAs. For instance, for 2012-13 11% of DAs had referrals.

The mean referral time of 48 days was calculated by using the referral data for these 11% of DAs.

The percentage figures are the percentages of DA records determined that had referral time. S96 modifications to DAs are not included.

2012-13 was the fourth full year of co-ordinated monitoring and reporting on referral performance by state government agencies which began in 2009. There is little consistency between the agencies in terms of data recording methods, and it is not possible to directly compare one agency to another, as the assessment process may differ substantially both between and within agencies.

The agencies' methods of recording data, in relation to concurrences and referrals, do not mirror council recording systems and results in difficulties reconciling data between councils and the agencies. Agencies may also process requests directly from applicants, rather than via council.

A summary of the results is shown below. It should be noted that some statutory referrals are not included in these results. The department's survey of agencies does not include statutory referrals to corporations (e.g. Energy Australia) or Federal Government bodies (e.g. Civil Aviation Safety Authority).

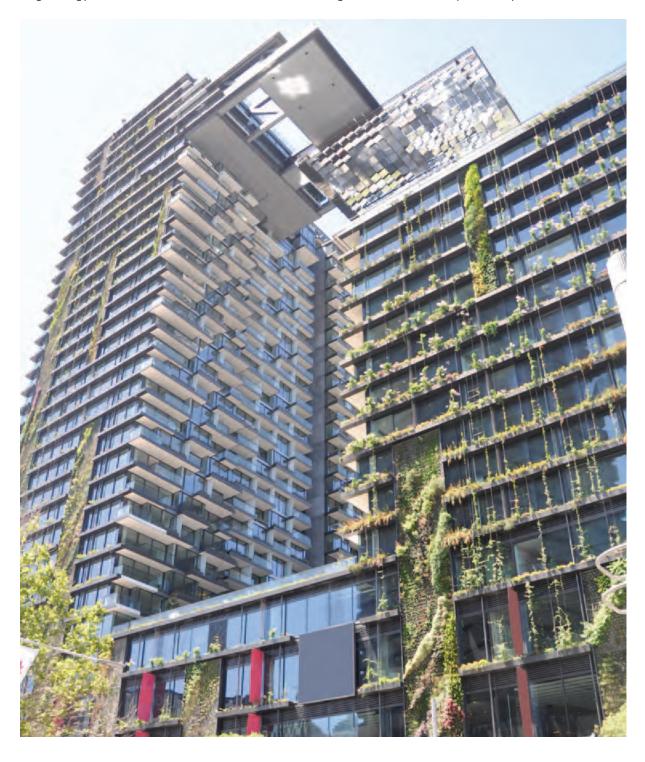


Table 4.11 Activity & time by referral agency – 2012-13							
Agency / Authority	C&R Finalised in Reporting Period	Average Gross Processing Time	Average Net Processing Time	Median Gross Processing Time	Median Net Processing Time	Adequacy of Original Information Submitted (% adequate)	Processed in net <=40 days elapsed time (%)
Department of Planning & Infrastructure	396	34.1	25.4	17	17	81%	86%
DPI - Crown Lands	17	13.5	13.5	7	7	100%	88%
DPI - Fisheries NSW	137	17.4	14.6	14	13	94%	98%
DPI - Fisheries NSW (Marine Parks)	31	33.3	32.1	23	21	90%	74%
DPI - NSW Office of Water	424	45.8	26.2	23	21	84%	81%
DPC - Office of Environment & Heritage	94	50.9	29.7	24	21	69%	81%
Environment Protection Authority	74	38.2	26.4	11	11	82%	92%
Mine Subsidence Board	4,955	3.0	3.0	N.A.	N.A.	95%	100%
Natural Resources Commission	9	28.8	23.4	33	23	56%	89%
Heritage Division, OEH	726	34.7	21.8	15	13	75%	85%
NSW Rural Fire Service	3,445	25.1	25.1	16	16	85%	88%
Railcorp	63	118.7	14.1	63	15	10%	100%
RMS Maritime	86	21.2	21.2	21	21	N.A.	97%
RMS Roads	2,644	24.3	24.3	21	21	95%	86%
Sydney Catchment Authority	176	69.8	31.2	39	35	57%	93%
Sydney Olympic Park Authority	10	0.0	0.0	0	0	100%	100%
Sydney Water Corporation	1	13.0	13.0	13	13	100%	100%
Overall (all agencies)	13,288	19.3	16.5				

Notes:

C&R = concurrence or referral. Concurrence is a form of referral.

 $Average \ net \ processing \ time \ is \ total \ time \ minus \ time \ where \ additional \ information \ was \ being \ provided \ by \ the \ applicant.$

N.A. = not available from data supplied by agency.

Net averages/medians not always available so gross average/median used



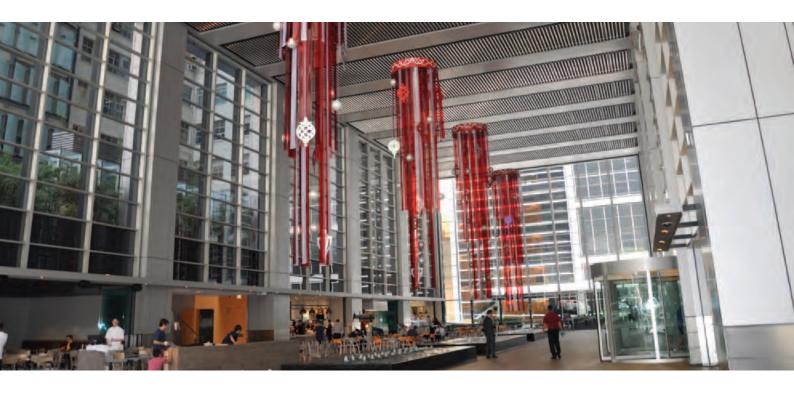
Based on the agency data, the Rural Fire Service, the Mine Subsidence Board and RMS Roads processed the most applications in the period: 83% of all finalisations reported by agencies for the year. The Mine Subsidence Board estimates that more than 90% of applications to their agency do not have a DA lodged. Other agencies may have varying numbers of applications finalised that have not originated with Council. It is estimated that approximately 8,000 finalisations originated from Council.

Agencies reported a higher number of referrals than councils. However, councils report the number of DAs which had one or more referrals. A DA may be referred to more than one agency. It is not possible to know the incidence of multiple referrals from the records received by the department.

The results shown in Table 4-11 derived from state agency data differ from the average referral times calculated using council data (Table 4-10). The differences occur due to the administrative procedures required to submit and receive responses for referrals and concurrences from the various agencies.

DAs can sometimes require multiple approvals or subsequent resubmission to agencies for further assessment and while agencies will consider these as multiple applications, Councils will aggregate the total time taken.

The White Paper 'A New Planning System for NSW' states that a review of the current referral and concurrences legislation will be undertaken with the aim of streamlining the referral and concurrences processes.



4.2 Council Trends

Table 4-12 below shows the ten regional councils with highest proportion of determinations by councillors. As in previous years, they are regional and rural councils that generally have fewer planning staff and therefore fewer opportunities to delegate to staff.

Table 4.12 Ten regional councils with highest percentage of DA determinations by councillors				
Council	Councillors (as % of all DAs determined)	DLG Code		
Gundagai Shire Council	37.2	9		
Warren Shire Council	36.6	9		
Balranald Shire Council	36.4	9		
Junee Shire Council	21.2	10		
Harden Shire Council	20.0	9		
Murray Shire Council	17.5	10		
Brewarrina Shire Council	16.7	8		
Jerilderie Shire Council	16.7	8		
Cowra Shire Council	16.5	11		
Cabonne Shire Council	15.9	11		

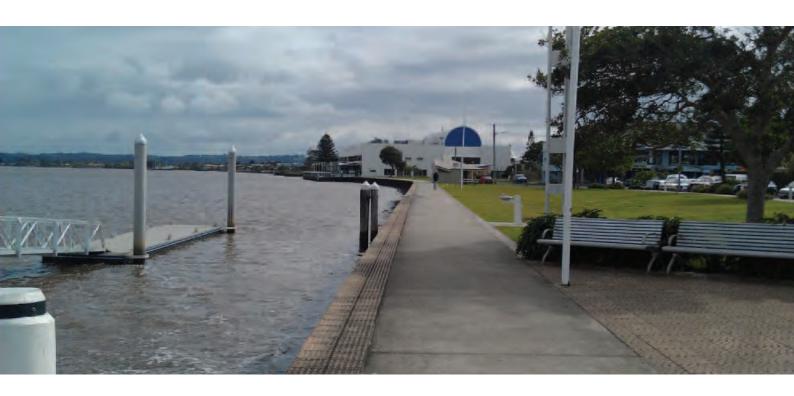


Table 4-13 shows the Sydney region councils with the highest proportion of determinations by councillors. It is interesting to note that councils with the highest percentage of determinations also have some of the longest times for DA determinations.

Table 4-13 Ten Sydney region councils with highest percentage of determinations by councillors				
Council	Councillors (as % of all DAs determined)	DLG Code		
Botany Bay City Council	30.4	2		
Leichhardt Municipal Council	29.0	2		
North Sydney Council	21.8	2		
Ashfield Municipal Council	20.6	2		
Woollahra Municipal Council	16.6	2		
Hunters Hill Municipal Council	15.1	2		
Willoughby City Council	13.3	3		
Randwick City Council	12.6	3		
Waverley Council	12.3	2		
Parramatta City Council	10.7	3		



Summary table - Council Staffing				
2012-13		2011-12		
1,022	Total EFT positions in development assessment reported across the State	1,059		
56	development determinations on average made per full time equivalent staff member	56		
14	councils recorded an average number of development determinations per full time equivalent staff of more than 100	13		
57	councils recorded an average number of development determinations per full time equivalent staff of less than 40	55		

5.1 Statewide Trends

Table 5-1: Statewide council staffing summary	2012-13	2011-12
Total EFTs	1,022	1,059
Total DA determinations	57,032	58,975
Number of DAs determined per EFT	56	56
Number of reporting councils	152	152

Councils are asked to report on the total number of staff involved in development assessment and determination. This includes planners, managers and other staff directly involved in assessment work, but excludes administrative staff and consultants.

In 2012-13, there was a drop in the number of DA determinations by 3.3% from 58,975 to 57,032 compared to 2011-12. The average number of DAs per EFT staff remained constant at 56 for 2011-12 and 2012-13 and the total EFT staff decreased by 3.5% from 1,059 to 1,022.

5.2 Council Trends

The average number of DAs determined per EFT DA staff varied significantly across the state; the averages in metropolitan and regional councils¹ are 49.2 and 54.8 respectively.

Table 5-2 below highlights the councils with the highest numbers of DAs determined per EFT DA staff in 2012-13.

Table 5-2: 20 Councils with the highest number of Development Applications determined per full time DA staff equivalent				
Name	DLG Code	Average DAs determined per EFT	Actual Number of DAs	EFT DA Staff
Walcha Council	9	185	37	0.2
Wyong Shire Council	7	164	1,429	8.7
Warringah Council	3	131	1,312	10
Port Stephens Council	4	130	780	6
Corowa Shire Council	11	120	210	1.75
Maitland City Council	5	120	1,198	10
Kempsey Shire Council	4	119	285	2.4
Mid-Western Regional Council	4	114	455	4
Coffs Harbour City Council	5	109	874	8
Port Macquarie-Hastings Council	5	107	642	6
Campbelltown City Council	7	106	679	6.4
The City of Newcastle Council	5	103	1,336	13
Inverell Shire Council	11	103	154	1.5
Liverpool City Council	7	100	1,204	12
Palerang Council	11	97	292	3
Bega Valley Shire Council	4	93	464	5
Blacktown City Council	3	90	1,892	21
Greater Taree City Council	4	88	351	4
Narrabri Shire Council	11	87	131	1.5
Camden Council	6	85	1,102	13

Metropolitan councils are DLG codes 1 to 3 and regional councils are DLG codes 4 to 11. Refer to Appendix 3 for further information.

Regional councils recording high average numbers of DAs determined per EFT staff generally had a very low number of EFT staff, such as Walcha (0.2 EFT) and Corowa (1.75 EFT staff).

Walcha had the highest number of DAs determined per EFT (185 DAs/EFT) followed by Wyong council with 164 DAs/EFT.

A number of councils are now considering applications for tree removal/trimming as DAs which has increased noticeably the number of DAs processed by councils. This has impacted on the average DA/EFT figures.

Figure 16 shows the ten councils throughout NSW that recorded the highest number of EFT positions directed to development assessment and their actual number of DAs determined. These councils ranged from capital city, metropolitan urban centres, regional centres, coastal areas and major land release areas for dwelling production. There appears no direct correlation between the number of development assessment staff and the volume, value and determination time of DAs. Several factors may explain these variations, including administrative efficiencies, development assessment controls and systems and the complexity of projects being considered.

Figure 16: Councils with the highest actual EFTs in 2012-13

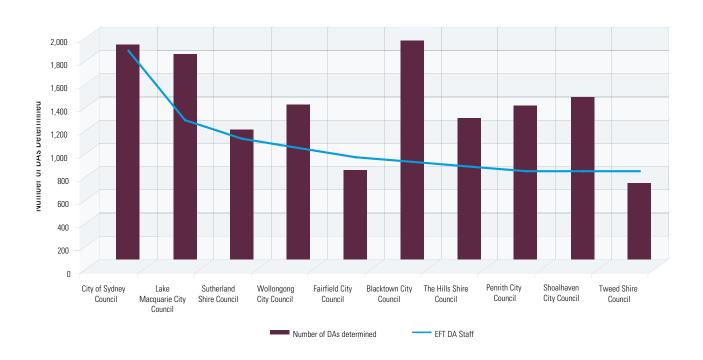


Table 5-3 shows number of DAs determined per EFT for councils with the highest mean gross determination time in 2012-13. A high number of DAs per EFT generally results in a higher average DA determination time.

Wentworth Shire Council had a mean gross determination time of 166 days, amongst the lowest EFT count in the state (2 EFTs) and relatively high average number of DAs per EFT (73 DAs per EFT).

Table 5-3: Ten Councils with the highest determination times by staff to DA ratio				
Name	Mean Gross DA determination time	Average DAs per EFT	DAs determined	EFTs
Wentworth Shire Council	166	73	146	2
Kyogle Council	134	36	71	2
Singleton Council	131	45	403	9
Botany Bay City Council	129	16	138	8.5
Gwydir Shire Council	126	31	59	1.89
Brewarrina Shire Council	114	6	6	1
Canterbury City Council	110	35	471	13.5
Greater Taree City Council	109	88	351	4
Cabonne Shire Council	108	14	69	5
Great Lakes Council	103	56	392	7

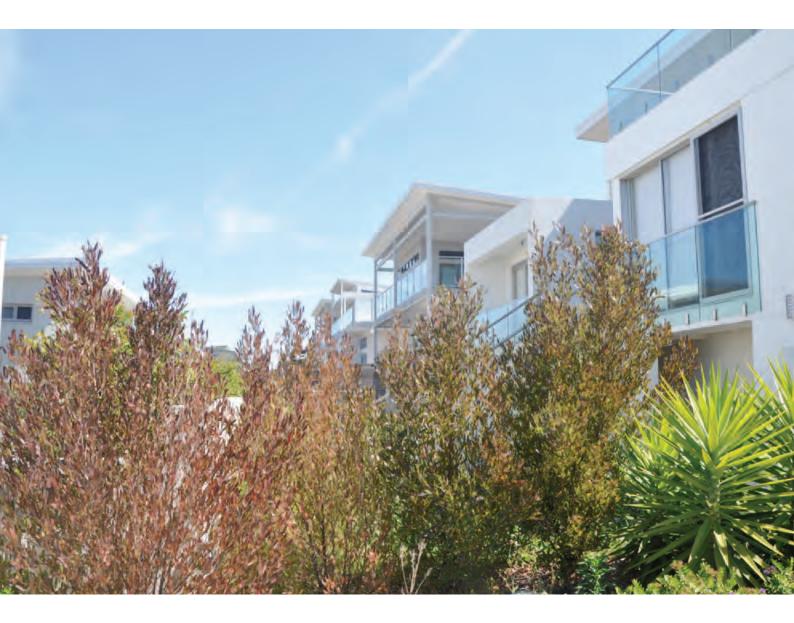
Councils that recorded the greatest increase in EFT staff for development assessment compared with 2011-12 were:

- Hawkesbury Shire Council increased 7 EFTs from 2 to 9,
- Penrith City Council increased 6 EFTs from 13 to 19,
- Cabonne Shire Council increased 4 EFTs from 1 to 5
- Richmond Valley Council increased 4 EFTs from 4 to 8.

Councils that recorded the biggest falls in EFT staff for development assessment compared with 2011-12 were:

- Woollahra Council reduced 9 EFTs from 25 to 16,
- Tweed Shire Council reduced 6 EFTs from 25 to 19,
- Warringah Council reduced 5.6 EFTs from 15.6 to 10, and
- Sutherland Council reduced 5.5 EFTs from 31.5 to 26.

Source Data **Table 5-4** at the end of this report shows the data on staffing for all councils.





Summary table - Reviews and Appeals 2012-13			
2012-13		2011-12	
427	s82A reviews undertaken by reporting councils (56 councils in 2012-13)	626	
66	% s82A reviews approved by councils on review	70	
20	% s82A reviews refused by councils on review	18	
344	Class 1 appeals determined in the Land and Environment Court (49 councils in 2012-13)	403	
26	% of Class 1 appeals upheld	28	

An applicant that is dissatisfied with a council decision on a development application (DA) or application to modify a development consent (s96) can, under certain circumstances, ask for the decision to be reviewed by the council under section 82A of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 (EP&A Act), the so called 's82A review,' or appeal the matter to the Land and Environment Court (LEC) under the Land and Environment Court Act 1979.

S82A Review

Following commencement of the Planning Appeals Legislation Amendment Act 2010 (PALA) on 28 February 2011, the s82A review has been expanded and three classes of internal review are available, as follows:

- reviews of DAs rejected due to inadequate information when lodged with council (s82B of the EP&A Act):
- reviews of DA determinations (s82A of the EP&A Act); and
- reviews of modification determinations (s96AB of the EP&A Act).

S82A review does not apply to applications for complying development certificates (CDC), designated development, integrated development, deemed refusal, Crown DA and determinations made by a regional panel. A S96AB review does not apply to modifications relating to minor error, misdescription or miscalculation, as well as CDC, designated development, integrated development, Crown DA, deemed refusal and determinations made by a regional panel.

Land and Environment Court Merit Appeal

Alternatively, the applicant can appeal against a council decision to the LEC. Appeals can be made when:

- the application is refused;
- the conditions of consent are disputed; or
- the application has not been determined in the deemed refusal period as prescribed in the Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2010 (EP&A Regulation).

Excluded:

- decisions on CDC;
- decisions made by the Planning and Assessment Commission (PAC) if the decision was made after a public hearing; and
- decisions on designated development made by any determining authority if the decision was made after a public hearing by the PAC.



Part 3 of the Land and Environment Court Act 1979 allows the LEC to hear and dispose a range of matters. The court's jurisdiction is divided into the following classes.

- Class 1 Environmental planning and protection appeals.
- Class 2 Local government and miscellaneous appeals and applications.
- Class 3 Land tenure, valuation, rating and compensation matters.
- Class 4 Environmental planning and protection and development contract civil enforcement.
- **Class 5** Environmental planning and protection criminal enforcement.
- Class 6 Appeals from convictions relating to environmental offences.
- Class 7 Other appeals relating to environmental offences.
- Class 8 Mining matters.

In addition, the objector/third party who made a submission objecting to a DA during the public exhibition period can bring a merits appeal against a decision to approve designated development. There is no merits appeal right available if the DA is not classified as designated development or if a public hearing has been held by the PAC.

The implementation of the mandatory conciliation-arbitration scheme in the LEC allows for faster and less costly appeals. The scheme applies to appeals for small scale residential development. The main objective of the new procedure is to "provide quick, just and cost effective appeals and reviews for users of the planning system".

^{1.} Minister's Second Reading Speech, Hansard 11/11/2010

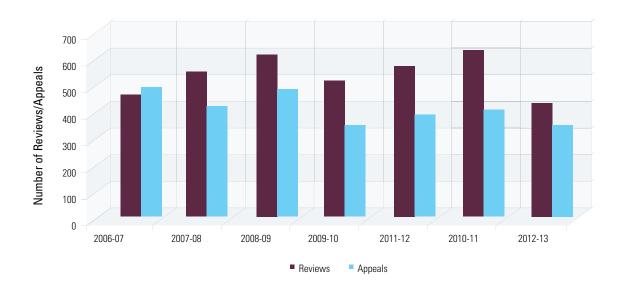
6.1 Statewide Trends

Only a very small number of DAs and s96 applications were contested through the formal review or appeal process (**Table 6-1**).

Four hundred and twenty seven (427) s82A reviews were reported as being determined in 2012-13 compared with 626 in 2011-12. Three hundred and forty four (344) Class 1 appeals were reported compared with 403 in 2011-12. Class 1 appeals are generally appeals against a council planning decision and are determined on the merits of the development proposal, rather than on legal issues, by the LEC.

Figure 17 shows that since 2007-08, there were more reviews by councils each year than appeals (Class 1) through the LEC.

Figure 17: Number of Reviews compared with Class 1 Legal Appeals 2006-07 to 2012-13



The numbers of completed s82A reviews and Class 1 appeals for 2012-13 decreased 31.8% and 14.6% respectively, compared to 2011-12.

Changes to the planning appeals legislation in February 2011 included new rights to s82A reviews, a new conciliation-arbitration scheme for small scale residential development appeals, reduced statutory limitation period for merit appeals and lower cost to amend plans during the proceedings. Appeal and review numbers are lower than 2011-12 and the Land & Environment Court has reported a significant increase in matters dealt with by way of conciliation rather than merit appeals. Further details on the increased use of conciliation and mediation can be found in The NSW Land & Environment Court's annual report. (http://www.lec.lawlink.nsw.gov.au/lec/annual_reviews.html)

Table 6-1: Statewide s82A and legal appeals summary 2012-13		
s82A Reviews (based on 56 reporting councils)	2012-13	2011-12
Number of s82A reviews	427	626
s82A reviews as % of DA determinations (note 2)	0.7	1.1
% s82A appeals approved on review	66	70
% s82A appeals refused on review	20	18
% s82A appeals withdrawn/cancelled on review	13	10
% s82A appeals rejected on review	1.6	1.3
Legal Appeals (based on 52 reporting councils)		
Number of legal appeals	352	423
Legal appeals as % of DA determinations (note 3)	0.62	0.72
Class 1 appeals		
Number of Class 1 legal appeals	344	403
Class 1 legal appeals as % of DA determinations (note 3)	0.6	0.68
% of appeals were upheld	26	28
% of appeals withdrawn or dismissed	38	37
Number of appeals brought by developer	342	399
% of developer appeals upheld	25	28
% of developer appeals upheld with amended plans	18	19
% of developer appeals with consent orders	18	17
% of developer appeals withdrawn or dismissed	38	37
Number of appeals brought by third party/objector	2	3
% of appeals brought by third party/objector that were upheld	100	0
% of appeals brought by third party/objector that were given consent orders with amended plans	0	33
% of appeals brought by third party/objector that were withdrawn or dismissed	0	67
Other proceedings		
Number of Class 4 proceedings	6	20
Number of Class 5 proceedings	0	0
Number of Supreme Court proceedings	2	0

Notes

^{1.} Some applicants seek both a s82A review and legal appeal for the same development application.

^{2.} S82A reviews include reviews of DAs determined before 2012-13. Therefore, reviews as % of determinations is only indicative.

^{3.} Legal appeals include appeals of DAs determined before 2012-13. Therefore, appeals as % of determinations is only indicative. Appeal outcomes include upheld, upheld with amended plans, dismissed, withdrawn and consent orders.

Table 6-1 shows that most of the s82A reviews (66%) were approved. An approved s82A review means that the council changed its original determination in favour of the applicant's reviewed application (e.g. the applicant can request a review of a refused consent or a review of conditions of consent).

Table 6-2: Statewide S82A/legal appeals comparison with 2011-12			
	2012-13	2011-12	
S82A reviews			
Number of s82A reviews	427	626	
Number of reporting councils	56	64	
Legal Appeals	·		
Number of Class 1 legal appeals	344	403	
Legal appeals as % of DA determinations	0.6	0.7	
Number of reporting councils	52	62	

38% of Class 1 appeals brought by developers against a council decision were withdrawn or dismissed in favour of the council in 2012-13, a similar figure (37%) when compared with 2011-12.

44% of appeals by developers were approved by the court, however only 26% were upheld in favour of the developer without any changes to the proposed development.

The LEC and councils have over recent years put greater emphasis on the resolution of matters before the court by way of conciliation. 18% of appeals brought by developers were upheld in favour of the developer after the original development proposal was amended to address the issues raised by the council. In addition, 18% of appeals resulted in consent being issued by agreement by both the parties.

All of the Class 1 appeals by an objector/third party were upheld, though there were only 2 appeals (0.6% of appeals).

Class 4 and Class 5 proceedings are civil and criminal enforcement proceedings in response to allegations of unlawful activity, to remedy or restrain a breach, and to restrain a breach or of any other act if it is likely to cause environmental harm.

The number of Class 4 proceedings involving councils represented only a small proportion of the number of appeals in 2012-13 - 1.7% of the appeals. It should be noted that councils have powers to enforce environmental planning law that do not involve court actions, such as the issue of fines. Class 4 legal proceedings may only need to be taken as matters of last resort.

6.2 Council Trends

Councils that reported the highest number of s82A reviews are shown in **Table 6-3**. The majority of DAs subsequently reviewed were approved in these council areas.

Table 6-3: Section 82A r	eviews - co	ouncils with	n most revi	ews 2012-1	3
Council	Total s82A reviews (100%)	Number of reviews approved	% of reviews approved	Number of reviews refused	Number of other outcomes
Warringah Council	56	49	88	2	5
City of Sydney Council	50	19	38	24	7
Marrickville Council	34	22	65	7	5
Sutherland Shire Council	22	14	64	2	6
Wollongong City Council	22	16	73	1	5
Fairfield City Council	20	10	50	6	4
Gosford City Council	19	11	58	3	5
Ku-ring-gai Council	15	11	73	3	1
Woollahra Municipal Council	11	4	36	2	5
Canterbury City Council	11	5	45	2	4



Similar to the last two years, councils with the highest number of legal appeals in 2012-13 were City of Sydney, Ku-ring-gai and Waverley councils as shown in Table 6-4.

Table 6-4: Legal appeals - councils with most Class 1 appeals 2012-13			
Council	Legal appeals		
City of Sydney Council	44		
Ku-ring-gai Council	31		
Waverley Council	26		
Woollahra Municipal Council	20		
Leichhardt Municipal Council	15		
North Sydney Council	15		
Randwick City Council	14		
Marrickville Council	13		
Hurstville City Council	13		
Manly Council	12		

The number of Class 1 appeals lodged against a particular council is not a valid measure of the council's performance. Councils with high levels of development and high urban densities are more likely to be subject to appeals. Councils such as Sydney, Ku-ring-gai, Waverley, Woollahra and Leichhardt appear in the list regularly and this is more a reflection of the economic pressures to maximise development and the environmental issues raised by high density urban development.

Source Data **Tables 6-5** and **6-6** at the end of this report show the data on s82A reviews and legal appeals for all councils.





Summary table - Other Certificates 2012-13			
2012-13		2011-12	
47,488	Construction Certificates issued state-wide (50% issued by councils in 2012-13)	48,981	
47,425	Occupation Certificates issued state-wide (47% issued by councils in 2012-13)	48,848	
3,964	Subdivision Certificates issued state-wide	3,630	
834	Strata Certificates issued state-wide	820	

7.1 Statewide Trends

After development consent has been granted, further approvals may still be required depending on the type of works involved in carrying out the proposed development.

Post-development consent certificates provide an indication of construction activity as not all planning approvals actually result in building and construction works. In addition, these work commencements may be delayed for up to five years after the development has received planning approval before the approval will lapse.

Generally, construction certificates (which are required before construction can commence to certify that the plans comply with the development consent and with any relevant standards) are required more often than occupation certificates (confirms that the building complies with the development consent and is capable of being occupied or used in accordance with its building classification). For development that relates to creation of a new parcel of land or subdivision or arrangement of an existing parcel of land, a subdivision certificate or strata certificate is required (depending on the type and purpose of the plan) for the new plan to be registered in the Land & Property Information Division (LPI). CDC approvals do not require a separate Construction Certificate, as the CDC is a combined planning and construction approval.

Table 7-1 details the number of construction, occupation, subdivision and strata certificates issued in 2012-13 and 2011-12, and the number of reporting councils.

Table 7-1: Statewide other certificates summary				
Numbers of certificates issued	2012-13	Number of Local Government Areas	2011-12	Number of Local Government Areas
Construction	47,488	152	48,981	152
Occupation	47,425	146	48,848	148
Subdivision	3,964	141	3,630	144
Strata	834	80	820	83

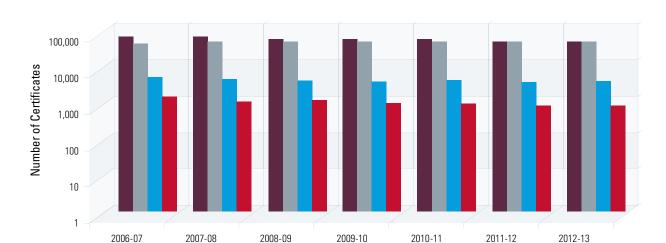


Figure 18: Total number of certificates issued by councils and private certifiers 2006-07 to 2012-13

Figure 18 shows that the number of construction certificates issued was lower than previous years. The number of construction certificates has dropped from 65,907 in 2006-07 to 47,488 in 2012-13, despite a slight increase in 2009-10. The number of construction certificates fell by 3% in 2012-13 compared with 2011-12, but is still an improvement on the 2010-11 period when the number of construction certificates fell by 13%, compared to 2009-10.

Occupation certificates

Construction certificates

Subdivision certificates

Strata certificates

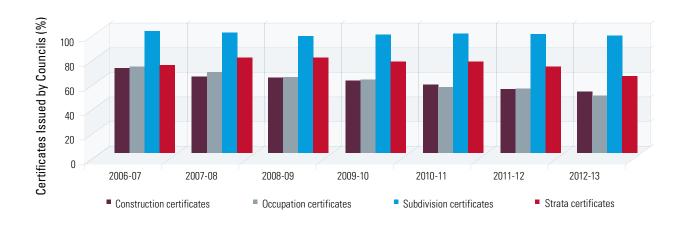
The number of occupation certificates issued also fell by 3%, but subdivision and strata certificates issued increased in 2012-13 compared with 2011-12 (by 9% and 2% respectively).

Table 7-2: Statewide other certificates issued by councils and private certifiers					
	Councils	%	Private	%	Total
Construction	23,693	50	23,795	50	47,488
Occupation	22,226	47	25,199	53	47,425
Subdivision	3,795	96	169	4	3,964
Strata	522	63	312	37	834

While councils still issue the majority of certificates statewide, the proportion of construction certificates issued by private certifiers continued to increase from 38% of construction certificates in 2008-09 to 50% in 2012-13. A similar trend is shown for occupation certificates with 53% issued by private certifiers in 2012-13.

The proportion of strata certificates issued by private certifiers gradually increased from 22% in 2008-09, to 30% in 2011-12 and 37% in 2012-13.

Figure 19: Percentage of certificates issued by Councils 2006-07 to 2012-13





7.2 Council Trends

Table 7-3 shows the ten councils across the State that issued the highest number of construction certificates in 2012-13 and their results for 2011-12. The councils in the top ten list are very similar to those for 2011-12, representing capital city, regional cities, major centres and release areas.

Since 2006-07, both Blacktown and Lake Macquarie have been in the top three and City of Sydney in the top six council areas with the highest number of construction certificates. Wollongong City Council joins the list for the 2012-13 period.

Table 7-3: Ten Local Government Areas with highest numbers of construction certificates			
Council	2012-13	2011-12	
Blacktown City Council	1,720	2,020	
Lake Macquarie City Council	1,674	1,704	
City of Sydney Council	1,525	1,966	
The City of Newcastle Council	1,310	1,121	
The Hills Shire Council	1,191	1,194	
Liverpool City Council	1,182	1,010	
Shoalhaven City Council	1,142	1,245	
Maitland City Council	1,132	1,163	
Wollongong City Council	1,128	841	
Penrith City Council	1,031	1,127	

For 2012-13, the proportion of council and private certifier issued certificates remained fairly constant. Most of the council areas on the top ten list (7 out of 10) had more construction certificates issued by private certifiers than councils.

In particular, private certifiers issued 85% of construction certificates in the City of Sydney council area, probably due to the high proportion of commercial development in the City of Sydney council area.

Table 7-4: Ten Local Government Areas with highest numbers of construction certificates - proportion of council and private certifier issued certificates Council **Council** % **Private** % Total Blacktown City Council 984 57 736 43 1,720 1,674 751 45 923 55 Lake Macquarie City Council City of Sydney Council 226 15 1,299 85 1,525 The City of Newcastle Council 454 35 856 65 1,310 The Hills Shire Council 488 41 703 59 1,191 Liverpool City Council 486 41 696 59 1,182 697 61 445 39 1,142 Shoalhaven City Council Maitland City Council 644 57 488 43 1,132 72 Wollongong City Council 321 28 807 1,128 37 63 Penrith City Council 380 651 1,031

Blacktown reported the highest number of construction certificates issued for 2012-13 (1,720). This was a 15% drop from 2011-12.

The council areas with the highest reported numbers of occupation certificates in 2012-13 included Blacktown (2,655), City of Sydney (1,593) and Camden (1,443).

Source Data **Table 7-5** at the end of this report shows the data on other certificates for all council areas.



APPENDIX 1 – Glossary and Abbreviations

Appeal Upheld	Means the person who appealed the council's decision was successful.
Appeal Refused	Means the person who appealed the council's decision was unsuccessful.
Billion	Means one thousand million.
Calendar Days	Includes weekends and public holidays (business days excludes weekends)
Class 1 Appeal	These appeals are mostly appeals against a council's refusal of a development application or against council conditions of consent on the development approval. Class 1 appeals may also be against Council orders. These appeals are dealt with by the Land and Environment Court.
Commercial / Retail / Office	Office, business or retail premises
Community Facility	Includes educational establishments, libraries, public recreation facilities etc.
Complying Development Certificate (CDC)	A certificate issued by council or a private certifier where a local or State planning instrument enables such a certificate to be issued on the basis of it meeting predetermined development standards and other requirements. Complying development certificates can be issued for works such as extensions, garages and industrial fit outs which meet pre-set standards.
Concurrence	The Acts, regulations or environmental planning instruments may require the council to obtain the concurrence of a nominated agency prior to determining a particular type of DA. The council must refer the DA to the agencyfor concurrence and must determine the DA consistent with any advice received from the agency.
Construction Certificate	Construction certificates must be issued before work commences. They certify that plans comply with building codes and are not inconsistent with development consent.
Deemed Refusal	Under the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act and Regulation, a development application is taken to have been refused by council if the council has not determined the application within the period prescribed by the Regulation.
Development Application (DA)	Means an application for consent to carry out development. DAs undergo merit assessment and can only be issued by councils as consent authorities.
DLG	Division of Local Government, NSW Department of Premier & Cabinet
Equivalent full time (EFT)	Equivalent full time is a measure of staffing levels. One EFT means staffing equivalent to a full time position. 0.5 EFTs means staffing equivalent to half a full time position.
EP&A Act	Environmental Planning and Assessment Act, 1979
Gross Determination Time	The total time to determine a DA or s96 modification application. Time is measured from the day the application is lodged to the day the application is determined. No days are excluded.

Independent Hearing Assessment Panel (IHAP) or Independent Panel (IHAP) or Independe		
Infrastructure Includes transport, utilities, telecommunications. Regional Planning Panel (Regional Panels) Regional Panels determine regionally significant development proposals, They are constituted by the Minister for Planning by order published in the NSW Government Gazette. Regional Panels consist of members appointed by State Government and Local Council. Mean Gross Determination Time Average time taken by a council to determine a DA or s96 modification application when time is measured from the day the application is lodged to the day the application is determined and no days are excluded. Mean Net Determination Time Average time taken by a council to determine a DA or s96 modification application when time is measured from the day the application is lodged to the day the application is determined, and stop-the-clock time and referral time are deducted. Median The middle value when all values are listed from the lowest value to the highest value, or from highest value to lowest. Median Gross Determination Time Time Time Time Time Time Time Time	Assessment Panel (IHAP) or	applications. The membership of these panels is independent of councillors and council staff. The intention is to provide expert advice on
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		additional ancillary development to dwelling houses such as swimming pools and garages. Also includes alterations and additions to other types of housing (multi unit) that does not involve the creation of additional
	_	A new single detached house on a single lot.

Residential – New Second Occupancy	Includes granny flats, dual occupancies (attached or detached).
Residential – New Multi Unit	Includes residential flat buildings, multi dwelling housing (but not seniors housing), townhouses and villa developments.
Residential – Seniors Living	Any development approved under the Seniors Living SEPP or previous versions of this SEPP.
Residential – Other	Includes boarding houses, group homes, caravan parks and manufactured home estates if the accommodation is of a permanent nature.
Section 82A Review (s82A review)	Under section 82A of the EP&A Act a development applicant can request the council to review the council's determination of the applicant's development application.
Section 82A Review Approved on Review	Means the council changed its original determination.
Section 82A Review Refused on Review	Means the council did not change its original determination.
Section 96 Modification (s96 modification)	Under section 96 of the EP&A Act development consent can be modified by council on application from the development applicant.
Seniors Living	Development approved under State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing for Seniors or People with a Disability) 2004 (Seniors Living SEPP)
Stop-the-Clock (STC)	Time during which additional information on the development application or s96 application is sought and received from the development applicant. The information may be sought by council and/or a referral or concurrence authority.
State Environmental Planning Policy (SEPP)	A statutory planning instrument made by the State Government for the purpose of environmental planning by the State.
Strata Certificate	A certificate issued by an accredited certifier or council that authorises the registration of a strata plan, strata plan of subdivision or notice of conversion
Subdivision Certificate	A certificate issued by an accredited certifier or council that allows registration of land subdivision with the NSW Land and Property Management Authority.
Sydney Region Councils	See Appendix 4 for list of councils within this region
Tourist	Includes tourist and visitor accommodation, and other development primarily related to tourism.
Value of Construction	The value of construction means the estimated cost of construction. This cost is recorded when a development application, s96 modification application, or complying development application is lodged. This value is generally estimated by the applicant.

Appendix 2

Additional Notes on Data Analysis

Excluded Data

A small fraction of submitted data was excluded from the data analysis.

The data checking process included councils checking and confirming their information, sometimes several times, before finalisation.

After finalisation a small number of records remained invalid and were excluded from the analysis. These records amounted to a very small fraction of the total development records.

Excluded records included any DA or s96 records with determination periods greater than 10 years as it was assumed this length of time was due to data entry error.

Any records with a lodgement or determination date either missing or after 30 June 2013, or a determination date prior to 1 July 2012, or a lodgement date after the determination date were also excluded. This applied to many CDC records where private certifiers were the determination body. Because the majority of CDCs issued by private certifiers had invalid dates, all CDCs determined by private certifiers were excluded when calculating CDC determination time. CDCs determined by private certifiers were included when counting CDC numbers.

Legal appeal records were excluded where the legal appeal determination date was given as before or after the 2012-13 financial year.

Zero Construction Value Development

Estimated values referred to in this report are the estimated value of construction work. This value is estimated by the applicant at the time the application for development is lodged. It excludes land value and is not the same as the ultimate market value of the completed work. There are a number of development types which require consent but which have no construction work, e.g. subdivision, boundary changes, change of operating hours for retail premises and change of use.

While these development types are grouped with small-scale low construction value work, such as residential alterations, the complexity of the development will vary. Some may not be simple or straightforward for councils to assess eg. large-scale subdivisions.

Classification of Councils – DLG Groups

Many data tables in this report refer to NSW Division of Local Government (DLG) groups. All 152 councils are grouped into one of 11 council types or groups based on population, size, location and development. Grouping councils according to similar socioeconomic characteristics allows comparison between councils' results and the performance of like councils.

The DLG groupings are based on the Australian Classification of Local Governments (ACLG) classification of local government areas as adapted by the NSW DLG for NSW Local Government Councils Comparative Information publication.

The source data tables show the DLG code for each council and the average result for each of the 11 DLG groups. These tables allow anyone to see how a council's data compares to the average for the relevant DLG group.

Section 96 Data Separated from DA Data

While s96 modifications are a form of DA, many s96 modification applications are quite different in nature from a 'full' DA. Section 96 modifications can include modifications for minor errors or misdescriptions and minor modifications with minimal environmental impact, while other modifications may need substantial impact assessment.

Because of these differences, DA information was analysed separately from s96 information.

It should be noted that s96 modifications are recorded by councils as separate applications to other DAs. Therefore the processing time for s96 modifications and other DAs can be separately analysed.

The cost of s96 modifications was not collected because of the risk of double counting of the total value of development ie. construction value for s96 might have been recorded as the construction value for the original DA in many cases.

Calculating Determination Times

Calendar Days – the Department has calculated time using calendar days (including weekends) using dates of lodgement and determination supplied by councils. The gross determination time is simply the difference between date determined and date lodged except where the determination date was the same as the lodgement date, where the gross determination time was set to one day. For net determination time, stop-the-clock time and referral times were supplied in calendar days so that net time is also in calendar days.

Stop-the-Clock Time – this is the time taken for further information to be sought from the applicant after a DA is submitted. When the request is made the clock is 'stopped' until the information is received.

Referral Time – this is the time taken by State agencies to either grant concurrent consent (some DAs require council and agency consent) or provide advice on a consent to council including the time taken for administrative procedures.

Referral and stop-the-clock time were provided separately by councils as the total number of referral days and the total number of stop-the-clock days rather than date a referral started and date that it ended. In some cases, a development may have one or more days overlapping eg. a DA may be waiting for further advice from the applicant and at the same time waiting for advice from a State agency. This could result in negative net determination times for an application and therefore under-counting of mean net determination time.

Mean determination time – the mean of a set of data values is the sum of all of the data values divided by the number of data values.

Median determination time – the median of a set of data values is the middle value of the data set when it has been ordered. If the number of values in the data set is even, then the median is the average of the two middle values. The use of the median provides an alternative method of analysing the data to a mean which may be skewed by a relatively small number of extremely high or low values in a data set.

Records where the determination time was less than zero or greater than 3650 days (ten years) were not included in calculations of time.

Appendix 3 – Australian Classification of Local Government and DLG group numbers

DLG GROUP CODE	DESCRIPTION		POPULATION	ACLG CATEGORY				
	URBAN i.e. Population > 20,000, or population density > 30 persons per sq km, or >90% of LGA population is urban							
1	Capital City			1				
2	Metropolitan Developed Part of an urban centre >1,000,000 and pop. density	Small Medium	up to 30,000 30,001 – 70,000	2 3				
3	>600/sq km	Large Very Large	70,001 – 120,000 > 120,000	4 5				
4	Regional Town/City Part of an urban centre with population <1,000,000 and	Small Medium	up to 30,000 30,001 – 70,000	6 7				
5	predominately urban in nature	Large Very Large	70,001 – 120,000 > 120,000	8				
6	Fringe A developing LGA on the margin of a	Small Medium	up to 30,000 30,001 – 70,000	10 11				
7	developed or regional urban centre	Large Very Large	70,001 – 120,000 > 120, 000	12 13				

DLG GROUP CODE	DESCRIPTION		POPULATION	ACLG CATEGORY
RURAL				
N/A	Average annual population growth >3%, population >5,000 and not remote			14
8	Agricultural	Small	Up to 2,000	15
9	Agricultural Remote	Medium Medium	2,001 – 5,000 1,001 – 3,000	16 21
10	Agricultural Remote	Large Large	5,001 – 10,000 3,001 – 20,000	17 22
11	Agricultural	Very Large	10,001 - 20,000	18
N/A N/A	Remote	Extra Small Small	Up to 400 401 – 1,000	19 20

Note: For "Rural Agricultural Very Large" (RAV), "Rural Remote Large" (RTL), and "Rural Significant Growth" (RSG), 20,000 is the upper limit because beyond this number all local governments are deemed "Urban".

Appendix 4 – Index for Council Regions

The DLG grouping for 2012-13 is based on population figures released from the Australian Bureau of Statistics as at 30 June 2012.

NSW councils by region				
Region	Council	DLG Code		
Sydney	Ashfield Municipal Council	2		
	Auburn Council	3		
	Bankstown City Council	3		
	Blacktown City Council	3		
	Blue Mountains City Council	7		
	Botany Bay City Council	2		
	Burwood Council	2		
	Camden Council	6		
	Campbelltown City Council	7		
	Canada Bay City Council	3		
	Canterbury City Council	3		
	Fairfield City Council	3		
	Gosford City Council	7		
	Hawkesbury City Council	6		
	Holroyd City Council	3		
	Hornsby Shire Council	7		
	Hunters Hill Municipal Council	2		
	Hurstville City Council	3		
	Kogarah Municipal Council	2		
	Ku-ring-gai Council	3		
	Lane Cove Municipal Council	2		
	Leichhardt Municipal Council	2		
	Liverpool City Council	7		
	Manly Council	2		
	Marrickville Council	3		
	Mosman Municipal Council	2		
	North Sydney Council	2		
	Parramatta City Council	3		
	Penrith City Council	7		
	Pittwater Council	2		
	Randwick City Council	3		
	Rockdale City Council	3		
	Ryde City Council	3		
	Strathfield Municipal Council	2		

NSW councils by region				
Region	Council	DLG Code		
	Sutherland Shire Council	3		
	Sydney City Council	1		
	The Hills Shire Council	7		
	Warringah Council	3		
	Waverley Council	2		
	Willoughby City Council	3		
	Wollondilly Shire Council	6		
	Woollahra Municipal Council	2		
	Wyong Shire Council	7		
Hunter	Cessnock City Council	4		
	Great Lakes Council	4		
	Greater Taree City Council	4		
	Maitland City Council	5		
	Port Stephens Council	4		
	Singleton Shire Council	4		
	Lake Macquarie City Council	5		
	Newcastle City Council	5		
	Gloucester Shire Council	10		
	Dungog Shire Council	10		
	Muswellbrook Shire Council	11		
	Upper Hunter Shire Council	11		
Southern	Bega Valley Shire Council	4		
	Bombala Council	9		
	Eurobodalla Shire Council	4		
	Goulburn Mulwaree Council	4		
	Kiama Municipal Council	4		
	Shellharbour City Council	4		
	Shoalhaven City Council	5		
	Snowy River Shire Council	10		
	Wingecarribee Shire Council	4		
	Wollongong City Council	5		
North Coast	Ballina Shire Council	4		
	Bellingen Shire Council	11		
	Byron Shire Council	4		
	Clarence Valley Council	4		
	Coffs Harbour City Council	5		
	Kempsey Shire Council	4		
	Kyogle Council	10		

NSW councils by region				
Region	Council	DLG Code		
	Lismore City Council	4		
	Nambucca Shire Council	11		
	Port Macquarie-Hastings Council	5		
	Richmond Valley Council	4		
	Tenterfield Shire Council	10		
	Tweed Shire Council	5		
Western	Armidale Dumaresq Council	4		
	Bathurst Regional Council	4		
	Blayney Shire Council	10		
	Bogan Shire Council	9		
	Bourke Shire Council	9		
	Brewarrina Shire Council	8		
	Broken Hill City Council	4		
	Cabonne Shire Council	11		
	Central Darling Shire Council	9		
	Cobar Shire Council	10		
	Coonamble Shire Council	9		
	Cowra Shire Council	11		
	Dubbo City Council	4		
	Forbes Shire Council	10		
	Gilgandra Shire Council	9		
	Glen Innes Severn Shire Council	10		
	Gunnedah Shire Council	11		
	Guyra Shire Council	9		
	Gwydir Shire Council	10		
	Inverell Shire Council	11		
	Lachlan Shire Council	10		
	Lithgow City Council	4		
	Liverpool Plains Shire Council	10		
	Mid-Western Regional Council	4		
	Moree Plains Shire Council	11		
	Narrabri Shire Council	11		
	Narromine Shire Council	10		
	Oberon Council	10		
	Orange City Council	4		
	Parkes Shire Council	11		
	Tamworth Regional Council	4		
	Uralla Shire Council	10		
	Walcha Council	9		
	Walgett Shire Council	10		

NSW councils by region				
Region	Council	DLG Code		
	Warren Shire Council	9		
	Warrumbungle Shire Council	11		
	Weddin Shire Council	9		
	Wellington Council	10		
Murray/Murrumbidgee	Albury City Council	4		
	Balranald Shire Council	9		
	Berrigan Shire Council	10		
	Bland Shire Council	10		
	Boorowa Council	9		
	Carrathool Shire Council	9		
	Conargo Shire Council	8		
	Coolamon Shire Council	9		
	Cooma-Monaro Council	11		
	Cootamundra Shire Council	10		
	Corowa Shire Council	11		
	Deniliquin Council	4		
	Greater Hume Shire Council	11		
	Griffith City Council	4		
	Gundagai Shire Council	9		
	Harden Shire Council	9		
	Hay Shire Council	9		
	Jerilderie Shire Council	8		
	Junee Shire Council	10		
	Leeton Shire Council	11		
	Lockhart Shire Council	9		
	Murray Shire Council	10		
	Murrumbidgee Shire Council	9		
	Narrandera Shire Council	10		
	Palerang Council	11		
	Queanbeyan City Council	4		
	Temora Shire Council	10		
	Tumbarumba Shire Council	9		
	Tumut Council	11		
	Upper Lachlan Council	10		
	Urana Shire Council	8		
	Wagga Wagga City Council	4		
	Wakool Shire Council	9		
	Wentworth Shire Council	10		
	Yass Valley Council	11		
	Young Shire Council	11		

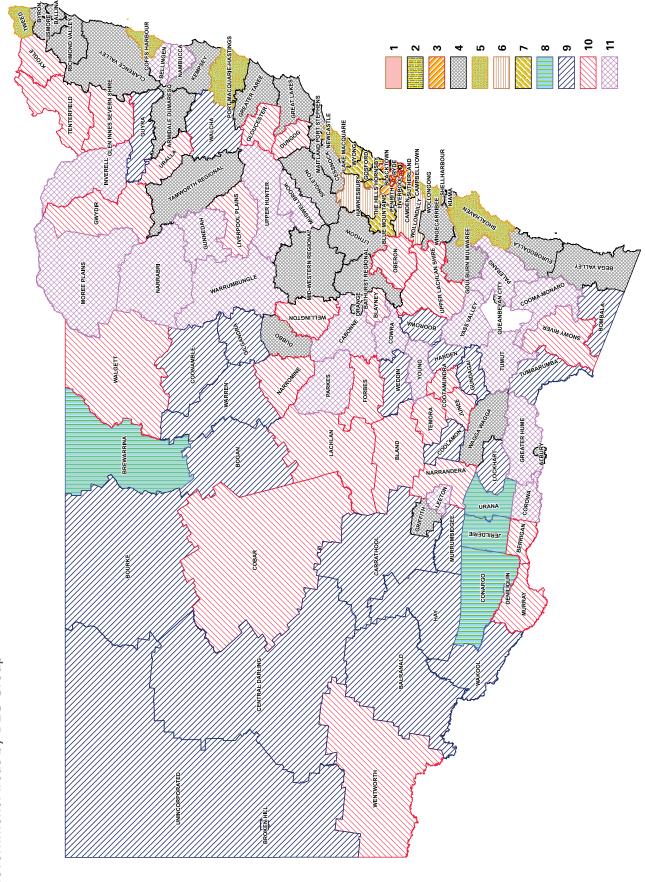




	Table 2	:-11: Volume a	and Value of DAs	+ s96	
Council	DLG	Number of DAs determined	Total estimated value of DAs determined	Total estimated value of DAs approved	Number of s96 determined
Albury City Council	4	589	\$124.4m	\$124.4m	81
Armidale Dumaresq Council	4	134	\$29.5m	\$29.5m	40
Ashfield Municipal Council	2	248	\$50m	\$49m	89
Auburn City Council	3	245	\$235.9m	\$215.7m	123
Ballina Shire Council	4	500	\$67.7m	\$66.2m	137
Balranald Shire Council	9	44	\$2.2m	\$2.2m	2
Bankstown City Council	3	958	\$420.7m	\$420.7m	262
Bathurst Regional Council	4	533	\$104.4m	\$101.2m	64
Bega Valley Shire Council	4	464	\$112m	\$92.5m	86
Bellingen Shire Council	11	165	\$14m	\$12.6m	27
Berrigan Shire Council	10	97	\$15m	\$15m	0
Blacktown City Council	3	1,892	\$883.1m	\$844.3m	226
Bland Shire Council	10	109	\$8.9m	\$8.9m	3
Blayney Shire Council	10	130	\$15.6m	\$15.6m	18
Blue Mountains City Council	7	644	\$96.6m	\$95.7m	192
Bogan Shire Council	9	21	\$1.1m	\$1.1m	0
Bombala Council	9	21	\$1.1m	\$1.1m	0
Boorowa Council	9	36	\$3.7m	\$3.7m	4
Botany Bay City Council	2	138	\$191.4m	\$191.4m	68
Bourke Shire Council	9	21	\$16.3m	\$16.3m	0
Brewarrina Shire Council	8	6	\$0.17m	\$0.16m	0
Broken Hill City Council	4	211	\$22.4m	\$22.3m	2
Burwood Council	2	158	\$194.1m	\$178.2m	60
Byron Shire Council	4	574	\$95.1m	\$88.9m	165
Cabonne Shire Council	11	69	\$14.3m	\$14.1m	24
Camden Council	6	1,102	\$463.1m	\$456.2m	140
Campbelltown City Council	7	679	\$564.2m	\$561.6m	87
Canterbury City Council	3	471	\$570.7m	\$537.8m	205
Carrathool Shire Council	9	23	\$20.5m	\$20.5m	0
Central Darling Shire Council	9	44	\$2.9m	\$2.9m	0
Cessnock City Council	4	752	\$139m	\$138m	120
City of Canada Bay Council	3	464	\$198.8m	\$192.8m	159
City of Sydney Council	1	1,840	\$3.3b	\$3.3b	965
Clarence Valley Council	4	626	\$57.6m	\$55.9m	62
Cobar Shire Council	10	42	\$4.2m	\$4.2m	2
Coffs Harbour City Council	5	874	\$203m	\$199.9m	130
Conargo Shire Council	8	12	\$0.86m	\$0.86m	0
Coolamon Shire Council	9	29	\$2.3m	\$2.3m	0
Cooma-Monaro Shire Council	11	111	\$14.6m	\$14.5m	21

Council	DLG	Number	and Value of DAs Total estimated	Total estimated	Number of s96
Councii	DLG	of DAs determined	value of DAs determined	value of DAs approved	determined
Coonamble Shire Council	9	19	\$14.5m	\$14.5m	0
Cootamundra Shire Council	10	123	\$8.2m	\$8.1m	0
Corowa Shire Council	11	210	\$19.1m	\$19.1m	11
Cowra Shire Council	11	91	\$10.1m	\$10.1m	13
Deniliquin Council	4	84	\$7.4m	\$7.4m	21
Dubbo City Council	4	477	\$158m	\$158m	78
Dungog Shire Council	10	136	\$13m	\$12.9m	39
Eurobodalla Shire Council	4	568	\$84.4m	\$84.3m	138
Fairfield City Council	3	772	\$254.3m	\$238.4m	163
Forbes Shire Council	10	146	\$26.4m	\$26.4m	0
Gilgandra Shire Council	9	24	\$1.5m	\$1.5m	0
Glen Innes Severn Shire Council	10	82	\$14.1m	\$14.1m	19
Gloucester Shire Council	10	100	\$14.5m	\$14.5m	21
Gosford City Council	7	1,160	\$260.3m	\$250.8m	338
Goulburn Mulwaree Council	4	333	\$50.3m	\$48m	67
Great Lakes Council	4	392	\$52.5m	\$50.8m	121
Greater Hume Shire Council	11	107	\$9.6m	\$9.6m	11
Greater Taree City Council	4	351	\$97.2m	\$75.1m	105
Griffith City Council	4	220	\$69.1m	\$69m	61
Gundagai Shire Council	9	43	\$3m	\$3m	0
Gunnedah Shire Council	11	167	\$33.2m	\$33.2m	37
Guyra Shire Council	9	41	\$8.7m	\$8.7m	2
Gwydir Shire Council	10	59	\$9.3m	\$9.3m	13
Harden Shire Council	9	50	\$3.4m	\$3.4m	2
Hawkesbury City Council	6	594	\$106.8m	\$104.3m	116
Hay Shire Council	9	20	\$0.28m	\$0.28m	0
Holroyd City Council	3	454	\$233.6m	\$223.4m	185
Hornsby Shire Council	7	766	\$295.6m	\$288.8m	230
Hunters Hill Municipal					
Council	2	93	\$42.3m	\$38.6m	49
Hurstville City Council	3	328	\$230.3m	\$159.4m	130
Inverell Shire Council	11	154	\$17.2m	\$17.2m	24
Jerilderie Shire Council	8	18	\$1.6m	\$1.6m	0
Junee Shire Council	10	52	\$4.6m	\$4.6m	6
Kempsey Shire Council	4	285	\$47.7m	\$47.5m	63
Kiama Municipal Council	4	272	\$62.3m	\$59.5m	90
Kogarah City Council	2	277	\$102.9m	\$101.4m	95
Ku-ring-gai Council	3	503	\$372.5m	\$314.6m	214
Kyogle Council	10	71	\$5m	\$5m	4

	Table 2-11: Volume and Value of DAs + s96							
Council	DLG	Number of DAs determined	Total estimated value of DAs determined	Total estimated value of DAs approved	Number of s96 determined			
Lachlan Shire Council	10	65	\$8m	\$7.9m	0			
Lake Macquarie City Council	5	1,764	\$398.6m	\$396.6m	391			
Lane Cove Council	2	224	\$339m	\$308m	104			
Leeton Shire Council	11	125	\$11.8m	\$11.8m	0			
Leichhardt Municipal Council	2	472	\$200.1m	\$190.1m	210			
Lismore City Council	4	358	\$56.1m	\$56.1m	107			
Lithgow City Council	4	250	\$41.6m	\$41.6m	33			
Liverpool City Council	7	1,204	\$591.6m	\$567.6m	162			
Liverpool Plains Shire Council	10	59	\$5m	\$5m	8			
Lockhart Shire Council	9	66	\$12m	\$12m	0			
Maitland City Council	5	1,198	\$253.1m	\$251.9m	155			
Manly Council	2	267	\$95.6m	\$84.2m	97			
Marrickville Council	3	578	\$171.5m	\$140.6m	188			
Mid-Western Regional Council	4	455	\$109.1m	\$83m	50			
Moree Plains Shire Council	11	119	\$26.2m	\$26.2m	23			
Mosman Municipal Council	2	235	\$217.5m	\$184.8m	111			
Murray Shire Council	10	160	\$35.7m	\$35.6m	12			
Murrumbidgee Shire Council	9	24	\$2.2m	\$2.2m	0			
Muswellbrook Shire Council	11	310	\$89.8m	\$88.7m	52			
Nambucca Shire Council	11	159	\$35.3m	\$35.3m	39			
Narrabri Shire Council	11	131	\$101.6m	\$101.6m	26			
Narrandera Shire Council	10	55	\$5.9m	\$5.9m	2			
Narromine Shire Council	10	61	\$4.5m	\$4.5m	0			
North Sydney Council	2	395	\$396.1m	\$370.7m	144			
Oberon Council	10	60	\$6.8m	\$6.8m	16			
Orange City Council	4	457	\$185.3m	\$185.3m	66			
Palerang Council	11	292	\$30.9m	\$30.3m	68			
Parkes Shire Council	11	104	\$9.6m	\$9.5m	32			
Parramatta City Council	3	657	\$763.2m	\$751.8m	251			
Penrith City Council	7	1,326	\$606m	\$602m	194			
Pittwater Council	2	635	\$180.8m	\$166.6m	201			
Port Macquarie-Hastings Council	5	642	\$130.4m	\$130.2m	126			
Port Stephens Council	4	780	\$303.5m	\$302m	131			
Queanbeyan City Council	4	281	\$142.9m	\$142.9m	90			
Randwick City Council	3	721	\$318.6m	\$308.2m	298			
Richmond Valley Council	4	201	\$17m	\$17m	37			
Rockdale City Council	3	361	\$476.3m	\$473.3m	165			
Ryde City Council	3	451	\$408.9m	\$408.8m	175			

	Table 2-11: Volume and Value of DAs + s96							
Council	DLG	Number of DAs determined	Total estimated value of DAs determined	Total estimated value of DAs approved	Number of s96 determined			
Shellharbour City Council	4	447	\$193.8m	\$192.6m	84			
Shoalhaven City Council	5	1,395	\$194.2m	\$192.5m	496			
Singleton Council	4	403	\$103.7m	\$102.8m	58			
Snowy River Shire Council	10	123	\$15.8m	\$15.6m	31			
Strathfield Municipal Council	2	125	\$59.6m	\$58.8m	50			
Sutherland Shire Council	3	1,117	\$438.7m	\$422.3m	327			
Tamworth Regional Council	4	518	\$112.3m	\$112.3m	103			
Temora Shire Council	10	67	\$8.3m	\$8.3m	0			
Tenterfield Shire Council	10	81	\$6.4m	\$6.4m	0			
The City of Newcastle Council	5	1,336	\$457m	\$423.9m	300			
The Hills Shire Council	7	1,214	\$567.5m	\$560.6m	297			
Tumbarumba Shire Council	9	69	\$4.9m	\$4.9m	0			
Tumut Council	11	135	\$12m	\$12m	23			
Tweed Shire Council	5	653	\$195.6m	\$182.8m	144			
Upper Hunter Shire Council	11	229	\$30m	\$29.1m	24			
Upper Lachlan Shire Council	10	115	\$10.3m	\$10.1m	38			
Uralla Shire Council	10	63	\$4m	\$4m	5			
Urana Shire Council	8	17	\$0.75m	\$0.75m	0			
Wagga Wagga City Council	4	617	\$183.2m	\$183.1m	157			
Wakool Shire Council	9	60	\$14.4m	\$14.4m	0			
Walcha Council	9	37	\$2.5m	\$2.5m	2			
Walgett Shire Council	10	39	\$8.2m	\$8.2m	1			
Warren Shire Council	9	41	\$2.8m	\$2.8m	0			
Warringah Council	3	1,312	\$235.1m	\$206m	220			
Warrumbungle Shire Council	11	60	\$6.1m	\$6.1m	0			
Waverley Council	2	553	\$260.9m	\$225.9m	304			
Weddin Shire Council	9	45	\$3m	\$3m	9			
Wellington Council	10	77	\$4.5m	\$4.5m	6			
Wentworth Shire Council	10	146	\$18.1m	\$18.1m	24			
Willoughby City Council	3	474	\$208.6m	\$201.7m	268			
Wingecarribee Shire Council	4	673	\$122.1m	\$121.6m	202			
Wollondilly Shire Council	6	653	\$126m	\$106.9m	157			
Wollongong City Council	5	1,328	\$355.8m	\$344.4m	328			
Woollahra Municipal Council	2	512	\$349.8m	\$299m	285			
Wyong Shire Council	7	1,429	\$178.6m	\$175.2m	154			
Yass Valley Council	11	244	\$27.7m	\$27.7m	154			
Young Shire Council	11	205	\$17.4m	\$17.4m	41			

Table 2-11: DLG Group Averages - Volume and Value of DAs + s96							
DLG code	Number of DAs determined	Total estimated value of DAs determined	Total estimated value of DAs approved	Number of s96 determined			
2	309	\$191.4m	\$174.8m	133			
3	692	\$377.7m	\$356.5m	209			
4	427	\$98.4m	\$95.3m	87			
5	1,149	\$273.5m	\$265.3m	259			
6	783	\$232m	\$222.5m	138			
7	1,053	\$395.1m	\$387.8m	207			
8	13	\$0.84m	\$0.84m	0			
9	37	\$5.9m	\$5.9m	1			
10	89	\$10.8m	\$10.8m	10			
11	159	\$26.5m	\$26.3m	33			

Table 2-12: DA Development Types							
Council	DLG code	% Alterations and additions	% Single new dwelling	% Commercial/ retail/office			
Albury City Council	4	43	23	14			
Armidale Dumaresq Council	4	31	11	13			
Ashfield Municipal Council	2	43	2	15			
Auburn City Council	3	31	10	15			
Ballina Shire Council	4	45	17	7			
Balranald Shire Council	9	23	16	7			
Bankstown City Council	3	9	9	10			
Bathurst Regional Council	4	12	15	13			
Bega Valley Shire Council	4	36	35	6			
Bellingen Shire Council	11	44	15	12			
Berrigan Shire Council	10	6	33	19			
Blacktown City Council	3	25	47	7			
Bland Shire Council	10	35	9	7			
Blayney Shire Council	10	11	28	5			
Blue Mountains City Council	7	62	18	7			
Bogan Shire Council	9	14	0	5			
Bombala Council	9	5	14	10			
Boorowa Council	9	31	19	17			
Botany Bay City Council	2	40	7	22			
Bourke Shire Council	9	33	14	14			
Brewarrina Shire Council	8	17	0	17			
Broken Hill City Council	4	0	18	14			
Burwood Council	2	35	3	20			
Byron Shire Council	4	20	20	7			
Cabonne Shire Council	11	0	6	0			
Camden Council	6	21	58	6			
Campbelltown City Council	7	19	38	11			
Canterbury City Council	3	44	6	16			
Carrathool Shire Council	9	4	22	9			
Central Darling Shire Council	9	9	9	2			
Cessnock City Council	4	31	32	3			
City of Canada Bay Council	3	61	5	19			
City of Sydney Council	1	26	0	55			
Clarence Valley Council	4	63	15	6			
Cobar Shire Council	10	45	24	12			
Coffs Harbour City Council	5	49	22	8			
Conargo Shire Council	8	0	0	0			
Coolamon Shire Council	9	0	28	3			
Cooma-Monaro Shire Council	11	0	33	11			
Coonamble Shire Council	9	16	5	16			

	Table 2-12: D	A Development	Types	
Council	DLG code	% Alterations and additions	% Single new dwelling	% Commercial/ retail/office
Cootamundra Shire Council	10	50	17	2
Corowa Shire Council	11	1	64	6
Cowra Shire Council	11	9	33	14
Deniliquin Council	4	23	11	14
Dubbo City Council	4	49	20	5
Dungog Shire Council	10	24	19	2
Eurobodalla Shire Council	4	52	26	0
Fairfield City Council	3	21	14	25
Forbes Shire Council	10	13	17	5
Gilgandra Shire Council	9	21	8	0
Glen Innes Severn Shire Council	10	27	27	13
Gloucester Shire Council	10	13	52	1
Gosford City Council	7	49	14	5
Goulburn Mulwaree Council	4	23	32	10
Great Lakes Council	4	39	31	11
Greater Hume Shire Council	11	26	19	2
Greater Taree City Council	4	38	30	13
Griffith City Council	4	38	13	17
Gundagai Shire Council	9	14	12	7
Gunnedah Shire Council	11	28	29	7
Guyra Shire Council	9	24	20	5
Gwydir Shire Council	10	12	17	5
Harden Shire Council	9	16	16	8
Hawkesbury City Council	6	15	13	8
Hay Shire Council	9	50	5	10
Holroyd City Council	3	17	17	14
Hornsby Shire Council	7	52	14	5
Hunters Hill Municipal Council	2	0	0	0
Hurstville City Council	3	36	18	16
Inverell Shire Council	11	31	15	14
Jerilderie Shire Council	8	0	6	11
Junee Shire Council	10	17	29	27
Kempsey Shire Council	4	27	30	7
Kiama Municipal Council	4	46	13	5
Kogarah City Council	2	45	21	9
Ku-ring-gai Council	3	44	32	8
Kyogle Council	10	11	31	0
Lachlan Shire Council	10	0	9	23
Lake Macquarie City Council	5	52	27	5
Lane Cove Council	2	58	8	18

1	Гable 2-12: D	A Development	Types	
Council	DLG code	% Alterations and additions	% Single new dwelling	% Commercial/ retail/office
Leeton Shire Council	11	8	20	2
Leichhardt Municipal Council	2	71	6	9
Lismore City Council	4	23	41	9
Lithgow City Council	4	26	23	7
Liverpool City Council	7	10	59	9
Liverpool Plains Shire Council	10	32	29	3
Lockhart Shire Council	9	21	17	8
Maitland City Council	5	35	39	6
Manly Council	2	70	4	16
Marrickville Council	3	55	4	18
Mid-Western Regional Council	4	19	21	9
Moree Plains Shire Council	11	39	18	11
Mosman Municipal Council	2	71	12	7
Murray Shire Council	10	28	33	5
Murrumbidgee Shire Council	9	29	8	25
Muswellbrook Shire Council	11	37	35	4
Nambucca Shire Council	11	23	28	4
Narrabri Shire Council	11	18	33	25
Narrandera Shire Council	10	13	11	13
Narromine Shire Council	10	23	18	20
North Sydney Council	2	12	40	24
Oberon Council	10	7	20	0
Orange City Council	4	7	39	9
Palerang Council	11	46	22	2
Parkes Shire Council	11	13	17	13
Parramatta City Council	3	21	12	13
Penrith City Council	7	32	40	7
Pittwater Council	2	40	9	4
Port Macquarie-Hastings Council	5	41	23	14
Port Stephens Council	4	43	26	2
Queanbeyan City Council	4	48	19	7
Randwick City Council	3	63	7	16
Richmond Valley Council	4	56	20	4
Rockdale City Council	3	37	16	10
Ryde City Council	3	35	16	18
Shellharbour City Council	4	32	33	2
Shoalhaven City Council	5	52	25	6
Singleton Council	4	37	22	4
Snowy River Shire Council	10	15	19	7
Strathfield Municipal Council	2	39	13	18

	Table 2-12: D	A Development T	ypes	
Council	DLG code	% Alterations and additions	% Single new dwelling	% Commercial/ retail/office
Sutherland Shire Council	3	57	17	8
Tamworth Regional Council	4	34	30	15
Temora Shire Council	10	9	24	12
Tenterfield Shire Council	10	25	33	7
The City of Newcastle Council	5	51	17	10
The Hills Shire Council	7	36	28	10
Tumbarumba Shire Council	9	12	14	14
Tumut Council	11	44	19	7
Tweed Shire Council	5	34	38	12
Upper Hunter Shire Council	11	0	12	5
Upper Lachlan Shire Council	10	17	30	4
Uralla Shire Council	10	13	6	0
Urana Shire Council	8	53	24	6
Wagga Wagga City Council	4	42	28	14
Wakool Shire Council	9	7	10	5
Walcha Council	9	49	14	5
Walgett Shire Council	10	0	18	10
Warren Shire Council	9	17	10	15
Warringah Council	3	24	7	3
Warrumbungle Shire Council	11	15	20	23
Waverley Council	2	69	4	16
Weddin Shire Council	9	60	13	2
Wellington Council	10	53	16	6
Wentworth Shire Council	10	13	38	6
Willoughby City Council	3	65	5	17
Wingecarribee Shire Council	4	45	32	7
Wollondilly Shire Council	6	43	25	3
Wollongong City Council	5	41	22	8
Woollahra Municipal Council	2	55	4	12
Wyong Shire Council	7	31	17	7
Yass Valley Council	11	12	28	8
Young Shire Council	11	44	19	11

Table 2-	12: DLG Group Averag	jes - DA Development	: Types
DLG code	% Alterations and additions	% Single new dwelling	% Commercial/retail/ office
2	50	10	13
3	35	17	12
4	36	25	8
5	46	26	8
6	25	37	6
7	35	29	8
8	19	9	8
9	21	14	8
10	20	24	7
11	24	26	8

1	Гable 2-1	3: Volume	and Value	of CDCs		
Council	DLG code	Number determined	Total estimated value	% Determined by Council	% Determined by private	CDCs as % of DAs and CDCs
Albury City Council	4	238	\$24.8m	60	40	29
Armidale Dumaresq Council	4	120	\$6.7m	77	23	47
Ashfield Municipal Council	2	72	\$14.3m	4	96	23
Auburn City Council	3	6	\$0.24m	100	0	2
Ballina Shire Council	4	39	\$3.7m	77	23	7
Balranald Shire Council	9	1	\$0.34m	100	0	2
Bankstown City Council	3	423	\$51.8m	17	83	31
Bathurst Regional Council	4	157	\$30.3m	78	22	23
Bega Valley Shire Council	4	77	\$5.3m	100	0	14
Bellingen Shire Council	11	14	\$0.88m	79	21	8
Berrigan Shire Council	10	65	\$3.1m	97	3	40
Blacktown City Council	3	873	\$186m	10	90	32
Bland Shire Council	10	13	\$1m	100	0	11
Blayney Shire Council	10	0	\$0			0
Blue Mountains City Council	7	13	\$2.2m	23	77	2
Bogan Shire Council	9	4	\$0.12m	100	0	16
Bombala Council	9	14	\$0.34m	100	0	40
Boorowa Council	9	0	\$0			0
Botany Bay City Council	2	96	\$67.3m	5	95	41
Bourke Shire Council	9	9	\$0.93m	100	0	30
Brewarrina Shire Council	8	7	\$1.9m	100	0	54
Broken Hill City Council	4	0	\$0			0
Burwood Council	2	73	\$9.1m	15	85	32
Byron Shire Council	4	69	\$7m	100	0	11
Cabonne Shire Council	11	28	\$3.5m	29	71	29
Camden Council	6	704	\$144.3m	9	91	39
Campbelltown City Council	7	307	\$51.6m	8	92	31
Canterbury City Council	3	246	\$26.3m	10	90	34
Carrathool Shire Council	9	10	\$0.16m	100	0	30
Central Darling Shire Council	9	0	\$0			0
Cessnock City Council	4	139	\$13.7m	8	92	16
City of Canada Bay Council	3	206	\$34.8m	8	92	31
City of Sydney Council	1	1,127	\$326.8m	7	93	38
Clarence Valley Council	4	29	\$1.4m	79	21	4
Cobar Shire Council	10	4	\$0.06m	100	0	9
Coffs Harbour City Council	5	57	\$5.8m	30	70	6
Conargo Shire Council	8	11	\$0.99m	100	0	48
Coolamon Shire Council	9	48	\$2m	96	4	62
Cooma-Monaro Shire Council	11	7	\$0.86m	43	57	6

T	able 2-1	3: Volume	and Value	of CDCs		
Council	DLG code	Number determined	Total estimated value	% Determined by Council	% Determined by private	CDCs as % of DAs and CDCs
Coonamble Shire Council	9	13	\$0.8m	100	0	41
Cootamundra Shire Council	10	33	\$2.4m	100	0	21
Corowa Shire Council	11	20	\$2.5m	85	15	9
Cowra Shire Council	11	51	\$2.2m	84	16	36
Deniliquin Council	4	14	\$0.79m	100	0	14
Dubbo City Council	4	136	\$21.6m	19	81	22
Dungog Shire Council	10	1	\$0.02m	100	0	1
Eurobodalla Shire Council	4	48	\$3.8m	40	60	8
Fairfield City Council	3	341	\$38m	14	86	31
Forbes Shire Council	10	5	\$1.4m	20	80	3
Gilgandra Shire Council	9	12	\$0.27m	100	0	33
Glen Innes Severn Shire Council	10	34	\$1.7m	100	0	29
Gloucester Shire Council	10	30	\$3.8m	100	0	23
Gosford City Council	7	403	\$28m	23	77	26
Goulburn Mulwaree Council	4	29	\$1.9m	34	66	8
Great Lakes Council	4	91	\$7.4m	12	88	19
Greater Hume Shire Council	11	73	\$6.9m	86	14	41
Greater Taree City Council	4	9	\$0.21m	100	0	3
Griffith City Council	4	56	\$5.3m	11	89	20
Gundagai Shire Council	9	0	\$0			0
Gunnedah Shire Council	11	71	\$9.1m	62	38	30
Guyra Shire Council	9	13	\$0.42m	100	0	24
Gwydir Shire Council	10	10	\$0.55m	90	10	14
Harden Shire Council	9	1	\$7,900	100	0	2
Hawkesbury City Council	6	139	\$12m	12	88	19
Hay Shire Council	9	9	\$0.19m	100	0	31
Holroyd City Council	3	321	\$42.8m	8	92	41
Hornsby Shire Council	7	474	\$64.4m	14	86	38
Hunters Hill Municipal Council	2	0	\$0			0
Hurstville City Council	3	86	\$7.6m	34	66	21
Inverell Shire Council	11	77	\$4.4m	99	1	33
Jerilderie Shire Council	8	15	\$0.36m	100	0	45
Junee Shire Council	10	61	\$3.2m	100	0	54
Kempsey Shire Council	4	103	\$7.7m	18	82	27
Kiama Municipal Council	4	67	\$5.7m	13	87	20
Kogarah City Council	2	110	\$22.7m	20	80	28
Ku-ring-gai Council	3	377	\$62.7m	100	0	43
Kyogle Council	10	3	\$0.57m	100	0	4
Lachlan Shire Council	10	23	\$1.3m	100	0	26

Т	able 2-1	3: Volume	and Value	of CDCs		
Council	DLG code	Number determined	Total estimated value	% Determined by Council	% Determined by private	CDCs as % of DAs and CDCs
Lake Macquarie City Council	5	362	\$38.6m	20	80	17
Lane Cove Council	2	136	\$18.6m	7	93	38
Leeton Shire Council	11	1	\$0	100	0	1
Leichhardt Municipal Council	2	117	\$17.1m	38	62	20
Lismore City Council	4	8	\$0.18m	75	25	2
Lithgow City Council	4	17	\$0.82m	53	47	6
Liverpool City Council	7	483	\$74.8m	7	93	29
Liverpool Plains Shire Council	10	34	\$0.74m	97	3	37
Lockhart Shire Council	9	0	\$0			0
Maitland City Council	5	367	\$66.2m	32	68	23
Manly Council	2	104	\$13.1m	9	91	28
Marrickville Council	3	83	\$14m	16	84	13
Mid-Western Regional Council	4	171	\$23.7m	58	42	27
Moree Plains Shire Council	11	5	\$0.22m	80	20	4
Mosman Municipal Council	2	1	\$0.01m	100	0	0
Murray Shire Council	10	43	\$2.5m	93	7	21
Murrumbidgee Shire Council	9	6	\$0.08m	100	0	20
Muswellbrook Shire Council	11	148	\$28.7m	23	77	32
Nambucca Shire Council	11	52	\$3.7m	19	81	25
Narrabri Shire Council	11	57	\$3.6m	100	0	30
Narrandera Shire Council	10	4	\$0.1m	75	25	7
Narromine Shire Council	10	15	\$0.5m	100	0	20
North Sydney Council	2	253	\$52m	1	99	39
Oberon Council	10	2	\$0.09m	100	0	3
Orange City Council	4	211	\$40.8m	7	93	32
Palerang Council	11	9	\$0.85m	100	0	3
Parkes Shire Council	11	74	\$6.7m	76	24	42
Parramatta City Council	3	467	\$65.4m	9	91	42
Penrith City Council	7	738	\$117.6m	3	97	36
Pittwater Council	2	146	\$11.6m	12	88	19
Port Macquarie-Hastings Council	5	264	\$25.6m	39	61	29
Port Stephens Council	4	105	\$11m	10	90	12
Queanbeyan City Council	4	30	\$2.8m	30	70	10
Randwick City Council	3	265	\$34.2m	13	87	27
Richmond Valley Council	4	7	\$0.11m	100	0	3
Rockdale City Council	3	138	\$27.8m	6	94	28
Ryde City Council	3	532	\$309.9m	7	93	54
Shellharbour City Council	4	359	\$43.5m	4	96	45
Shoalhaven City Council	5	312	\$32.6m	15	85	18

	Table 2-1	3: Volume	and Value	of CDCs		
Council	DLG code	Number determined	Total estimated value	% Determined by Council	% Determined by private	CDCs as % of DAs and CDCs
Singleton Council	4	71	\$11.1m	8	92	15
Snowy River Shire Council	10	22	\$4.3m	27	73	15
Strathfield Municipal Council	2	18	\$1m	100	0	13
Sutherland Shire Council	3	572	\$49.6m	42	58	34
Tamworth Regional Council	4	298	\$30.8m	43	57	37
Temora Shire Council	10	38	\$2.2m	100	0	36
Tenterfield Shire Council	10	36	\$1.3m	100	0	31
The City of Newcastle Council	5	511	\$38.3m	35	65	28
The Hills Shire Council	7	582	\$104.4m	10	90	32
Tumbarumba Shire Council	9	1	\$0.01m	100	0	1
Tumut Council	11	4	\$0.12m	75	25	3
Tweed Shire Council	5	122	\$10.8m	56	44	16
Upper Hunter Shire Council	11	39	\$10.8m	67	31	15
Upper Lachlan Shire Council	10	1	\$2,000	100	0	1
Uralla Shire Council	10	55	\$5.8m	40	60	47
Urana Shire Council	8	0	\$0			0
Wagga Wagga City Council	4	142	\$12.7m	45	55	19
Wakool Shire Council	9	11	\$1.1m	100	0	15
Walcha Council	9	6	\$0.32m	100	0	14
Walgett Shire Council	10	10	\$1.9m	80	20	20
Warren Shire Council	9	2	\$0.03m	100	0	5
Warringah Council	3	492	\$61.8m	3	97	27
Warrumbungle Shire Council	11	15	\$0.62m	100	0	20
Waverley Council	2	200	\$39.2m	15	86	27
Weddin Shire Council	9	8	\$0.41m	100	0	15
Wellington Council	10	18	\$1.2m	67	33	19
Wentworth Shire Council	10	25	\$0.66m	52	48	15
Willoughby City Council	3	348	\$80.7m	17	83	42
Wingecarribee Shire Council	4	34	\$2.4m	100	0	5
Wollondilly Shire Council	6	115	\$14.8m	21	79	15
Wollongong City Council	5	12	\$0.83m	100	0	1
Woollahra Municipal Council	2	129	\$18.6m	20	80	20
Wyong Shire Council	7	403	\$23.2m	46	54	22
Yass Valley Council	11	53	\$8.5m	40	60	18
Young Shire Council	11	8	\$1.7m	63	38	4

	Table 2-13	: DLG Group Av	erages - Volume	and Value of CD)Cs
DLG code	Number determined	Total estimated value	Determined by council	Determined by private	CDCs as % of DAs and CDCs
2	104	\$20.3m	14	86	25
3	340	\$64.3m	20	80	33
4	96	\$10.9m	38	62	18
5	251	\$27.3m	31	69	18
6	319	\$57.1m	11	89	29
7	425	\$58.3m	14	86	29
8	8	\$0.82m	100	0	38
9	8	\$0.36m	99	1	18
10	23	\$1.6m	86	14	20
11	40	\$4.8m	63	37	20

Table 2-14: CDCs	deter	mine	d % by	cate	gory an	ıd planı	ning ins	strume	nt
Council	DLG code	Number determined	Number of CDCs determined under Codes SEPP	% of Alts/adds under Codes SEPP	% Single new dwelling under Codes SEPP	% Commercial/retail/office under Codes SEPP	% Industrial under Codes SEPP	Number of CDCs determined using Council Planning Instrument	Number of CDCs not determined under Codes SEPP or Council planning instrument (including unknown)
Albury City Council	4	238	238	100	100	100		0	0
Armidale Dumaresq Council	4	120	120	100	100	100	100	0	0
Ashfield Municipal Council	2	72	47	100	100	100		0	25
Auburn City Council	3	6	6	100		100		0	0
Ballina Shire Council	4	39	32	81	100	89		7	0
Balranald Shire Council	9	1	1		100			0	0
Bankstown City Council	3	423	0					0	423
Bathurst Regional Council	4	157	25	0	4	100		132	0
Bega Valley Shire Council	4	77	76	100	100	100		0	1
Bellingen Shire Council	11	14	14	100	100			0	0
Berrigan Shire Council	10	65	49	100	100	100		0	16
Blacktown City Council	3	873	845	100	98	99	100	8	20
Bland Shire Council	10	13	11	100	100			0	2
Blayney Shire Council	10	0	0					0	0
Blue Mountains City Council	7	13	12	80	100	100	100	1	0
Bogan Shire Council	9	4	4	100				0	0
Bombala Council	9	14	0					0	14
Boorowa Council	9	0	0					0	0
Botany Bay City Council	2	96	22	100	100			0	74
Bourke Shire Council	9	9	6	57	100			3	0
Brewarrina Shire Council	8	7	0					0	7
Broken Hill City Council	4	0	0					0	0
Burwood Council	2	73	0					0	73
Byron Shire Council	4	69	29	48	67	50		33	7
Cabonne Shire Council	11	28	0					1	27
Camden Council	6	704	556	100	100	100	100	1	147
Campbelltown City Council	7	307	305	100	100	100	100	0	2
Canterbury City Council	3	246	243	100	94	100	100	3	0
Carrathool Shire Council	9	10	0					0	10
Central Darling Shire Council	9	0	0					0	0
Cessnock City Council	4	139	11	100	100			0	128
City of Canada Bay Council	3	206	169	100	100	100	100	0	37
City of Sydney Council	1	1,127	0			0		44	1,083

Table 2-14: CDCs	deter	mine	d % by	cate	gory an	ıd planı	ning ins	strumei	nt
Council	DLG code	Number determined	Number of CDCs determined under Codes SEPP	% of Alts/adds under Codes SEPP	% Single new dwelling under Codes SEPP	% Commercial/retail/office under Codes SEPP	% Industrial under Codes SEPP	Number of CDCs determined using Council Planning Instrument	Number of CDCs not determined under Codes SEPP or Council planning instrument (including unknown)
Clarence Valley Council	4	29	28	100		100		1	0
Cobar Shire Council	10	4	0	0				4	0
Coffs Harbour City Council	5	57	55	98	100	100	0	2	0
Conargo Shire Council	8	11	11	100	100			0	0
Coolamon Shire Council	9	48	47	100	100			0	1
Cooma-Monaro Shire Council	11	7	7		100	100		0	0
Coonamble Shire Council	9	13	0	0	0	0		13	0
Cootamundra Shire Council	10	33	0	0	0	0		33	0
Corowa Shire Council	11	20	0		0			20	0
Cowra Shire Council	11	51	40	82	100	75	100	4	7
Deniliquin Council	4	14	3	0	50	100		10	1
Dubbo City Council	4	136	136	100	100	100	100	0	0
Dungog Shire Council	10	1	0					0	1
Eurobodalla Shire Council	4	48	48	100	100			0	0
Fairfield City Council	3	341	315	100	100	100	100	0	26
Forbes Shire Council	10	5	0					0	5
Gilgandra Shire Council	9	12	12	100	100			0	0
Glen Innes Severn Shire Council	10	34	34	100	100			0	0
Gloucester Shire Council	10	30	14	100	100			0	16
Gosford City Council	7	403	313	79	87	93		90	0
Goulburn Mulwaree Council	4	29	28	100	100	100		1	0
Great Lakes Council	4	91	7	57	67	100		4	80
Greater Hume Shire Council	11	73	73	100	100			0	0
Greater Taree City Council	4	9	9	100			100	0	0
Griffith City Council	4	56	53	97	92	80		3	0
Gundagai Shire Council	9	0	0					0	0
Gunnedah Shire Council	11	71	69	97	100	100		1	1
Guyra Shire Council	9	13	3	22	50			10	0
Gwydir Shire Council	10	10	10	100	100			0	0
Harden Shire Council	9	1	1			100		0	0
Hawkesbury City Council	6	139	0					0	139
Hay Shire Council	9	9	0					0	9

Table 2-14: CDCs	deter	mine	d % by	cate	gory an	ıd planı	ning ins	trumei	nt
Council	DLG code	Number determined	Number of CDCs determined under Codes SEPP	% of Alts/adds under Codes SEPP	% Single new dwelling under Codes SEPP	% Commercial/retail/office under Codes SEPP	% Industrial under Codes SEPP	Number of CDCs determined using Council Planning Instrument	Number of CDCs not determined under Codes SEPP or Council planning instrument (including unknown)
Holroyd City Council	3	321	321	100	100	100	100	0	0
Hornsby Shire Council	7	474	462	97	100	95	100	12	0
Hunters Hill Municipal Council	2	0	0					0	0
Hurstville City Council	3	86	44	75	100	100		3	39
Inverell Shire Council	11	77	77	100	100	100		0	0
Jerilderie Shire Council	8	15	10	100		100		0	5
Junee Shire Council	10	61	54	89	88			7	0
Kempsey Shire Council	4	103	65	66	40	60	0	38	0
Kiama Municipal Council	4	67	67	100	100	100	100	0	0
Kogarah City Council	2	110	100	98	100	100	100	1	9
Ku-ring-gai Council	3	377	0					0	377
Kyogle Council	10	3	1			100		0	2
Lachlan Shire Council	10	23	0					0	23
Lake Macquarie City Council	5	362	325	93	90	97		37	0
Lane Cove Council	2	136	136	100	100	100	100	0	0
Leeton Shire Council	11	1	0					0	1
Leichhardt Municipal Council	2	117	86	67	100	84		31	0
Lismore City Council	4	8	4	100	100	50		2	2
Lithgow City Council	4	17	17	100	100	100		0	0
Liverpool City Council	7	483	419	93	97	75	100	54	10
Liverpool Plains Shire Council	10	34	34	100	100			0	0
Lockhart Shire Council	9	0	0					0	0
Maitland City Council	5	367	219	100	100	100		0	148
Manly Council	2	104	0					0	104
Marrickville Council	3	83	83	100	100	100	100	0	0
Mid-Western Regional Council	4	171	171	100	100	100		0	0
Moree Plains Shire Council	11	5	4	100		100		0	1
Mosman Municipal Council	2	1	1					0	0
Murray Shire Council	10	43	43	100	100			0	0
Murrumbidgee Shire Council	9	6	0	0		0		6	0
Muswellbrook Shire Council	11	148	145	100	100	100	100	0	3
Nambucca Shire Council	11	52	5	100	100	100		0	47
Narrabri Shire Council	11	57	0					0	57

Table 2-14: CDCs	deter	mine	d % by	cate	gory an	ıd planı	ning ins	trumei	nt
Council	DLG code	Number determined	Number of CDCs determined under Codes SEPP	% of Alts/adds under Codes SEPP	% Single new dwelling under Codes SEPP	% Commercial/retail/office under Codes SEPP	% Industrial under Codes SEPP	Number of CDCs determined using Council Planning Instrument	Number of CDCs not determined under Codes SEPP or Council planning instrument (including unknown)
Narrandera Shire Council	10	4	4					0	0
Narromine Shire Council	10	15	0	0	0			15	0
North Sydney Council	2	253	252	100	100	99		1	0
Oberon Council	10	2	0					0	2
Orange City Council	4	211	62	100	100	100		0	149
Palerang Council	11	9	9	100	100			0	0
Parkes Shire Council	11	74	57	53	100	100		16	1
Parramatta City Council	3	467	0					0	467
Penrith City Council	7	738	651	100	100	100	100	0	87
Pittwater Council	2	146	145	99	100	100		1	0
Port Macquarie-Hastings Council	5	264	261	99	100	100	100	1	2
Port Stephens Council	4	105	86	100	100	100		1	18
Queanbeyan City Council	4	30	27	94	100	100		2	1
Randwick City Council	3	265	248	92	100	95	100	17	0
Richmond Valley Council	4	7	0	0	0	0		7	0
Rockdale City Council	3	138	138	100	100	100		0	0
Ryde City Council	3	532	266	51	56	48		266	0
Shellharbour City Council	4	359	296	87	49			62	1
Shoalhaven City Council	5	312	262	90	97	100		21	29
Singleton Council	4	71	38	100	100	100		0	33
Snowy River Shire Council	10	22	22	100	100	100	100	0	0
Strathfield Municipal Council	2	18	16	100	100			0	2
Sutherland Shire Council	3	572	464	84	96	94	100	95	13
Tamworth Regional Council	4	298	298	100	100	100		0	0
Temora Shire Council	10	38	38	100	100	100		0	0
Tenterfield Shire Council	10	36	18	48	67	75		18	0
The City of Newcastle Council	5	511	12	100	100			1	498
The Hills Shire Council	7	582	559	100	100	100	100	0	23
Tumbarumba Shire Council	9	1	1	100				0	0
Tumut Council	11	4	2	100				0	2
Tweed Shire Council	5	122	0					0	122
Upper Hunter Shire Council	11	39	19		100			0	20
Upper Lachlan Shire Council	10	1	0					0	1

Table 2-14: CDCs	deter	mine	d % by	cate	gory an	ıd planı	ning ins	strume	nt
Council	DLG code	Number determined	Number of CDCs determined under Codes SEPP	% of Alts/adds under Codes SEPP	% Single new dwelling under Codes SEPP	% Commercial/retail/office under Codes SEPP	% Industrial under Codes SEPP	Number of CDCs determined using Council Planning Instrument	Number of CDCs not determined under Codes SEPP or Council planning instrument (including unknown)
Uralla Shire Council	10	55	55	100	100			0	0
Urana Shire Council	8	0	0					0	0
Wagga Wagga City Council	4	142	139					0	3
Wakool Shire Council	9	11	0					0	11
Walcha Council	9	6	6	100	100			0	0
Walgett Shire Council	10	10	0					0	10
Warren Shire Council	9	2	0					0	2
Warringah Council	3	492	483	67		100		9	0
Warrumbungle Shire Council	11	15	0					0	15
Waverley Council	2	200	200	100	100	100		0	0
Weddin Shire Council	9	8	8	100	100			0	0
Wellington Council	10	18	18	100	100			0	0
Wentworth Shire Council	10	25	25	100	100			0	0
Willoughby City Council	3	348	348	100	100	100	100	0	0
Wingecarribee Shire Council	4	34	0	0	0			34	0
Wollondilly Shire Council	6	115	82	96	100	100		2	31
Wollongong City Council	5	12	7	100	100	50		1	4
Woollahra Municipal Council	2	129	113	100	100	100		0	16
Wyong Shire Council	7	403	403	100	100	100		0	0
Yass Valley Council	11	53	48	100	92	100		5	0
Young Shire Council	11	8	8	100	100			0	0

Table 2-14: DLG Group Averages - CDCs determined % by category and planning instrument										
DLG code	Number determined	Number of CDCs determined under Codes SEPP	% of Alts/adds under Codes SEPP	% Single new dwelling under Codes SEPP	% Commercial/retail/office under Codes SEPP	% Industrial under Codes SEPP	Number of CDCs determined using Council Planning Instrument	Number of CDCs not determined under Codes SEPP or Council planning instrument (including unknown)		
2	112	86	95	100	99	100	3	23		
3	340	234	88	94	89	100	24	82		
4	99	73	90	74	94	71	12	15		
5	251	143	95	98	97	50	8	100		
6	319	213	98	100	100	100	1	106		
7	425	391	95	99	95	100	20	15		
8	11	7	100	100	100		0	4		
9	10	5	62	84	33		2	3		
10	23	17	82	89	88	100	3	3		
11	40	29	95	92	94	100	2	9		

Table 3-28: Determination times for all councils								
Council	DLG Code	DA Mean Gross	DA Mean Net	DA Median Gross	DA Median Net	s96 Mean Gross		
Albury City Council	4	33	24	25	21	27		
Armidale Dumaresq Council	4	64	43	55	41	37		
Ashfield Municipal Council	2	43	28	33	21	33		
Auburn City Council	3	93	93	65	65	64		
Ballina Shire Council	4	54	29	28	24	39		
Balranald Shire Council	9	19	19	19	19	13		
Bankstown City Council	3	65	53	36	27	37		
Bathurst Regional Council	4	40	28	25	19	17		
Bega Valley Shire Council	4	55	40	34	31	44		
Bellingen Shire Council	11	76	49	52	36	63		
Berrigan Shire Council	10	23	23	8	8			
Blacktown City Council	3	73	64	41	37	65		
Bland Shire Council	10	24	19	15	14	16		
Blayney Shire Council	10	56	48	36	32	71		
Blue Mountains City Council	7	80	50	61	36	54		
Bogan Shire Council	9	15	15	14	14			
Bombala Council	9	21	18	13	13			
Boorowa Council	9	46	34	35	26	14		
Botany Bay City Council	2	129	108	126	107	77		
Bourke Shire Council	9	31	28	24	22			
Brewarrina Shire Council	8	114	66	61	25			
Broken Hill City Council	4	50	26	14	8	1		
Burwood Council	2	83	41	39	34	49		
Byron Shire Council	4	65	39	45	29	39		
Cabonne Shire Council	11	108	80	49	46	99		
Camden Council	6	49	31	29	22	45		
Campbelltown City Council	7	100	45	63	39	72		
Canterbury City Council	3	110	63	79	46	74		
Carrathool Shire Council	9	20	20	15	15			
Central Darling Shire Council	9	37	27	15	8			
Cessnock City Council	4	77	48	30	25	52		
City of Canada Bay Council	3	78	53	56	39	58		
City of Sydney Council	1	67	58	52	46	54		
Clarence Valley Council	4	52	45	28	26	54		
Cobar Shire Council	10	28	27	24	23	65		
Coffs Harbour City Council	5	88	44	30	19	38		
Conargo Shire Council	8	14	13	10	10			
Coolamon Shire Council	9	28	23	26	14			
Cooma-Monaro Shire Council	11	88	62	50	39	60		
Coonamble Shire Council	9	55	5	42	1			

Tab	ole 3-28: Det	terminatio	n times for	all council	ls	
Council	DLG Code	DA Mean Gross	DA Mean Net	DA Median Gross	DA Median Net	s96 Mean Gross
Cootamundra Shire Council	10	31	29	20	20	
Corowa Shire Council	11	35	25	23	18	82
Cowra Shire Council	11	48	35	32	31	33
Deniliquin Council	4	46	23	21	18	16
Dubbo City Council	4	43	21	23	15	43
Dungog Shire Council	10	66	44	29	25	91
Eurobodalla Shire Council	4	61	29	32	24	27
Fairfield City Council	3	91	45	46	24	43
Forbes Shire Council	10	37	37	27	27	
Gilgandra Shire Council	9	30	30	23	23	
Glen Innes Severn Shire Council	10	42	29	20	17	70
Gloucester Shire Council	10	49	8	36	7	61
Gosford City Council	7	66	50	47	38	39
Goulburn Mulwaree Council	4	65	46	34	28	62
Great Lakes Council	4	103	72	59	51	77
Greater Hume Shire Council	11	38	31	25	22	27
Greater Taree City Council	4	109	71	43	32	65
Griffith City Council	4	38	31	27	25	22
Gundagai Shire Council	9	25	25	18	18	
Gunnedah Shire Council	11	42	32	29	26	35
Guyra Shire Council	9	29	29	19	19	13
Gwydir Shire Council	10	126	102	42	22	49
Harden Shire Council	9	28	25	19	18	24
Hawkesbury City Council	6	91	69	64	55	111
Hay Shire Council	9	21	21	13	13	
Holroyd City Council	3	83	62	72	55	48
Hornsby Shire Council	7	73	49	52	41	37
Hunters Hill Municipal Council	2	98	47	85	27	79
Hurstville City Council	3	103	84	77	63	60
Inverell Shire Council	11	27	19	18	18	17
Jerilderie Shire Council	8	21	14	6	4	
Junee Shire Council	10	26	22	8	8	12
Kempsey Shire Council	4	46	28	22	15	25
Kiama Municipal Council	4	53	39	41	32	34
Kogarah City Council	2	90	57	61	44	56
Ku-ring-gai Council	3	85	59	72	48	53
Kyogle Council	10	134	120	48	44	166
Lachlan Shire Council	10	55	31	31	28	
Lake Macquarie City Council	5	51	24	30	20	39

Tak	ole 3-28: De	terminatio	n times for	all council	ls	
Council	DLG Code	DA Mean Gross	DA Mean Net	DA Median Gross	DA Median Net	s96 Mean Gross
Lane Cove Council	2	80	59	59	48	66
Leeton Shire Council	11	36	28	20	20	
Leichhardt Municipal Council	2	91	68	85	59	78
Lismore City Council	4	67	39	44	33	41
Lithgow City Council	4	72	47	48	31	43
Liverpool City Council	7	85	50	62	42	64
Liverpool Plains Shire Council	10	99	76	30	26	203
Lockhart Shire Council	9	31	31	25	25	
Maitland City Council	5	55	32	30	25	57
Manly Council	2	82	53	69	52	72
Marrickville Council	3	72	17	65	4	53
Mid-Western Regional Council	4	55	33	38	28	54
Moree Plains Shire Council	11	45	27	28	23	20
Mosman Municipal Council	2	86	86	75	75	67
Murray Shire Council	10	75	37	29	23	37
Murrumbidgee Shire Council	9	41	41	13	13	
Muswellbrook Shire Council	11	43	30	27	25	35
Nambucca Shire Council	11	60	39	37	28	24
Narrabri Shire Council	11	44	37	26	20	26
Narrandera Shire Council	10	37	30	28	28	19
Narromine Shire Council	10	31	24	27	25	
North Sydney Council	2	102	66	74	50	68
Oberon Council	10	82	23	42	16	22
Orange City Council	4	50	34	33	25	42
Palerang Council	11	69	51	57	48	39
Parkes Shire Council	11	77	43	46	32	129
Parramatta City Council	3	90	61	68	41	57
Penrith City Council	7	72	48	46	33	58
Pittwater Council	2	71	58	45	42	85
Port Macquarie-Hastings Council	5	70	33	40	28	35
Port Stephens Council	4	69	41	38	28	49
Queanbeyan City Council	4	67	52	46	36	34
Randwick City Council	3	77	36	53	32	53
Richmond Valley Council	4	61	40	42	33	44
Rockdale City Council	3	98	60	71	49	59
Ryde City Council	3	82	65	51	39	48
Shellharbour City Council	4	67	33	42	26	35
Shoalhaven City Council	5	71	31	36	20	49

Tak	ole 3-28: Det	terminatio	n times for	all council	s	
Council	DLG Code	DA Mean Gross	DA Mean Net	DA Median Gross	DA Median Net	s96 Mean Gross
Singleton Council	4	131	40	50	31	90
Snowy River Shire Council	10	63	33	42	20	32
Strathfield Municipal Council	2	67	55	62	54	38
Sutherland Shire Council	3	67	61	54	48	45
Tamworth Regional Council	4	36	24	21	19	25
Temora Shire Council	10	19	18	19	17	
Tenterfield Shire Council	10	56	33	33	24	
The City of Newcastle Council	5	84	43	54	37	43
The Hills Shire Council	7	73	39	49	29	57
Tumbarumba Shire Council	9	72	46	42	29	
Tumut Council	11	26	23	20	18	24
Tweed Shire Council	5	62	39	38	32	57
Upper Hunter Shire Council	11	58	43	49	40	42
Upper Lachlan Shire Council	10	76	38	51	29	82
Uralla Shire Council	10	48	8	27	1	19
Urana Shire Council	8	30	30	12	12	
Wagga Wagga City Council	4	50	32	35	25	40
Wakool Shire Council	9	63	59	26	26	
Walcha Council	9	31	20	22	21	52
Walgett Shire Council	10	39	25	26	15	14
Warren Shire Council	9	27	27	15	15	
Warringah Council	3	35	25	15	11	56
Warrumbungle Shire Council	11	37	17	29	13	
Waverley Council	2	101	86	77	69	60
Weddin Shire Council	9	63	51	56	45	36
Wellington Council	10	28	26	24	22	8
Wentworth Shire Council	10	166	60	63	22	40
Willoughby City Council	3	99	72	78	57	59
Wingecarribee Shire Council	4	63	43	47	34	28
Wollondilly Shire Council	6	101	54	43	27	58
Wollongong City Council	5	56	38	42	31	48
Woollahra Municipal Council	2	101	78	73	59	60
Wyong Shire Council	7	40	29	27	23	44
Yass Valley Council	11	86	47	52	37	28
Young Shire Council	11	42	28	21	17	17

Table 3-28: DLG Group Averages - Determination times for all councils										
DLG Code	DA Mean Gross	DA Mean Net	DA Median Gross	DA Median Net	s96 Mean Gross					
2	88	66	66	51	65					
3	76	54	53	36	54					
4	61	38	34	27	42					
5	66	35	37	26	46					
6	74	47	37	28	69					
7	71	44	48	33	51					
8	33	25	12	10						
9	38	31	22	20	28					
10	61	38	29	21	62					
11	54	37	34	26	40					

Council	DLG	<\$100k	\$100k -	<\$1m	\$1m -	\$5m -	\$20 m
	Code		<\$500k		<\$5m	<\$20m	and ovei
Albury City Council	4	32	30	32	64	111	
Armidale Dumaresq Council	4	55	84	64	62	90	
Ashfield Municipal Council	2	34	45	41	66	458	
Auburn City Council	3	68	84	72	251	246	239
Ballina Shire Council	4	50	57	54	78	71	
Balranald Shire Council	9	21	13	19			
Bankstown City Council	3	44	65	56	208	165	272
Bathurst Regional Council	4	36	40	38	100	132	
Bega Valley Shire Council	4	56	47	53	212	351	
Bellingen Shire Council	11	71	87	75	247		
Berrigan Shire Council	10	28	13	23	41		
Blacktown City Council	3	75	54	65	214	217	230
Bland Shire Council	10	18	48	24			
Blayney Shire Council	10	49	58	56	70		
Blue Mountains City Council	7	66	98	79	214	189	
Bogan Shire Council	9	14		15			
Bombala Council	9	22	21	21			
Boorowa Council	9	39	58	46			
Botany Bay City Council	2	110	138	123	153	204	257
Bourke Shire Council	9	28	40	29	21	70	
Brewarrina Shire Council	8	114		114			
Broken Hill City Council	4	36	63	42	448		
Burwood Council	2	50	96	73	264	232	188
Byron Shire Council	4	52	75	61	191	107	
Cabonne Shire Council	11	110	69	104	213	171	
Camden Council	6	56	36	45	133	353	183
Campbelltown City Council	7	98	78	90	264	197	381
Canterbury City Council	3	78	117	96	273	311	23′
Carrathool Shire Council	9	19	15	19		48	
Central Darling Shire Council	9	28	74	37			
Cessnock City Council	4	69	65	70	375	1,426	
City of Canada Bay Council	3	51	95	73	186	134	120
City of Sydney Council	1	53	69	59	116	165	218
Clarence Valley Council	4	49	47	49	402		
Cobar Shire Council	10	27	31	28			
Coffs Harbour City Council	5	92	70	86	141	244	262
Conargo Shire Council	8	16	-	14			
Coolamon Shire Council	9	27	27	27	49		

Table 3-29: Mean gro		i				4	
Council	DLG Code	<\$100k	\$100k - <\$500k	<\$1m	\$1m - <\$5m	\$5m - <\$20m	\$20m and over
Cooma-Monaro Shire Council	11	93	76	88	63		
Coonamble Shire Council	9	39	111	60	42		
Cootamundra Shire Council	10	25	54	31			
Corowa Shire Council	11	37	29	35	35		
Cowra Shire Council	11	53	41	48			
Deniliquin Council	4	49	27	46	43		
Dubbo City Council	4	33	43	39	198	229	104
Dungog Shire Council	10	71	47	66			
Eurobodalla Shire Council	4	56	61	58	86	986	
Fairfield City Council	3	68	103	83	278	324	213
Forbes Shire Council	10	32	50	37	16	83	
Gilgandra Shire Council	9	26	45	30			
Glen Innes Severn Shire Council	10	32	77	41		128	
Gloucester Shire Council	10	53	45	49			
Gosford City Council	7	53	75	62	164	193	
Goulburn Mulwaree Council	4	59	57	62	266	74	
Great Lakes Council	4	83	108	100	542		
Greater Hume Shire Council	11	37	41	38			
Greater Taree City Council	4	99	81	92	894	722	
Griffith City Council	4	34	38	36	54	167	
Gundagai Shire Council	9	25	23	25			
Gunnedah Shire Council	11	41	42	42		51	
Guyra Shire Council	9	22	39	27		107	
Gwydir Shire Council	10	143	83	125	140		
Harden Shire Council	9	29	26	28			
Hawkesbury City Council	6	84	98	90	163	61	
Hay Shire Council	9	20	41	21			
Holroyd City Council	3	51	90	75	167	191	88
Hornsby Shire Council	7	64	73	70	125	154	185
Hunters Hill Municipal Council	2	71	98	90	152		
Hurstville City Council	3	80	114	99	153	204	131
Inverell Shire Council	11	24	30	26	36		
Jerilderie Shire Council	8	12	52	21			
Junee Shire Council	10	22	10	24	126		
Kempsey Shire Council	4	37	65	45	78	141	
Kiama Municipal Council	4	39	67	50	125	194	
Kogarah City Council	2	51	110	83	179	421	
Ku-ring-gai Council	3	63	86	77	140	261	283
Kyogle Council	10	163	62	134			

Table 3-29: Mean gro	DLG	<\$100k	\$100k -	<\$1m	\$1m -	\$5m -	\$20m
Council	Code	<\$100K	<\$500k	<\$1111	<\$5m	<\$20m	and over
Lachlan Shire Council	10	51	68	55	22		
Lake Macquarie City Council	5	43	47	47	215	301	187
Lane Cove Council	2	58	81	74	147	241	168
Leeton Shire Council	11	27	48	36	23		
Leichhardt Municipal Council	2	75	96	88	146	154	166
Lismore City Council	4	63	64	64	217	90	
Lithgow City Council	4	57	91	70	179		
Liverpool City Council	7	85	68	76	257	469	490
Liverpool Plains Shire Council	10	59	203	99			
Lockhart Shire Council	9	30	32	30		104	
Maitland City Council	5	54	49	52	203	178	
Manly Council	2	69	79	78	136	133	
Marrickville Council	3	62	78	70	126	152	
Mid-Western Regional Council	4	50	52	54	70	116	281
Moree Plains Shire Council	11	41	50	43	45	128	
Mosman Municipal Council	2	58	71	74	112	136	
Murray Shire Council	10	72	64	71	189	462	
Murrumbidgee Shire Council	9	43	25	41			
Muswellbrook Shire Council	11	36	39	39	148	243	
Nambucca Shire Council	11	48	72	57	141	206	
Narrabri Shire Council	11	45	32	39	61		297
Narrandera Shire Council	10	32	61	37	28		
Narromine Shire Council	10	31	27	31			
North Sydney Council	2	79	110	95	148	211	194
Oberon Council	10	85	57	79	228		
Orange City Council	4	37	53	47	86	77	199
Palerang Council	11	64	81	69	136		
Parkes Shire Council	11	85	51	77	91		
Parramatta City Council	3	58	92	79	167	202	152
Penrith City Council	7	73	53	65	201	325	188
Pittwater Council	2	38	116	68	163	420	123
Port Macquarie-Hastings Council	5	67	62	68	150	241	
Port Stephens Council	4	60	66	64	169	284	886
Queanbeyan City Council	4	48	90	62	147	75	173
Randwick City Council	3	52	89	70	216	169	124
Richmond Valley Council	4	61	58	61	229		
Rockdale City Council	3	85	91	92	215	247	140
Ryde City Council	3	54	88	77	157	136	195
Shellharbour City Council	4	60	58	63	174	183	252

Table 3-29: Mean gr	oss DA det	erminati	on times	s for all	councils	by value	
Council	DLG Code	<\$100k	\$100k - <\$500k	<\$1m	\$1m - <\$5m	\$5m - <\$20m	\$20m and over
Shoalhaven City Council	5	72	63	70	171	120	
Singleton Council	4	139	117	131	151	144	
Snowy River Shire Council	10	57	77	63	78		
Strathfield Municipal Council	2	52	78	61	120		194
Sutherland Shire Council	3	53	69	62	141	196	216
Tamworth Regional Council	4	37	32	35	71	102	
Temora Shire Council	10	16	23	19			
Tenterfield Shire Council	10	61	44	56			
The City of Newcastle Council	5	67	89	78	213	167	413
The Hills Shire Council	7	70	65	69	150	269	260
Tumbarumba Shire Council	9	80	37	72	25		
Tumut Council	11	25	29	26			
Tweed Shire Council	5	59	49	56	200	287	273
Upper Hunter Shire Council	11	55	59	58	124		
Upper Lachlan Shire Council	10	69	92	76			
Uralla Shire Council	10	49	36	47	117		
Urana Shire Council	8	31	26	30			
Wagga Wagga City Council	4	45	47	48	109	173	209
Wakool Shire Council	9	58	90	61	87		
Walcha Council	9	32	25	31			
Walgett Shire Council	10	44	31	39	30		
Warren Shire Council	9	26	27	27			
Warringah Council	3	23	70	33	107	128	
Warrumbungle Shire Council	11	35	42	37			
Waverley Council	2	75	107	93	183	268	200
Weddin Shire Council	9	65	47	63			
Wellington Council	10	27	30	28			
Wentworth Shire Council	10	91	248	166	160		
Willoughby City Council	3	73	108	93	181	267	160
Wingecarribee Shire Council	4	55	68	62	145	242	
Wollondilly Shire Council	6	99	83	95	714	278	
Wollongong City Council	5	47	60	54	131	119	247
Woollahra Municipal Council	2	69	105	88	173	363	163
Wyong Shire Council	7	32	52	39	150	328	
Yass Valley Council	11	77	102	85	457		
Young Shire Council	11	37	44	42	82		

Table	Table 3-29: DLG Group Averages - Mean gross DA determination times for all councils by value										
DLG Code	<\$100k	\$100k - <\$500k	<\$1m	\$1m - <\$5m	\$5m - <\$20m	\$20m and over					
2	61	98	81	150	262	191					
3	56	77	69	186	212	194					
4	54	61	58	184	272	324					
5	61	60	63	185	216	307					
6	81	54	70	204	290	183					
7	61	67	66	191	274	316					
8	32	41	33								
9	37	40	38	51	82						
10	53	77	61	97	224						
11	52	53	53	113	172	297					

Table 3-30: Mea	n net DA d	etermina	tion time	es for all	councils	by value	
Council	DLG Code	<\$100k	\$100k - <\$500k	<\$1m	\$1m - <\$5m	\$5m - <\$20m	\$20m and over
Albury City Council	4	23	24	24	48		
Armidale Dumaresq Council	4	39	50	43	12		
Ashfield Municipal Council	2	22	29	26	35	458	
Auburn City Council	3	68	84	72	251	246	239
Ballina Shire Council	4	29	28	29	47	42	
Balranald Shire Council	9	21	13	19			
Bankstown City Council	3	37	50	45	168	152	215
Bathurst Regional Council	4	26	30	27	46	106	
Bega Valley Shire Council	4	38	40	39	87	192	
Bellingen Shire Council	11	49	52	49			
Berrigan Shire Council	10	28	13	23	41		
Blacktown City Council	3	65	48	57	172	173	230
Bland Shire Council	10	15	36	19			
Blayney Shire Council	10	42	48	47	59		
Blue Mountains City Council	7	47	52	49	153	127	
Bogan Shire Council	9	14		15			
Bombala Council	9	18	17	18			
Boorowa Council	9	34	34	34			
Botany Bay City Council	2	103	110	105	148	97	154
Bourke Shire Council	9	24	39	27	21	70	
Brewarrina Shire Council	8	66		66			
Broken Hill City Council	4	19	42	24	105		
Burwood Council	2	32	43	37	123	76	104
Byron Shire Council	4	33	49	38	65	107	
Cabonne Shire Council	11	80	69	80	128	24	
Camden Council	6	37	25	30	63	95	68
Campbelltown City Council	7	43	41	43	101	70	42
Canterbury City Council	3	50	68	59	114	132	130
Carrathool Shire Council	9	17	15	18		48	
Central Darling Shire Council	9	18	66	27			
Cessnock City Council	4	44	44	46	99	474	
City of Canada Bay Council	3	39	61	50	100	86	104
City of Sydney Council	1	48	59	52	89	112	169
Clarence Valley Council	4	43	42	44	258		
Cobar Shire Council	10	27	27	27			
Coffs Harbour City Council	5	51	29	44	33	35	58
Conargo Shire Council	8	14		13			
Coolamon Shire Council	9	21	27	22	28		
Cooma-Monaro Shire Council	11	60	67	62	61		
Coonamble Shire Council	9	5	11	6	1		

Council	DLG	<\$100k	\$100k -	<\$1m	\$1m -	\$5m -	\$20m
	Code		<\$500k		<\$5m	<\$20m	and over
Cootamundra Shire Council	10	23	52	29			
Corowa Shire Council	11	24	26	25	24		
Cowra Shire Council	11	36	34	35			
Deniliquin Council	4	23	23	23	40		
Dubbo City Council	4	19	18	19	77	43	25
Dungog Shire Council	10	46	39	44			
Eurobodalla Shire Council	4	27	31	28	47	105	
Fairfield City Council	3	39	47	43	89	39	175
Forbes Shire Council	10	32	50	37	16	83	
Gilgandra Shire Council	9	26	45	30			
Glen Innes Severn Shire Council	10	22	61	29		74	
Gloucester Shire Council	10	9	8	8			
Gosford City Council	7	43	59	49	77	115	
Goulburn Mulwaree Council	4	42	43	46	55	32	
Great Lakes Council	4	63	79	71	197		
Greater Hume Shire Council	11	31	30	31			
Greater Taree City Council	4	57	62	59	762	267	
Griffith City Council	4	28	32	30	54	115	
Gundagai Shire Council	9	25	23	25			
Gunnedah Shire Council	11	29	36	32		51	
Guyra Shire Council	9	22	39	27		107	
Gwydir Shire Council	10	134	39	105	10		
Harden Shire Council	9	25	24	25			
Hawkesbury City Council	6	65	75	68	103	44	
Hay Shire Council	9	20	41	21			
Holroyd City Council	3	40	69	58	103	116	30
Hornsby Shire Council	7	46	49	49	66	63	29
Hunters Hill Municipal Council	2	53	50	48	45		
Hurstville City Council	3	71	84	81	115	169	100
Inverell Shire Council	11	17	25	19	36		
Jerilderie Shire Council	8	12	18	14			
Junee Shire Council	10	20	10	20	126		
Kempsey Shire Council	4	26	34	28	65	21	
Kiama Municipal Council	4	30	48	38	78	69	
Kogarah City Council	2	37	75	54	95	246	
Ku-ring-gai Council	3	48	58	54	81	197	189
Kyogle Council	10	145	51	120	0.		130
Lachlan Shire Council	10	30	34	31	22		
Lake Macquarie City Council	5	22	24	23	44	28	13
Lane Cove Council	2	47	66	55	93	201	102

Table 3-30: Mear	DLG	<\$100k	\$100k -	<\$1m	\$1m -	\$5m -	\$20m
Council	Code	<\$100K	\$100K - <\$500K	<\$1m	\$1m - <\$5m	\$5m - <\$20m	and over
Leeton Shire Council	11	23	40	28	23		
Leichhardt Municipal Council	2	61	69	66	110	128	38
Lismore City Council	4	39	37	38	70	22	
Lithgow City Council	4	41	57	47			
Liverpool City Council	7	44	51	49	57	85	126
Liverpool Plains Shire Council	10	32	189	76			
Lockhart Shire Council	9	30	32	30		104	
Maitland City Council	5	32	30	31	75	110	
Manly Council	2	49	50	52	75	66	
Marrickville Council	3	11	24	17	30	53	
Mid-Western Regional Council	4	32	32	33	35	57	217
Moree Plains Shire Council	11	24	31	26	45	92	
Mosman Municipal Council	2	58	71	74	112	136	
Murray Shire Council	10	39	33	36	73	91	
Murrumbidgee Shire Council	9	43	25	41			
Muswellbrook Shire Council	11	29	28	29	64	210	
Nambucca Shire Council	11	32	48	38	54	126	
Narrabri Shire Council	11	35	28	32	51		291
Narrandera Shire Council	10	30	34	30	28		
Narromine Shire Council	10	24	24	24			
North Sydney Council	2	54	74	63	69	114	146
Oberon Council	10	22	20	23	21		
Orange City Council	4	28	34	33	43	73	96
Palerang Council	11	47	61	51	50		
Parkes Shire Council	11	47	32	43			
Parramatta City Council	3	43	65	56	107	98	18
Penrith City Council	7	54	36	46	113	65	127
Pittwater Council	2	33	99	57	97	164	
Port Macquarie-Hastings Council	5	31	33	33	56	13	
Port Stephens Council	4	39	40	40	84	167	162
Queanbeyan City Council	4	40	73	49	99	39	13
Randwick City Council	3	32	39	35	49	39	83
Richmond Valley Council	4	38	51	40	38		
Rockdale City Council	3	60	53	60	125	86	25
Ryde City Council	3	46	68	60	127	118	182
Shellharbour City Council	4	35	31	33	39	31	96
Shoalhaven City Council	5	30	30	30	72		
Singleton Council	4	37	44	39	66	46	
Snowy River Shire Council	10	27	48	33	78		
Strathfield Municipal Council	2	45	63	52	83		103

Council	DLG Code	<\$100k	\$100k - <\$500k	<\$1m	\$1m - <\$5m	\$5m - <\$20m	\$20m and over
Sutherland Shire Council	3	49	60	57	134	169	216
Tamworth Regional Council	4	25	21	24	49	5	
Temora Shire Council	10	15	21	18			
Tenterfield Shire Council	10	32	36	33			
The City of Newcastle Council	5	40	43	42	72	73	37
The Hills Shire Council	7	38	37	38	60	195	149
Tumbarumba Shire Council	9	50	32	47	25		
Tumut Council	11	22	25	23			
Tweed Shire Council	5	40	34	38	56	77	106
Upper Hunter Shire Council	11	42	47	43	50		
Upper Lachlan Shire Council	10	39	37	38			
Uralla Shire Council	10	6	8	7	72		
Urana Shire Council	8	31	26	30			
Wagga Wagga City Council	4	30	31	31	47	74	120
Wakool Shire Council	9	52	90	57	87		
Walcha Council	9	20	25	20			
Walgett Shire Council	10	28	19	25	13		
Warren Shire Council	9	26	27	27			
Warringah Council	3	17	46	24	72	41	
Warrumbungle Shire Council	11	18	15	17			
Waverley Council	2	68	89	79	148	231	183
Weddin Shire Council	9	53	36	51			
Wellington Council	10	25	27	26			
Wentworth Shire Council	10	34	88	60	48		
Willoughby City Council	3	57	76	68	117	226	160
Wingecarribee Shire Council	4	38	47	42	80	5	
Wollondilly Shire Council	6	58	42	53	116	132	
Wollongong City Council	5	35	38	37	73	65	88
Woollahra Municipal Council	2	54	87	70	131	258	1
Wyong Shire Council	7	26	37	29	54	56	
Yass Valley Council	11	45	53	47			
Young Shire Council	11	27	31	28	69		

	Mean net [DLG Group ation times f	_	ls by value	
DLG Code	<\$100k	\$100k - <\$500k	<\$1m	\$1m - <\$5m	\$5m - <\$20m	\$20m and over
2	49	74	62	107	173	125
3	42	54	49	120	137	142
4	34	39	37	91	100	103
5	34	32	34	63	69	61
6	54	35	46	80	99	68
7	41	44	43	82	82	104
8	26	22	25			
9	30	33	31	31	82	
10	35	44	38	44	83	
11	36	38	37	56	103	291

Council	DLG Code	Residential Alterations and Additions	Single new dwelling	Commercial, Retail, Office
Albury City Council	4	29	25	35
Armidale Dumaresq Council	4	56	68	63
Ashfield Municipal Council	2	38	89	39
Auburn City Council	3	75	69	57
Ballina Shire Council	4	38	34	154
Balranald Shire Council	9	29	10	26
Bankstown City Council	3	45	69	60
Bathurst Regional Council	4	55	52	51
Bega Valley Shire Council	4	43	43	76
Bellingen Shire Council	11	57	63	71
Berrigan Shire Council	10	76	10	27
Blacktown City Council	3	65	43	113
Bland Shire Council	10	20	61	29
Blayney Shire Council	10	35	57	48
Blue Mountains City Council	7	67	116	77
Bogan Shire Council	9	25		16
Bombala Council	9	4	11	15
Boorowa Council	9	31	48	24
Botany Bay City Council	2	127	190	122
Bourke Shire Council	9	19	35	55
Brewarrina Shire Council	8	1		65
Broken Hill City Council	4		28	94
Burwood Council	2	76	123	63
Byron Shire Council	4	57	64	73
Cabonne Shire Council	11		51	
Camden Council	6	35	33	77
Campbelltown City Council	7	83	66	92
Canterbury City Council	3	66	118	123
Carrathool Shire Council	9	4	18	16
Central Darling Shire Council	9	11	116	1
Cessnock City Council	4	32	39	195
City of Canada Bay Council	3	73	151	54
City of Sydney Council	1	66	126	55
Clarence Valley Council	4	29	44	100
Cobar Shire Council	10	29	32	17
Coffs Harbour City Council	5	65	42	74
Conargo Shire Council	8			
Coolamon Shire Council	9		26	29
Cooma-Monaro Shire Council	11		60	56

Table 3-31: Me	ean gross DA de	termination ti	mes by type	
Council	DLG Code	Residential Alterations and Additions	Single new dwelling	Commercial, Retail, Office
Coonamble Shire Council	9	94	2	60
Cootamundra Shire Council	10	19	60	52
Corowa Shire Council	11	49	26	86
Cowra Shire Council	11	55	58	34
Deniliquin Council	4	24	26	40
Dubbo City Council	4	23	28	57
Dungog Shire Council	10	55	38	83
Eurobodalla Shire Council	4	33	67	43
Fairfield City Council	3	63	113	73
Forbes Shire Council	10	42	40	32
Gilgandra Shire Council	9	27	26	
Glen Innes Severn Shire Council	10	28	59	38
Gloucester Shire Council	10	42	38	97
Gosford City Council	7	44	85	98
Goulburn Mulwaree Council	4	32	49	92
Great Lakes Council	4	64	92	180
Greater Hume Shire Council	11	38	25	41
Greater Taree City Council	4	66	79	86
Griffith City Council	4	35	33	41
Gundagai Shire Council	9	16	21	57
Gunnedah Shire Council	11	35	33	49
Guyra Shire Council	9	20	15	17
Gwydir Shire Council	10	22	30	97
Harden Shire Council	9	18	18	37
Hawkesbury City Council	6	85	70	107
Hay Shire Council	9	17	41	8
Holroyd City Council	3	55	86	68
Hornsby Shire Council	7	50	88	76
Hunters Hill Municipal Council	2			
Hurstville City Council	3	79	94	114
Inverell Shire Council	11	17	18	21
Jerilderie Shire Council	8		82	14
Junee Shire Council	10	11	10	45
Kempsey Shire Council	4	40	40	57
Kiama Municipal Council	4	40	63	35
Kogarah City Council	2	79	130	88
Ku-ring-gai Council	3	72	89	74
Kyogle Council	10	81	58	
Lachlan Shire Council	10		46	28

Council	DLG Code	Residential Alterations and Additions	Single new dwelling	Commercial, Retail, Office
Lake Macquarie City Council	5	38	39	86
Lane Cove Council	2	68	99	83
Leeton Shire Council	11	17	35	17
Leichhardt Municipal Council	2	90	108	74
Lismore City Council	4	37	47	72
Lithgow City Council	4	48	84	140
Liverpool City Council	7	50	61	121
Liverpool Plains Shire Council	10	33	185	248
Lockhart Shire Council	9	18	27	63
Maitland City Council	5	41	35	108
Manly Council	2	78	135	77
Marrickville Council	3	62	94	65
Mid-Western Regional Council	4	33	36	75
Moree Plains Shire Council	11	28	48	76
Mosman Municipal Council	2	81	127	62
Murray Shire Council	10	39	31	52
Murrumbidgee Shire Council	9	51	49	55
Muswellbrook Shire Council	11	30	34	125
Nambucca Shire Council	11	64	45	42
Narrabri Shire Council	11	38	25	56
Narrandera Shire Council	10	37	72	40
Narromine Shire Council	10	33	28	28
North Sydney Council	2	113	112	62
Oberon Council	10	24	50	
Orange City Council	4	48	42	44
Palerang Council	11	55	74	97
Parkes Shire Council	11	55	50	77
Parramatta City Council	3	60	96	60
Penrith City Council	7	64	37	86
Pittwater Council	2	101	124	92
Port Macquarie-Hastings Council	5	46	62	85
Port Stephens Council	4	44	49	115
Queanbeyan City Council	4	35	84	70
Randwick City Council	3	62	118	66
Richmond Valley Council	4	42	54	84
Rockdale City Council	3	77	95	97
Ryde City Council	3	63	106	61
Shellharbour City Council	4	47	47	84
Shoalhaven City Council	5	57	53	57

	Mean gross DA de	1		
Council	DLG Code	Residential Alterations and Additions	Single new dwelling	Commercial, Retail, Office
Singleton Council	4	109	119	113
Snowy River Shire Council	10	47	114	32
Strathfield Municipal Council	2	57	93	64
Sutherland Shire Council	3	58	68	64
Tamworth Regional Council	4	26	26	39
Temora Shire Council	10	20	21	14
Tenterfield Shire Council	10	26	39	139
The City of Newcastle Council	5	63	88	112
The Hills Shire Council	7	58	64	63
Tumbarumba Shire Council	9	47	20	68
Tumut Council	11	17	30	28
Tweed Shire Council	5	45	45	84
Upper Hunter Shire Council	11		56	67
Upper Lachlan Shire Council	10	47	77	231
Uralla Shire Council	10	28	29	
Urana Shire Council	8	30	21	39
Wagga Wagga City Council	4	37	43	74
Wakool Shire Council	9	44	93	38
Walcha Council	9	39	22	16
Walgett Shire Council	10		30	22
Warren Shire Council	9	9	21	23
Warringah Council	3	63	82	54
Warrumbungle Shire Council	11	24	29	32
Waverley Council	2	88	134	101
Weddin Shire Council	9	63	49	190
Wellington Council	10	23	32	26
Wentworth Shire Council	10	44	285	110
Willoughby City Council	3	97	190	58
Wingecarribee Shire Council	4	49	68	64
Wollondilly Shire Council	6	68	81	93
Wollongong City Council	5	44	54	72
Woollahra Municipal Council	2	91	169	93
Wyong Shire Council	7	45	46	69
Yass Valley Council	11	47	71	161
Young Shire Council	11	25	40	32

Table	e 3-31: DLG Group Averages - Mean	gross DA determir	nation times by type		
DLG Code	Residential Alterations and Additions	Single new dwelling	Commercial, Retail, Office		
2	85	121	80		
3	67	71	74		
4	41	51	77		
5	50	49	87		
6	58	46	89		
7	55	61	86		
8	27	33	33		
9	34	32	43		
10	33	73	51		
11	38	43	64		

	Table 3	-32: Eff€	ect of stop	o-the-clock	on DAs		
Council	DLG Code	Mean Gross	Mean Stop-the- clock	Mean Gross less mean Stop- the-clock	Minimum Stop-the- clock	Maximum Stop-the- clock	% of DAs with Stop- the-clock
Albury City Council	4	58	30	29	1	192	26
Armidale Dumaresq Council	4	101	52	49	1	307	33
Ashfield Municipal Council	2	48	7	41	1	44	38
Auburn City Council	3						0
Ballina Shire Council	4	126	92	34	3	2,555	25
Balranald Shire Council	9						0
Bankstown City Council	3	79	35	44	1	259	35
Bathurst Regional Council	4	40	11	29	1	723	96
Bega Valley Shire Council	4	181	103	78	1	945	12
Bellingen Shire Council	11	110	47	63	1	261	47
Berrigan Shire Council	10						0
Blacktown City Council	3	103	38	64	1	524	22
Bland Shire Council	10	51	25	26	3	143	19
Blayney Shire Council	10	96	15	80	2	56	40
Blue Mountains City Council	7	91	56	35	2	354	45
Bogan Shire Council	9						0
Bombala Council	9						0
Boorowa Council	9	97	60	37	8	166	14
Botany Bay City Council	2	192	69	123	6	289	25
Bourke Shire Council	9	43	18	25	6	28	14
Brewarrina Shire Council	8	161	144	17	45	243	33
Broken Hill City Council	4	98	69	29	1	1,285	33
Burwood Council	2	152	100	53	1	529	42
Byron Shire Council	4	116	80	36	1	684	26
Cabonne Shire Council	11	187	139	48	1	638	20
Camden Council	6	89	52	36	1	1,656	34
Campbelltown City Council	7	131	80	51	1	1,260	63
Canterbury City Council	3	153	79	74	1	904	58
Carrathool Shire Council	9						0
Central Darling Shire Council	9	45	18	26	3	69	25
Cessnock City Council	4	186	100	86	1	1,752	22
City of Canada Bay Council	3	124	61	63	1	243	38
City of Sydney Council	1	101	45	56	1	311	19
Clarence Valley Council	4	114	52	63	3	699	13
Cobar Shire Council	10	64	44	20	44	44	2
Coffs Harbour City Council	5	114	71	42	1	2,433	61
Conargo Shire Council	8	48	14	34	14	14	8
Coolamon Shire Council	9	64	14	50	14	14	3
Cooma-Monaro Shire Council	11	89	26	63	2	975	98

	Table 3	-32: Effe	ect of stop	p-the-clock	on DAs		
Council	DLG Code	Mean Gross	Mean Stop-the- clock	Mean Gross less mean Stop- the-clock	Minimum Stop-the- clock	Maximum Stop-the- clock	% of DAs with Stop- the-clock
Coonamble Shire Council	9	96	65	31	9	200	42
Cootamundra Shire Council	10	79	27	52	14	56	5
Corowa Shire Council	11	56	34	23	1	447	30
Cowra Shire Council	11	82	49	32	1	555	25
Deniliquin Council	4	76	48	28	2	813	46
Dubbo City Council	4	87	50	37	1	510	33
Dungog Shire Council	10	67	24	43	1	385	98
Eurobodalla Shire Council	4	153	107	46	1	1,681	26
Fairfield City Council	3	140	83	57	1	696	54
Forbes Shire Council	10						0
Gilgandra Shire Council	9						0
Glen Innes Severn Shire Council	10	72	41	31	1	140	27
Gloucester Shire Council	10	94	47	47	4	148	17
Gosford City Council	7	102	62	41	1	861	15
Goulburn Mulwaree Council	4	128	66	62	1	650	25
Great Lakes Council	4	305	176	128	1	1,940	12
Greater Hume Shire Council	11	58	26	31	1	246	23
Greater Taree City Council	4	198	123	75	2	1,734	27
Griffith City Council	4	70	35	34	1	335	18
Gundagai Shire Council	9						0
Gunnedah Shire Council	11	67	26	40	2	145	32
Guyra Shire Council	9						0
Gwydir Shire Council	10	141	77	64	1	517	22
Harden Shire Council	9	39	18	22	13	23	8
Hawkesbury City Council	6	148	64	84	1	1,329	36
Hay Shire Council	9						0
Holroyd City Council	3	105	36	69	2	168	52
Hornsby Shire Council	7	127	58	69	1	396	34
Hunters Hill Municipal Council	2	107	86	21	23	242	10
Hurstville City Council	3	111	37	74	1	153	11
Inverell Shire Council	11	105	63	42	2	472	9
Jerilderie Shire Council	8	80	79	1	79	79	6
Junee Shire Council	10	162	97	65	65	129	4
Kempsey Shire Council	4	85	57	28	2	350	26
Kiama Municipal Council	4	92	41	51	1	238	30
Kogarah City Council	2	90	29	61	1	295	100
Ku-ring-gai Council	3	102	46	57	2	199	57

	Table 3	3-32: Effe	ect of sto	o-the-clock	on DAs		
Council	DLG Code	Mean Gross	Mean Stop-the- clock	Mean Gross less mean Stop- the-clock	Minimum Stop-the- clock	Maximum Stop-the- clock	% of DAs with Stop- the-clock
Kyogle Council	10	100	14	86	1	217	82
Lachlan Shire Council	10	108	86	22	1	807	28
Lake Macquarie City Council	5	95	61	35	1	1,233	38
Lane Cove Council	2	80	18	61	1	379	100
Leeton Shire Council	11	247	209	38	1	459	4
Leichhardt Municipal Council	2	108	39	69	3	151	55
Lismore City Council	4	148	92	56	1	863	19
Lithgow City Council	4	87	45	42	6	434	45
Liverpool City Council	7	124	54	70	1	662	11
Liverpool Plains Shire Council	10	222	65	157	2	363	34
Lockhart Shire Council	9						0
Maitland City Council	5	117	78	39	2	993	27
Manly Council	2	97	43	54	3	283	65
Marrickville Council	3	72	55	17	1	822	100
Mid-Western Regional Council	4	89	59	30	1	568	36
Moree Plains Shire Council	11	75	49	27	1	521	33
Mosman Municipal Council	2						0
Murray Shire Council	10	183	115	69	2	1,032	30
Murrumbidgee Shire Council	9						0
Muswellbrook Shire Council	11	87	41	46	2	212	24
Nambucca Shire Council	11	91	44	47	1	525	36
Narrabri Shire Council	11	60	23	37	2	169	32
Narrandera Shire Council	10	221	180	42	88	271	4
Narromine Shire Council	10	62	31	31	9	100	21
North Sydney Council	2	140	92	48	1	607	39
Oberon Council	10	102	81	21	1	848	72
Orange City Council	4	78	42	36	1	619	33
Palerang Council	11	101	36	64	2	645	36
Parkes Shire Council	11	97	40	58	1	391	65
Parramatta City Council	3	120	43	76	1	385	57
Penrith City Council	7	123	83	39	2	969	28
Pittwater Council	2	192	64	128	2	399	16
Port Macquarie-Hastings Council	5	116	78	38	1	1,898	44
Port Stephens Council	4	69	25	44	1	1,256	99
Queanbeyan City Council	4	107	57	51	3	424	23
Randwick City Council	3	128	94	34	1	386	43
Richmond Valley Council	4	104	67	37	1	457	32
Rockdale City Council	3	156	73	83	2	364	37

	Table 3	-32: Effe	ct of stop	p-the-clock	on DAs		
Council	DLG Code	Mean Gross	Mean Stop-the- clock	Mean Gross less mean Stop- the-clock	Minimum Stop-the- clock	Maximum Stop-the- clock	% of DAs with Stop- the-clock
Ryde City Council	3	110	55	56	1	576	30
Shellharbour City Council	4	97	61	36	1	562	54
Shoalhaven City Council	5	99	71	28	3	2,465	46
Singleton Council	4	235	189	46	1	3,553	47
Snowy River Shire Council	10	101	74	27	5	970	38
Strathfield Municipal Council	2	95	23	72	1	105	50
Sutherland Shire Council	3	75	35	40	1	230	18
Tamworth Regional Council	4	85	50	35	1	331	20
Temora Shire Council	10	51	28	23	28	28	1
Tenterfield Shire Council	10	126	81	46	2	523	22
The City of Newcastle Council	5	85	39	45	1	718	100
The Hills Shire Council	7	102	64	39	1	833	51
Tumbarumba Shire Council	9	129	80	49	9	199	32
Tumut Council	11	44	10	33	1	34	27
Tweed Shire Council	5	103	57	45	1	996	40
Upper Hunter Shire Council	11	118	86	32	15	346	8
Upper Lachlan Shire Council	10	77	36	41	1	455	90
Uralla Shire Council	10	151	112	40	14	701	13
Urana Shire Council	8						0
Wagga Wagga City Council	4	85	38	47	1	462	25
Wakool Shire Council	9						0
Walcha Council	9	43	25	19	2	44	14
Walgett Shire Council	10	44	26	18	2	110	54
Warren Shire Council	9						0
Warringah Council	3	61	23	38	1	123	8
Warrumbungle Shire Council	11	146	139	6	27	205	5
Waverley Council	2	196	68	128	1	520	22
Weddin Shire Council	9	81	46	35	15	206	27
Wellington Council	10	49	21	28	8	36	9
Wentworth Shire Council	10	237	58	179	1	439	53
Willoughby City Council	3	148	68	79	1	326	39
Wingecarribee Shire Council	4	87	36	50	1	391	47
Wollondilly Shire Council	6	168	97	72	1	1,748	45
Wollongong City Council	5	89	42	47	1	297	38
Woollahra Municipal Council	2	129	45	84	1	408	43
Wyong Shire Council	7	104	48	56	1	416	17
Yass Valley Council	11	155	108	48	4	1,372	34
Young Shire Council	11	86	45	41	1	336	29

	Table 3-32: DLG Group Averages - Effect of stop-the-clock on DAs											
DLG Code	Mean Gross	Mean Stop- the-clock	Mean Gross less mean Stop-the-clock	Minimum Stop- the-clock	Maximum Stop-the-clock	% of DAs with Stop-the-clock						
2	116	45	71	1	607	42						
3	110	56	54	1	904	36						
4	101	57	44	1	3,553	35						
5	98	57	40	1	2,465	50						
6	130	70	60	1	1,748	37						
7	113	66	47	1	1,260	30						
8	112	95	17	14	243	8						
9	86	51	36	2	206	9						
10	111	48	63	1	1,032	32						
11	93	46	47	1	1,372	30						

	Tab	le 3-33: E	ffect of re	ferral on E)As		
Council	DLG Code	Mean Gross	Mean Referral	Mean Gross Iess mean Referral days	Minimum Referral	Maximum Referral	% of DAs with Referral
Albury City Council	4	76	47	29	7	233	3
Armidale Dumaresq Council	4	96	47	49	6	113	12
Ashfield Municipal Council	2	40	14	26	1	441	97
Auburn City Council	3						0
Ballina Shire Council	4	119	62	57	7	530	6
Balranald Shire Council	9						0
Bankstown City Council	3						0
Bathurst Regional Council	4	137	104	33	21	218	1
Bega Valley Shire Council	4	116	22	94	1	95	11
Bellingen Shire Council	11	174	53	121	12	232	15
Berrigan Shire Council	10						0
Blacktown City Council	3	228	65	163	7	376	2
Bland Shire Council	10	66	38	28	27	49	2
Blayney Shire Council	10	79	4	75	1	21	54
Blue Mountains City Council	7	115	31	84	5	272	34
Bogan Shire Council	9						0
Bombala Council	9	86	37	49	23	50	10
Boorowa Council	9	50	16	34	10	22	25
Botany Bay City Council	2	195	69	126	13	159	7
Bourke Shire Council	9						0
Brewarrina Shire Council	8						0
Broken Hill City Council	4	498	68	430	14	112	2
Burwood Council	2						0
Byron Shire Council	4	143	83	60	1	666	16
Cabonne Shire Council	11						0
Camden Council	6	198	66	132	5	582	3
Campbelltown City Council	7	172	88	84	12	389	6
Canterbury City Council	3	209	121	88	32	369	3
Carrathool Shire Council	9	79	21	58	21	21	4
Central Darling Shire Council	9	111	60	51	7	208	9
Cessnock City Council	4	238	87	151	2	608	11
City of Canada Bay Council	3	155	48	107	1	249	4
City of Sydney Council	1	169	81	88	2	295	2
Clarence Valley Council	4						0
Cobar Shire Council	10						0
Coffs Harbour City Council	5	400	224	176	3	1,073	2
Conargo Shire Council	8						0
Coolamon Shire Council	9	31	17	14	14	21	28
Cooma-Monaro Shire Council	11	79	25	54	21	31	5

	Tab	le 3-33: E	ffect of re	ferral on D)As		
Council	DLG Code	Mean Gross	Mean Referral	Mean Gross Iess mean Referral days	Minimum Referral	Maximum Referral	% of DAs with Referral
Coonamble Shire Council	9	58	25	33	2	49	95
Cootamundra Shire Council	10	68	14	54	7	21	3
Corowa Shire Council	11						0
Cowra Shire Council	11						0
Deniliquin Council	4	29	28	1	3	75	4
Dubbo City Council	4	65	16	49	1	30	46
Dungog Shire Council	10	176	29	147	6	46	7
Eurobodalla Shire Council	4	163	53	110	2	546	15
Fairfield City Council	3	163	36	127	1	171	7
Forbes Shire Council	10						0
Gilgandra Shire Council	9						0
Glen Innes Severn Shire Council	10	162	81	81	42	120	2
Gloucester Shire Council	10	49	41	8	1	209	100
Gosford City Council	7	124	56	68	1	616	17
Goulburn Mulwaree Council	4	183	49	134	2	318	7
Great Lakes Council	4	197	97	100	8	944	16
Greater Hume Shire Council	11	114	22	92	16	28	6
Greater Taree City Council	4	220	57	163	2	205	9
Griffith City Council	4	82	49	33	1	167	3
Gundagai Shire Council	9						0
Gunnedah Shire Council	11	89	38	51	6	109	3
Guyra Shire Council	9						0
Gwydir Shire Council	10	136	39	97	4	104	17
Harden Shire Council	9	48	26	22	14	40	8
Hawkesbury City Council	6						0
Hay Shire Council	9						0
Holroyd City Council	3	132	37	95	1	75	7
Hornsby Shire Council	7	115	32	83	1	247	12
Hunters Hill Municipal Council	2	107	94	13	7	268	45
Hurstville City Council	3	148	49	99	1	252	31
Inverell Shire Council	11	115	32	83	15	74	6
Jerilderie Shire Council	8	63	27	36	13	41	11
Junee Shire Council	10						0
Kempsey Shire Council	4	85	33	52	9	84	8
Kiama Municipal Council	4	69	2	67	1	34	53
Kogarah City Council	2	277	139	138	25	644	4
Ku-ring-gai Council	3						0
Kyogle Council	10	306	59	247	9	147	10

	Table	e 3-33: Et	ffect of re	ferral on D)As		
Council	DLG Code	Mean Gross	Mean Referral	Mean Gross Iess mean Referral days	Minimum Referral	Maximum Referral	% of DAs with Referral
Lachlan Shire Council	10	817	1	816	1	1	2
Lake Macquarie City Council	5	95	46	49	1	950	18
Lane Cove Council	2	161	48	113	12	175	7
Leeton Shire Council	11						0
Leichhardt Municipal Council	2	142	52	90	16	147	2
Lismore City Council	4	110	60	50	1	1,226	36
Lithgow City Council	4	109	88	21	12	244	15
Liverpool City Council	7	131	78	53	1	883	41
Liverpool Plains Shire Council	10	108	15	93	7	31	7
Lockhart Shire Council	9						0
Maitland City Council	5	176	96	80	1	739	4
Manly Council	2	112	43	69	1	135	8
Marrickville Council	3	203	119	84	119	119	0
Mid-Western Regional Council	4						0
Moree Plains Shire Council	11	100	20	80	1	36	8
Mosman Municipal Council	2						0
Murray Shire Council	10	265	29	236	28	30	11
Murrumbidgee Shire Council	9						0
Muswellbrook Shire Council	11	74	17	57	1	287	25
Nambucca Shire Council	11	185	61	124	6	316	9
Narrabri Shire Council	11	102	21	81	21	21	1
Narrandera Shire Council	10						0
Narromine Shire Council	10						0
North Sydney Council	2						0
Oberon Council	10	74	6	68	1	89	75
Orange City Council	4	215	60	155	1	173	3
Palerang Council	11	142	70	72	2	311	11
Parkes Shire Council	11	131	42	89	1	518	29
Parramatta City Council	3	144	72	72	3	249	11
Penrith City Council	7	229	60	169	2	243	1
Pittwater Council	2	194	69	125	1	183	4
Port Macquarie-Hastings Council	5	184	78	106	5	1,071	10
Port Stephens Council	4	233	75	158	1	368	5
Queanbeyan City Council	4	134	42	92	18	156	5
Randwick City Council	3	128	55	73	15	155	2
Richmond Valley Council	4						0
Rockdale City Council	3	160	78	82	5	245	14

	Tab	le 3-33: E	ffect of re	ferral on C)As		
Council	DLG Code	Mean Gross	Mean Referral	Mean Gross Iess mean Referral days	Minimum Referral	Maximum Referral	% of DAs with Referral
Ryde City Council	3	253	30	223	15	105	3
Shellharbour City Council	4	176	107	69	15	441	1
Shoalhaven City Council	5	130	53	77	1	894	32
Singleton Council	4	263	45	218	4	242	8
Snowy River Shire Council	10	124	70	54	15	182	6
Strathfield Municipal Council	2	135	29	106	6	73	2
Sutherland Shire Council	3						0
Tamworth Regional Council	4	109	61	48	20	243	5
Temora Shire Council	10	29	12	17	10	16	4
Tenterfield Shire Council	10	124	39	85	7	84	14
The City of Newcastle Council	5	139	40	99	1	344	10
The Hills Shire Council	7	179	108	71	6	873	4
Tumbarumba Shire Council	9						0
Tumut Council	11	80	21	59	7	41	2
Tweed Shire Council	5						0
Upper Hunter Shire Council	11	75	39	36	1	200	32
Upper Lachlan Shire Council	10	103	57	46	1	403	46
Uralla Shire Council	10	49	28	21	1	177	95
Urana Shire Council	8						0
Wagga Wagga City Council	4	58	12	46	7	42	72
Wakool Shire Council	9	161	28	133	28	28	15
Walcha Council	9	176	140	36	62	218	5
Walgett Shire Council	10						0
Warren Shire Council	9						0
Warringah Council	3	67	57	10	15	350	15
Warrumbungle Shire Council	11	33	18	15	3	45	72
Waverley Council	2						0
Weddin Shire Council	9						0
Wellington Council	10						0
Wentworth Shire Council	10	166	75	91	2	369	100
Willoughby City Council	3	118	20	98	4	84	3
Wingecarribee Shire Council	4	144	62	82	8	329	9
Wollondilly Shire Council	6	203	46	157	1	831	11
Wollongong City Council	5	99	28	71	2	99	9
Woollahra Municipal Council	2	215	80	135	13	217	5
Wyong Shire Council	7	81	29	52	1	462	14
Yass Valley Council	11	282	107	175	1	597	9
Young Shire Council	11	110	18	92	13	27	4

Table 3-33: DLG Group Averages - Effect of referral on DAs								
DLG Code	Mean Gross	Mean Referral	Mean Gross less mean Referral days	Minimum Referral	Maximum Referral	% of DAs with Referral		
2	90	38	52	1	644	9		
3	131	57	74	1	376	5		
4	113	39	74	1	1,226	13		
5	127	53	74	1	1,073	12		
6	201	53	148	1	831	5		
7	123	57	66	1	883	16		
8	63	27	36	13	41	4		
9	78	30	48	2	218	7		
10	109	42	67	1	403	24		
11	107	39	68	1	597	11		

Table 3-34: The effect of assessment mode on determination time - DAs and CDCs determined by councils						
Council	DLG Code	Number of CDCs determined with valid dates	Mean gross time - DAs only	Mean gross time - DAs and CDCs	Number of DAs determined	Number of CDCs determined
Albury City Council	4	142	33	30	589	142
Armidale Dumaresq Council	4	92	64	40	134	92
Ashfield Municipal Council	2	3	43	43	248	3
Auburn City Council	3	6	93	91	245	6
Ballina Shire Council	4	30	54	51	500	30
Balranald Shire Council	9	1	19	19	44	1
Bankstown City Council	3	72	65	61	958	72
Bathurst Regional Council	4	122	40	33	533	122
Bega Valley Shire Council	4	77	55	49	464	77
Bellingen Shire Council	11	11	76	72	165	11
Berrigan Shire Council	10	63	23	16	97	63
Blacktown City Council	3	87	73	73	1,892	87
Bland Shire Council	10	13	24	22	109	13
Blayney Shire Council	10	0	56	56	130	0
Blue Mountains City Council	7	3	80	80	644	3
Bogan Shire Council	9	4	15	14	21	4
Bombala Council	9	14	21	13	21	14
Boorowa Council	9	0	46	46	36	0
Botany Bay City Council	2	5	129	125	138	5
Bourke Shire Council	9	9	31	23	21	9
Brewarrina Shire Council	8	7	114	73	6	7
Broken Hill City Council	4	0	50	50	211	0
Burwood Council	2	11	83	78	158	11
Byron Shire Council	4	69	65	60	574	69
Cabonne Shire Council	11	8	108	98	69	8
Camden Council	6	61	49	47	1,102	61
Campbelltown City Council	7	26	100	97	679	26
Canterbury City Council	3	25	110	106	471	25
Carrathool Shire Council	9	10	20	16	23	10
Central Darling Shire Council	9	0	37	37	44	0
Cessnock City Council	4	11	77	76	752	11
City of Canada Bay Council	3	16	78	76	464	16
City of Sydney Council	1	84	67	65	1,840	84
Clarence Valley Council	4	23	52	51	626	23
Cobar Shire Council	10	4	28	27	42	4
Coffs Harbour City Council	5	17	88	87	874	17
Conargo Shire Council	8	11	14	10	12	11
Coolamon Shire Council	9	46	28	14	29	46

Table 3-34: The effect of assessment mode on determination time - DAs and CDCs determined by councils						
Council	DLG Code	Number of CDCs determined with valid dates	Mean gross time - DAs only	Mean gross time - DAs and CDCs	Number of DAs determined	Number of CDCs determined
Cooma-Monaro Shire Council	11	3	88	86	111	3
Coonamble Shire Council	9	13	55	41	19	13
Cootamundra Shire Council	10	33	31	26	123	33
Corowa Shire Council	11	17	35	33	210	17
Cowra Shire Council	11	43	48	34	91	43
Deniliquin Council	4	14	46	43	84	14
Dubbo City Council	4	26	43	41	477	26
Dungog Shire Council	10	1	66	66	136	1
Eurobodalla Shire Council	4	19	61	59	568	19
Fairfield City Council	3	48	91	87	772	48
Forbes Shire Council	10	1	37	37	146	1
Gilgandra Shire Council	9	12	30	24	24	12
Glen Innes Severn Shire Council	10	34	42	33	82	34
Gloucester Shire Council	10	30	49	40	100	30
Gosford City Council	7	92	66	62	1,160	92
Goulburn Mulwaree Council	4	10	65	63	333	10
Great Lakes Council	4	11	103	101	392	11
Greater Hume Shire Council	11	63	38	32	107	63
Greater Taree City Council	4	9	109	107	351	9
Griffith City Council	4	6	38	37	220	6
Gundagai Shire Council	9	0	25	25	43	0
Gunnedah Shire Council	11	44	42	35	167	44
Guyra Shire Council	9	13	29	24	41	13
Gwydir Shire Council	10	9	126	112	59	9
Harden Shire Council	9	1	28	28	50	1
Hawkesbury City Council	6	17	91	89	594	17
Hay Shire Council	9	9	21	33	20	9
Holroyd City Council	3	25	83	79	454	25
Hornsby Shire Council	7	64	73	70	766	64
Hunters Hill Municipal Council	2	0	98	98	93	0
Hurstville City Council	3	29	103	98	328	29
Inverell Shire Council	11	76	27	20	154	76
Jerilderie Shire Council	8	15	21	12	18	15
Junee Shire Council	10	61	26	13	52	61
Kempsey Shire Council	4	19	46	43	285	19
Kiama Municipal Council	4	9	53	51	272	9
Kogarah City Council	2	22	90	85	277	22

Table 3-34: 1	Table 3-34: The effect of assessment mode on determination time - DAs and CDCs determined by councils						
Council	DLG Code	Number of CDCs determined with valid dates	Mean gross time - DAs only	Mean gross time - DAs and CDCs	Number of DAs determined	Number of CDCs determined	
Ku-ring-gai Council	3	377	85	64	503	377	
Kyogle Council	10	3	134	130	71	3	
Lachlan Shire Council	10	23	55	41	65	23	
Lake Macquarie City Council	5	72	51	49	1,764	72	
Lane Cove Council	2	10	80	77	224	10	
Leeton Shire Council	11	1	36	36	125	1	
Leichhardt Municipal Council	2	45	91	84	472	45	
Lismore City Council	4	6	67	67	358	6	
Lithgow City Council	4	9	72	70	250	9	
Liverpool City Council	7	35	85	84	1,204	35	
Liverpool Plains Shire Council	10	33	99	65	59	33	
Lockhart Shire Council	9	0	31	31	66	0	
Maitland City Council	5	117	55	52	1,198	117	
Manly Council	2	9	82	80	267	9	
Marrickville Council	3	13	72	71	578	13	
Mid-Western Regional Council	4	100	55	47	455	100	
Moree Plains Shire Council	11	4	45	43	119	4	
Mosman Municipal Council	2	1	86	85	235	1	
Murray Shire Council	10	40	75	61	160	40	
Murrumbidgee Shire Council	9	6	41	36	24	6	
Muswellbrook Shire Council	11	34	43	39	310	34	
Nambucca Shire Council	11	10	60	57	159	10	
Narrabri Shire Council	11	57	44	41	131	57	
Narrandera Shire Council	10	3	37	35	55	3	
Narromine Shire Council	10	15	31	28	61	15	
North Sydney Council	2	2	102	102	395	2	
Oberon Council	10	2	82	79	60	2	
Orange City Council	4	15	50	48	457	15	
Palerang Council	11	9	69	68	292	9	
Parkes Shire Council	11	56	77	57	104	56	
Parramatta City Council	3	44	90	85	657	44	
Penrith City Council	7	21	72	71	1,326	21	
Pittwater Council	2	18	71	70	635	18	
Port Macquarie-Hastings Council	5	104	70	61	642	104	
Port Stephens Council	4	11	69	68	780	11	
Queanbeyan City Council	4	9	67	65	281	9	
Randwick City Council	3	34	77	76	721	34	
Richmond Valley Council	4	7	61	60	201	7	

Table 3-34: The effect of assessment mode on determination time - DAs and CDCs determined by councils						
Council	DLG Code	Number of CDCs determined with valid dates	Mean gross time - DAs only	Mean gross time - DAs and CDCs	Number of DAs determined	Number of CDCs determined
Rockdale City Council	3	8	98	97	361	8
Ryde City Council	3	36	82	77	451	36
Shellharbour City Council	4	16	67	65	447	16
Shoalhaven City Council	5	46	71	69	1,395	46
Singleton Council	4	6	131	129	403	6
Snowy River Shire Council	10	6	63	61	123	6
Strathfield Municipal Council	2	18	67	60	125	18
Sutherland Shire Council	3	240	67	59	1,117	240
Tamworth Regional Council	4	128	36	31	518	128
Temora Shire Council	10	38	19	14	67	38
Tenterfield Shire Council	10	36	56	41	81	36
The City of Newcastle Council	5	177	84	77	1,336	177
The Hills Shire Council	7	57	73	71	1,214	57
Tumbarumba Shire Council	9	1	72	71	69	1
Tumut Council	11	3	26	26	135	3
Tweed Shire Council	5	68	62	57	653	68
Upper Hunter Shire Council	11	26	58	54	229	26
Upper Lachlan Shire Council	10	1	76	76	115	1
Uralla Shire Council	10	22	48	37	63	22
Urana Shire Council	8	0	30	30	17	0
Wagga Wagga City Council	4	64	50	47	617	64
Wakool Shire Council	9	11	63	55	60	11
Walcha Council	9	6	31	28	37	6
Walgett Shire Council	10	8	39	34	39	8
Warren Shire Council	9	2	27	26	41	2
Warringah Council	3	14	35	35	1,312	14
Warrumbungle Shire Council	11	15	37	32	60	15
Waverley Council	2	29	101	97	553	29
Weddin Shire Council	9	8	63	55	45	8
Wellington Council	10	12	28	25	77	12
Wentworth Shire Council	10	13	166	156	146	13
Willoughby City Council	3	59	99	90	474	59
Wingecarribee Shire Council	4	34	63	61	673	34
Wollondilly Shire Council	6	24	101	97	653	24
Wollongong City Council	5	12	56	56	1,328	12
Woollahra Municipal Council	2	26	101	99	512	26
Wyong Shire Council	7	185	40	37	1,429	185
Yass Valley Council	11	21	86	81	244	21
Young Shire Council	11	5	42	41	205	5

Table 3-34: DLG Group averages - the effect of assessment mode on determination time - DAs and CDCs determined by councils **DLG Code Number of CDCs** Mean gross time Mean gross time **Number of DAs Number of CDCs** determined with - DAs only - DAs and CDCs determined determined valid dates 4,332 1,133 11,758 1,133 1,094 12,805 1,094 9,190 2,349 8,422 2,318 3,187

Council	DLG Code	Residential Alterations and Additions	Single new dwelling	Commercial, Retail, Office
Albury City Council	4	24	24	37
Armidale Dumaresq Council	4	23	45	52
Ashfield Municipal Council	2	38	89	38
Auburn City Council	3	73	69	55
Ballina Shire Council	4	35	34	132
Balranald Shire Council	9	29	11	26
Bankstown City Council	3	42	67	59
Bathurst Regional Council	4	51	26	51
Bega Valley Shire Council	4	36	40	64
Bellingen Shire Council	11	51	61	71
Berrigan Shire Council	10	19	11	21
Blacktown City Council	3	65	43	102
Bland Shire Council	10	17	58	29
Blayney Shire Council	10	35	57	48
Blue Mountains City Council	7	67	115	77
Bogan Shire Council	9	21		16
Bombala Council	9	1	11	10
Boorowa Council	9	31	48	24
Botany Bay City Council	2	123	190	119
Bourke Shire Council	9	11	23	55
Brewarrina Shire Council	8	18	26	65
Broken Hill City Council	4		28	94
Burwood Council	2	74	102	53
Byron Shire Council	4	51	61	70
Cabonne Shire Council	11	26	51	
Camden Council	6	30	33	76
Campbelltown City Council	7	80	66	91
Canterbury City Council	3	61	118	120
Carrathool Shire Council	9	3	18	16
Central Darling Shire Council	9	11	116	1
Cessnock City Council	4	32	39	195
City of Canada Bay Council	3	71	133	54
City of Sydney Council	1	66	126	52
Clarence Valley Council	4	29	44	85
Cobar Shire Council	10	27	32	17
Coffs Harbour City Council	5	63	42	73
Conargo Shire Council	8	6	4	
Coolamon Shire Council	9	14	19	29
Cooma-Monaro Shire Council	11		58	52

Table 3-35: CDC/DA Mean gross determination times by type						
Council	DLG Code	Residential Alterations and Additions	Single new dwelling	Commercial, Retail, Office		
Coonamble Shire Council	9	68	15	47		
Cootamundra Shire Council	10	16	49	41		
Corowa Shire Council	11	49	25	86		
Cowra Shire Council	11	26	56	29		
Deniliquin Council	4	24	27	43		
Dubbo City Council	4	23	25	54		
Dungog Shire Council	10	53	38	83		
Eurobodalla Shire Council	4	33	67	43		
Fairfield City Council	3	62	94	74		
Forbes Shire Council	10	42	39	32		
Gilgandra Shire Council	9	21	22			
Glen Innes Severn Shire Council	10	24	43	38		
Gloucester Shire Council	10	24	32	97		
Gosford City Council	7	41	84	93		
Goulburn Mulwaree Council	4	31	49	92		
Great Lakes Council	4	62	91	177		
Greater Hume Shire Council	11	28	25	41		
Greater Taree City Council	4	65	79	86		
Griffith City Council	4	34	33	38		
Gundagai Shire Council	9	16	21	57		
Gunnedah Shire Council	11	26	27	46		
Guyra Shire Council	9	14	13	17		
Gwydir Shire Council	10	23	28	97		
Harden Shire Council	9	18	18	30		
Hawkesbury City Council	6	81	67	104		
Hay Shire Council	9	42	41	8		
Holroyd City Council	3	51	85	68		
Hornsby Shire Council	7	52	85	68		
Hunters Hill Municipal Council	2	- 1	data not supllied			
Hurstville City Council	3	70	94	108		
Inverell Shire Council	11	11	15	20		
Jerilderie Shire Council	8	2	82	10		
Junee Shire Council	10	5	5	45		
Kempsey Shire Council	4	36	40	54		
Kiama Municipal Council	4	38	63	33		
Kogarah City Council	2	74	130	78		
Ku-ring-gai Council	3	55	78	50		
Kyogle Council	10	81	58	16		
Lachlan Shire Council	10	01	33	25		

Council	DLG	Residential	tion times by typ	Commercial,
Council	Code	Alterations and Additions	Single new dwelling	Retail, Office
Lake Macquarie City Council	5	37	38	79
Lane Cove Council	2	66	99	81
Leeton Shire Council	11	17	35	17
Leichhardt Municipal Council	2	85	100	64
Lismore City Council	4	36	46	69
Lithgow City Council	4	47	83	131
Liverpool City Council	7	48	61	121
Liverpool Plains Shire Council	10	15	166	248
Lockhart Shire Council	9	18	27	63
Maitland City Council	5	40	32	108
Manly Council	2	75	135	75
Marrickville Council	3	60	94	65
Mid-Western Regional Council	4	29	28	75
Moree Plains Shire Council	11	27	48	76
Mosman Municipal Council	2	81	127	62
Murray Shire Council	10	25	29	52
Murrumbidgee Shire Council	9	38	49	47
Muswellbrook Shire Council	11	27	32	125
Nambucca Shire Council	11	60	44	36
Narrabri Shire Council	11	36	28	53
Narrandera Shire Council	10	37	72	40
Narromine Shire Council	10	31	27	28
North Sydney Council	2	112	112	62
Oberon Council	10	24	50	
Orange City Council	4	45	41	44
Palerang Council	11	53	71	97
Parkes Shire Council	11	40	42	77
Parramatta City Council	3	55	90	55
Penrith City Council	7	63	37	86
Pittwater Council	2	99	124	78
Port Macquarie-Hastings Council	5	38	50	81
Port Stephens Council	4	44	49	115
Queanbeyan City Council	4	34	84	64
Randwick City Council	3	60	118	66
Richmond Valley Council	4	41	52	70
Rockdale City Council	3	75	95	97
Ryde City Council	3	55	106	59
Shellharbour City Council	4	45	46	84

			ation times by ty	-
Council	DLG Code	Residential Alterations and Additions	Single new dwelling	Commercial, Retail, Office
Shoalhaven City Council	5	56	53	55
Singleton Council	4	107	118	103
Snowy River Shire Council	10	41	114	26
Strathfield Municipal Council	2	50	88	59
Sutherland Shire Council	3	52	66	60
Tamworth Regional Council	4	21	23	39
Temora Shire Council	10	11	17	13
Tenterfield Shire Council	10	16	36	86
The City of Newcastle Council	5	63	87	112
The Hills Shire Council	7	57	62	61
Tumbarumba Shire Council	9	42	20	68
Tumut Council	11	17	30	25
Tweed Shire Council	5	39	45	70
Upper Hunter Shire Council	11		45	67
Upper Lachlan Shire Council	10	47	77	231
Uralla Shire Council	10	21	18	
Urana Shire Council	8	30	21	39
Wagga Wagga City Council	4	37	43	74
Wakool Shire Council	9	32	74	29
Walcha Council	9	34	19	16
Walgett Shire Council	10		26	22
Warren Shire Council	9	9	21	23
Warringah Council	3	62	82	53
Warrumbungle Shire Council	11	17	29	32
Waverley Council	2	85	129	95
Weddin Shire Council	9	52	45	190
Wellington Council	10	20	29	26
Wentworth Shire Council	10	49	285	110
Willoughby City Council	3	90	190	48
Wingecarribee Shire Council	4	46	67	64
Wollondilly Shire Council	6	64	79	93
Wollongong City Council	5	43	54	72
Woollahra Municipal Council	2	90	163	90
Wyong Shire Council	7	37	45	63
Yass Valley Council	11	45	65	161
Young Shire Council	11	25	38	32

Table 3-	Table 3-35: DLG Group Averages - CDC/DA mean gross determination times by type							
DLG Code	Residential Alterations and Additions	Single new dwelling	Commercial, Retail, Office					
2	82	120	75					
3	62	69	70					
4	38	48	74					
5	48	47	83					
6	53	45	88					
7	52	60	83					
8	15	23	27					
9	29	29	40					
10	25	64	47					
11	32	40	62					

Table 3-36: Mean ar	DLG Code	Mean	Median	Number	·	
Council	DLG Code	IVIGAII	IVICUIAII	of CDCs determined	determined with valid dates	
Albury City Council	4	15	8	142	142	
Armidale Dumaresq Council	4	5	4	92	92	
Ashfield Municipal Council	2	24	35	3	3	
Auburn City Council	3	5	7	6	6	
Ballina Shire Council	4	10	6	30	30	
Balranald Shire Council	9	14	14	1	1	
Bankstown City Council	3	16	11	72	72	
Bathurst Regional Council	4	5	1	122	122	
Bega Valley Shire Council	4	9	8	77	77	
Bellingen Shire Council	11	11	10	11	11	
Berrigan Shire Council	10	6	2	63	63	
Blacktown City Council	3	53	29	87	87	
Bland Shire Council	10	9	7	13	13	
Blue Mountains City Council	7	27	26	3	3	
Bogan Shire Council	9	12	8	4	4	
Bombala Council	9	1	1	14	14	
Botany Bay City Council	2	21	23	5	5	
Bourke Shire Council	9	3	3	9	9	
Brewarrina Shire Council	8	38	28	7	7	
Burwood Council	2	6	1	11	11	
Byron Shire Council	4	21	7	69	69	
Cabonne Shire Council	11	11	9	8	8	
Camden Council	6	8	7	61	61	
Campbelltown City Council	7	37	29	26	26	
Canterbury City Council	3	17	15	25	25	
Carrathool Shire Council	9	5	6	10	10	
Cessnock City Council	4	18	13	11	11	
City of Canada Bay Council	3	19	19	16	16	
City of Sydney Council	1	10	6	84	84	
Clarence Valley Council	4	9	9	23	23	
Cobar Shire Council	10	16	15	4	4	
Coffs Harbour City Council	5	9	7	17	17	
Conargo Shire Council	8	6	5	11	11	
Coolamon Shire Council	9	6	4	46	46	
Cooma-Monaro Shire Council	11	12	11	3	3	
Coonamble Shire Council	9	21	20	13	13	
Cootamundra Shire Council	10	10	7	33	33	
Corowa Shire Council	11	13	13	17	17	
Cowra Shire Council	11	5	5	43	43	

Table 3-36: Mean an	d median Cl	OC tim	es (for C	DCs determi	ned by councils)
Council	DLG Code	Mean	Median	Number of CDCs determined	Number of CDCs determined with valid dates
Deniliquin Council	4	22	11	14	14
Dubbo City Council	4	7	6	26	26
Dungog Shire Council	10	12	12	1	1
Eurobodalla Shire Council	4	11	8	19	19
Fairfield City Council	3	25	12	48	48
Forbes Shire Council	10	5	5	1	1
Gilgandra Shire Council	9	11	11	12	12
Glen Innes Severn Shire Council	10	13	8	34	34
Gloucester Shire Council	10	8	7	30	30
Gosford City Council	7	11	8	92	92
Goulburn Mulwaree Council	4	14	14	10	10
Great Lakes Council	4	22	20	11	11
Greater Hume Shire Council	11	22	15	63	63
Greater Taree City Council	4	14	14	9	9
Griffith City Council	4	8	8	6	6
Gunnedah Shire Council	11	8	7	44	44
Guyra Shire Council	9	8	7	13	13
Gwydir Shire Council	10	20	14	9	9
Harden Shire Council	9	1	1	1	1
Hawkesbury City Council	6	1	1	17	17
Hay Shire Council	9	59	19	9	9
Holroyd City Council	3	9	8	25	25
Hornsby Shire Council	7	43	21	64	64
Hurstville City Council	3	48	17	29	29
Inverell Shire Council	11	7	7	76	76
Jerilderie Shire Council	8	2	1	15	15
Junee Shire Council	10	3	2	61	61
Kempsey Shire Council	4	10	8	19	19
Kiama Municipal Council	4	8	7	9	9
Kogarah City Council	2	24	15	22	22
Ku-ring-gai Council	3	36	15	377	377
Kyogle Council	10	30	16	3	3
Lachlan Shire Council	10	4	1	23	23
Lake Macquarie City Council	5	12	9	72	72
Lane Cove Council	2	32	13	10	10
Leeton Shire Council	11	18	18	1	1
Leichhardt Municipal Council	2	15	13	45	45
Lismore City Council	4	11	9	6	6
Lithgow City Council	4	21	13	9	9

Table 3-36: Mean and Council	DLG Code	Mean	Median	Number	Number of CDCs
Council	DLG Code	IVIGAII	IVICUIAII	of CDCs determined	determined with valid dates
Liverpool City Council	7	33	19	35	35
Liverpool Plains Shire Council	10	4	3	33	33
Maitland City Council	5	15	13	117	117
Manly Council	2	14	13	9	9
Marrickville Council	3	26	15	13	13
Mid-Western Regional Council	4	13	13	100	100
Moree Plains Shire Council	11	5	5	4	4
Mosman Municipal Council	2	14	14	1	1
Murray Shire Council	10	6	6	40	40
Murrumbidgee Shire Council	9	17	8	6	6
Muswellbrook Shire Council	11	9	8	34	34
Nambucca Shire Council	11	8	3	10	10
Narrabri Shire Council	11	32	22	57	57
Narrandera Shire Council	10	6	4	3	3
Narromine Shire Council	10	19	18	15	15
North Sydney Council	2	49	49	2	2
Oberon Council	10	7	7	2	2
Orange City Council	4	9	7	15	15
Palerang Council	11	8	8	9	9
Parkes Shire Council	11	21	13	56	56
Parramatta City Council	3	11	8	44	44
Penrith City Council	7	16	15	21	21
Pittwater Council	2	38	22	18	18
Port Macquarie-Hastings Council	5	4	4	104	104
Port Stephens Council	4	24	14	11	11
Queanbeyan City Council	4	7	7	9	9
Randwick City Council	3	37	22	34	34
Richmond Valley Council	4	17	9	7	7
Rockdale City Council	3	12	10	8	8
Ryde City Council	3	14	9	36	36
Shellharbour City Council	4	9	7	16	16
Shoalhaven City Council	5	12	11	46	46
Singleton Council	4	11	9	6	6
Snowy River Shire Council	10	4	2	6	6
Strathfield Municipal Council	2	10	7	18	18
Sutherland Shire Council	3	20	9	240	240
Tamworth Regional Council	4	12	9	128	128
Temora Shire Council	10	4	4	38	38
Tenterfield Shire Council	10	8	7	36	36

Table 3-36: Mean ar	nd median Cl	DC tim	es (for C	CDCs determi	ined by councils)
Council	DLG Code	Mean	Median	Number of CDCs determined	Number of CDCs determined with valid dates
The City of Newcastle Council	5	17	8	177	177
The Hills Shire Council	7	11	9	57	57
Tumbarumba Shire Council	9	8	8	1	1
Tumut Council	11	3	1	3	3
Tweed Shire Council	5	10	7	68	68
Upper Hunter Shire Council	11	16	17	26	26
Upper Lachlan Shire Council	10	14	14	1	1
Uralla Shire Council	10	6	6	22	22
Wagga Wagga City Council	4	22	19	64	64
Wakool Shire Council	9	11	12	11	11
Walcha Council	9	10	9	6	6
Walgett Shire Council	10	13	11	8	8
Warren Shire Council	9	8	8	2	2
Warringah Council	3	11	9	14	14
Warrumbungle Shire Council	11	13	7	15	15
Waverley Council	2	17	12	29	29
Weddin Shire Council	9	11	7	8	8
Wellington Council	10	9	9	12	12
Wentworth Shire Council	10	48	29	13	13
Willoughby City Council	3	14	10	59	59
Wingecarribee Shire Council	4	15	12	34	34
Wollondilly Shire Council	6	10	9	24	24
Wollongong City Council	5	13	8	12	12
Woollahra Municipal Council	2	56	24	26	26
Wyong Shire Council	7	13	8	185	185
Yass Valley Council	11	15	13	21	21
Young Shire Council	11	7	7	5	5

	Table 3-36: DLG Group averages - mean and median CDC times (for CDCs determined by councils)											
DLG Code	Mean	Median	Number of CDCs determined	Number of CDCs determined with valid dates								
2	24	13	199	199								
3	28	13	1,133	1,133								
4	12	8	1,094	1,094								
5	12	8	613	613								
6	7	7	102	102								
7	19	10	483	483								
8	11	3	33	33								
9	11	6	166	166								
10	8	5	504	504								
11	15	9	506	506								

Tab	le 4-14	: Deterr	ninatio	n bod	y for D	As only	,		
Council	DLG Code	Percent Councillors 13	Staff as % of all DAs	IHAP or independent panel as % of all DAs	Other as % of all DAs	Councillors as % of all DAs 2012-13	Staff as % of all DAs 2012-13	IHAP or independent panel as % of all DAs 2012-13	Other as % of all DAs 2012-13
Albury City Council	4	0.5	99.5	0	0	0.2	99.7	0	0.2
Armidale Dumaresq Council	4	3.7	95.5	0	0.7	6.2	92.2	0	1.6
Ashfield Municipal Council	2	20.6	79	0	0.4	18.1	81.9	0	0
Auburn City Council	3	4.1	93.5	0	2.4	2.6	94	0	3.4
Ballina Shire Council	4	2	98	0	0	2.3	97.6	0	0.2
Balranald Shire Council	9	36.4	63.6	0	0	39.3	60.7	0	0
Bankstown City Council	3	3.1	96.3	0	0.5	2.8	96.8	0	0.4
Bathurst Regional Council	4	3.9	95.9	0	0.2	2.8	97	0	0.2
Bega Valley Shire Council	4	0.9	98.7	0	0.4	1.3	98.4	0	0.2
Bellingen Shire Council	11	0.6	99.4	0	0	1.6	98.4	0	0
Berrigan Shire Council	10	0	100	0	0	4.3	95.7	0	0
Blacktown City Council	3	1.4	98.2	0	0.5	1.1	98.9	0	0
Bland Shire Council	10	1.8	98.2	0	0	1.9	98.1	0	0
Blayney Shire Council	10	3.1	96.9	0	0	0.7	99.3	0	0
Blue Mountains City Council	7	5	94.7	0	0.3	4.1	95.8	0	0.1
Bogan Shire Council	9	0	100	0	0	0	100	0	0
Bombala Council	9	0	100	0	0	0	100	0	0
Boorowa Council	9	5.6	94.4	0	0	18.2	81.8	0	0
Botany Bay City Council	2	30.4	66.7	0	2.9	35.4	61.3	0	3.3
Bourke Shire Council	9	4.8	90.5	0	4.8	14.3	85.7	0	0
Brewarrina Shire Council	8	16.7	83.3	0	0	0	100	0	0
Broken Hill City Council	4	1.4	98.6	0	0	0.8	99.2	0	0
Burwood Council	2	3.2	94.9	0	1.9	5.4	92.4	0	2.2
Byron Shire Council	4	4.9	95.1	0	0	3.9	95.9	0	0.2
Cabonne Shire Council	11	15.9	82.6	0	1.4	7.5	89.7	0	2.7
Camden Council	6	2.8	96.7	0	0.5	1.5	98	0	0.5
Campbelltown City Council	7	2.9	96.3	0	0.7	2.6	97.1	0	0.3
Canterbury City Council	3	5.3	87	5.9	1.7	0.8	90.9	1	7.3
Carrathool Shire Council	9	0	100	0	0	0	100	0	0
Central Darling Shire Council	9	4.5	95.5	0	0	4.5	95.5	0	0
Cessnock City Council	4	3.3	96.7	0	0	3	91.7	0	5.4
City of Canada Bay Council	3	3.9	95.3	0	0.9	3.9	94.9	0	1.2
City of Sydney Council	1	4	95.2	0	0.9	3.1	96.1	0	0.8

Tabl	e 4-14	: Deterr	ninatio	n bod	y for D	As only	,		
Council	DLG Code	Percent Councillors 13	Staff as % of all DAs	IHAP or independent panel as % of all DAs	Other as % of all DAs	Councillors as % of all DAs 2012-13	Staff as % of all DAs 2012-13	IHAP or independent panel as % of all DAs 2012-13	Other as % of all DAs 2012-13
Clarence Valley Council	4	4.5	95.5	0	0	3.6	96.4	0	0
Cobar Shire Council	10	2.4	97.6	0	0	2.6	97.4	0	0
Coffs Harbour City Council	5	1.1	98.6	0	0.2	1.1	98.7	0	0.2
Conargo Shire Council	8	8.3	91.7	0	0	13	87	0	0
Coolamon Shire Council	9	6.9	93.1	0	0	11.1	88.9	0	0
Cooma-Monaro Shire Council	11	3.6	96.4	0	0	4.3	95.7	0	0
Coonamble Shire Council	9	0	94.7	0	5.3	0	100	0	0
Cootamundra Shire Council	10	8.1	91.9	0	0	12.6	87.4	0	0
Corowa Shire Council	11	1	97.1	0	1.9	0	98.9	0	1.1
Cowra Shire Council	11	16.5	83.5	0	0	14.4	84.6	0	1
Deniliquin Council	4	2.4	97.6	0	0	8.6	91.4	0	0
Dubbo City Council	4	0.4	99.6	0	0	0.2	99.6	0	0.2
Dungog Shire Council	10	5.9	94.1	0	0	1.4	98.6	0	0
Eurobodalla Shire Council	4	0.9	98.9	0	0.2	0.1	99.9	0	0
Fairfield City Council	3	2.1	97.4	0	0.5	3	95.5	0	1.5
Forbes Shire Council	10	0	99.3	0	0.7	0	100	0	0
Gilgandra Shire Council	9	0	100	0	0	5.3	94.7	0	0
Glen Innes Severn Shire Council	10	0	98.8	0	1.2	2.5	97.5	0	0
Gloucester Shire Council	10	2	98	0	0	7.6	92.4	0	0
Gosford City Council	7	1.3	98.3	0	0.4	2.2	97.4	0	0.4
Goulburn Mulwaree Council	4	4.8	94.3	0.9	0	5.2	94.5	0.3	0
Great Lakes Council	4	4.6	95.2	0	0.3	3.7	96.3	0	0
Greater Hume Shire Council	11	8.4	91.6	0	0	13.4	82.4	0	4.2
Greater Taree City Council	4	0.9	98.9	0	0.3	0.7	99.3	0	0
Griffith City Council	4	5	94.1	0	0.9	8	91.5	0	0.5
Gundagai Shire Council	9	37.2	62.8	0	0	21.3	78.7	0	0
Gunnedah Shire Council	11	8.4	91.6	0	0	13.1	86.9	0	0
Guyra Shire Council	9	0	100	0	0	0	100	0	0
Gwydir Shire Council	10	6.8	93.2	0	0	0	100	0	0
Harden Shire Council	9	20	80	0	0	7	93	0	0
Hawkesbury City Council	6	0	100	0	0	0	100	0	0
Hay Shire Council	9	5	95	0	0	31.6	68.4	0	0
Holroyd City Council	3	2.6	97.1	0	0.2	2.2	97.8	0	0
Hornsby Shire Council	7	5.5	94	0	0.5	2.7	96.3	0	1
Hunters Hill Municipal Council	2	15.1	84.9	0	0	21.2	78.8	0	0

Tabl	e 4-14	: Deterr	ninatio	n bod	y for D	As only	,		
Council	DLG Code	Percent Councillors 13	Staff as % of all DAs	IHAP or independent panel as % of all DAs	Other as % of all DAs	Councillors as % of all DAs 2012-13	Staff as % of all DAs 2012-13	IHAP or independent panel as % of all DAs 2012-13	Other as % of all DAs 2012-13
Hurstville City Council	3	6.1	93.3	0	0.6	0	100	0	0
Inverell Shire Council	11	3.9	96.1	0	0	3.3	96.7	0	0
Jerilderie Shire Council	8	16.7	83.3	0	0	0	100	0	0
Junee Shire Council	10	21.2	78.8	0	0	23.5	76.5	0	0
Kempsey Shire Council	4	6.7	93.3	0	0	3.7	93	0	3.3
Kiama Municipal Council	4	4	96	0	0	2.6	96.1	0	1.3
Kogarah City Council	2	4.7	95.3	0	0	3.1	96.9	0	0
Ku-ring-gai Council	3	0	100	0	0	0	100	0	0
Kyogle Council	10	2.8	97.2	0	0	4.8	95.2	0	0
Lachlan Shire Council	10	4.6	95.4	0	0	3.2	96.8	0	0
Lake Macquarie City Council	5	0.2	99.7	0	0.1	0.3	99.5	0	0.2
Lane Cove Council	2	0	96.4	1.8	1.8	2.7	96	0	1.3
Leeton Shire Council	11	0	100	0	0	1.4	98.6	0	0
Leichhardt Municipal Council	2	29	69.9	0	1.1	30.1	69.7	0	0.2
Lismore City Council	4	1.1	98.9	0	0	0.9	99.1	0	0
Lithgow City Council	4	2.8	97.2	0	0	3.2	96.8	0	0
Liverpool City Council	7	2.4	96.8	0	0.7	1.6	97.7	0	0.7
Liverpool Plains Shire Council	10	13.6	86.4	0	0	0	100	0	0
Lockhart Shire Council	9	0	100	0	0	0	97.1	0	2.9
Maitland City Council	5	3.2	96.6	0	0.3	3.6	96.2	0	0.2
Manly Council	2	0	80.5	19.5	0	0	83.9	15.8	0.3
Marrickville Council	3	9.3	90.5	0	0.2	9.3	90.1	0	0.6
Mid-Western Regional Council	4	7.5	92.3	0	0.2	6.1	93.9	0	0
Moree Plains Shire Council	11	6.7	91.6	0	1.7	10.7	88.3	1	0
Mosman Municipal Council	2	0.4	68.5	31.1	0	0.7	70.1	28.5	0.7
Murray Shire Council	10	17.5	82.5	0	0	23.5	76.5	0	0
Murrumbidgee Shire Council	9	0	100	0	0	0	100	0	0
Muswellbrook Shire Council	11	10.6	89	0	0.3	8.8	90.6	0	0.6
Nambucca Shire Council	11	6.9	92.5	0	0.6	4	96	0	0
Narrabri Shire Council	11	0	98.5	0	1.5	0.9	99.1	0	0
Narrandera Shire Council	10	3.6	96.4	0	0	2.8	97.2	0	0
Narromine Shire Council	10	0	100	0	0	2.3	97.7	0	0
North Sydney Council	2	21.8	73.2	0	5.1	25.6	68.8	0	5.6
Oberon Council	10	11.7	88.3	0	0	10.1	89.9	0	0
Orange City Council	4	4.4	94.7	0	0.9	8.1	91.9	0	0

Tabl	e 4-14	: Deterr	ninatio	n bod	v for D	As only	,		
Council	DLG Code	Percent Councillors 13	Staff as % of all DAs	IHAP or independent panel as % of all DAs	Other as % of all DAs	Councillors as % of all DAs 2012-13	Staff as % of all DAs 2012-13	IHAP or independent panel as % of all DAs 2012-13	Other as % of all DAs 2012-13
Palerang Council	11	2.7	96.9	0	0.3	2.8	96.9	0	0.3
Parkes Shire Council	11	13.5	86.5	0	0	18.8	81.3	0	0
Parramatta City Council	3	10.7	88.7	0	0.6	14	86	0	0
Penrith City Council	7	0.8	98.4	0	0.8	1.5	97.8	0	0.7
Pittwater Council	2	2	97.8	0	0.2	2.8	96.9	0	0.3
Port Macquarie-Hastings Council	5	0	99.7	0	0.3	0.5	98.7	0	8.0
Port Stephens Council	4	1	98.7	0	0.3	0.7	99.2	0	0.1
Queanbeyan City Council	4	8.5	90.7	0	0.7	11.5	88.1	0	0.4
Randwick City Council	3	12.6	85.9	0	1.5	14.6	84.5	0	8.0
Richmond Valley Council	4	1.5	96.5	0	2	0.9	96.9	0	2.2
Rockdale City Council	3	8.3	89.2	0	2.5	6	92.7	0	1.4
Ryde City Council	3	6.4	92.5	0	1.1	4.3	93.9	0	1.8
Shellharbour City Council	4	0.9	99.1	0	0	0.5	99.5	0	0
Shoalhaven City Council	5	0	99.9	0	0.1	0	99.4	0	0.6
Singleton Council	4	0.2	99	0	0.7	2.6	96.1	0	1.3
Snowy River Shire Council	10	4.9	95.1	0	0	2.4	97.6	0	0
Strathfield Municipal Council	2	3.2	96	0	0.8	11.8	85.4	0	2.8
Sutherland Shire Council	3	2.2	96.9	0	0.9	2.7	96.4	0	0.9
Tamworth Regional Council	4	1.2	98.5	0	0.4	1.6	97.9	0	0.6
Temora Shire Council	10	9	91	0	0	1.9	96.2	0	1.9
Tenterfield Shire Council	10	2.5	97.5	0	0	2.4	97.6	0	0
The City of Newcastle Council	5	1.3	98.1	0	0.6	0.5	98.8	0	0.7
The Hills Shire Council	7	0.4	98.9	0	0.7	1.1	97	0	1.9
Tumbarumba Shire Council	9	5.8	94.2	0	0	1.9	98.1	0	0
Tumut Council	11	10.4	89.6	0	0	2	98	0	0
Tweed Shire Council	5	2.5	97.5	0	0	4	96	0	0
Upper Hunter Shire Council	11	7	93	0	0	3.2	96	0	0.8
Upper Lachlan Shire Council	10	5.2	94.8	0	0	2.9	97.1	0	0
Uralla Shire Council	10	1.6	98.4	0	0	19.3	80.7	0	0
Urana Shire Council	8	11.8	88.2	0	0	0	100	0	0
Wagga Wagga City Council	4	0	100	0	0	1.3	98.2	0	0.5
Wakool Shire Council	9	6.7	93.3	0	0	1.8	98.2	0	0
Walcha Council	9	8.1	91.9	0	0	10.3	89.7	0	0
Walgett Shire Council	10	7.7	92.3	0	0	2.6	97.4	0	0
Warren Shire Council	9	36.6	63.4	0	0	40.7	59.3	0	0

Table	e 4-14	: Deterr	ninatio	n bod	y for D	As only	,		
Council	DLG Code	Percent Councillors 13	Staff as % of all DAs	IHAP or independent panel as % of all DAs	Other as % of all DAs	Councillors as % of all DAs 2012-13	Staff as % of all DAs 2012-13	IHAP or independent panel as % of all DAs 2012-13	Other as % of all DAs 2012-13
Warringah Council	3	0	98.8	0.8	0.4	0	98.5	1	0.6
Warrumbungle Shire Council	11	3.3	96.7	0	0	7.6	92.4	0	0
Waverley Council	2	12.3	86.3	0	1.4	14.8	85.2	0	0
Weddin Shire Council	9	2.2	97.8	0	0	4.9	95.1	0	0
Wellington Council	10	3.9	96.1	0	0	9.5	90.5	0	0
Wentworth Shire Council	10	2.7	96.6	0	0.7	17	83	0	0
Willoughby City Council	3	13.3	86.3	0	0.4	7.2	92.4	0	0.4
Wingecarribee Shire Council	4	3.4	96.3	0	0.3	4.3	95.7	0	0
Wollondilly Shire Council	6	1.1	98.8	0	0.2	1.4	97.9	0	0.7
Wollongong City Council	5	0	99.8	0	0.2	0.1	99.6	0	0.2
Woollahra Municipal Council	2	16.6	83	0	0.4	14.4	85.1	0.2	0.3
Wyong Shire Council	7	2.4	97.6	0.1	0	1.7	98	0.3	0
Yass Valley Council	11	13.1	86.9	0	0	12	88	0	0
Young Shire Council	11	14.1	85.9	0	0	9.1	90.9	0	0

	Table 4-	14: DLG	Group Ave	rages -	Determinat	tion body fo	or DAs ONLY	,
DLG Code	Councillors as % of all DAs	Staff as % of all DAs	IHAP or independent panel as % of all DAs	Other as % of all DAs	Councillors as % of all DAs 201/12	Staff as % of all DAs 2011/12	IHAP or independent panel as % of all DAs 2011/12	Other as % of all DAs 2011/12
2	12	83.9	3	1.1	13.7	82.3	2.9	1.1
3	4.4	94.5	0.3	0.7	3.9	95.1	0.1	0.9
4	2.7	97	0	0.2	2.8	96.6	0	0.6
5	0.9	98.8	0	0.2	1	98.6	0	0.4
6	1.6	98.1	0	0.3	1.3	98.1	0	0.5
7	2.2	97.2	0	0.5	2	97.3	0	0.7
8	13.2	86.8	0	0	4.9	95.1	0	0
9	9.9	89.8	0	0.3	10	89.8	0	0.3
10	5.3	94.6	0	0.1	6.9	93	0	0
11	7.2	92.4	0	0.4	6.4	93	0	0.5

Table 5	5-4: Sta	ff allocated	to develop	ment asses	sment	
Council	DLG Code	Average DA per EFT - 2012-13	Average DA per EFT - 2011-12	% Change from 2011-12	DAs determined	EFT DA Staff
Albury City Council	4	65.4	55.7	17.4	589	9
Armidale Dumaresq Council	4	67	107	-37.5	134	2
Ashfield Municipal Council	2	82.7	83	-0.4	248	3
Auburn City Council	3	35	50	-30	245	7
Ballina Shire Council	4	76.9	81.7	-5.8	500	6.5
Balranald Shire Council	9	22	28	-21.4	44	2
Bankstown City Council	3	68.4	56.8	20.4	958	14
Bathurst Regional Council	4	53.3	50.1	6.4	533	10
Bega Valley Shire Council	4	92.8	89	4.3	464	5
Bellingen Shire Council	11	55	64	-14.1	165	3
Berrigan Shire Council	10	48.5	46.5	4.3	97	2
Blacktown City Council	3	90.1	103	-12.7	1,892	21
Bland Shire Council	10	43.6	42	3.8	109	2.5
Blayney Shire Council	10	32.5	30.4	6.9	130	4
Blue Mountains City Council	7	63.4	68	-6.7	644	10.15
Bogan Shire Council	9	7	19.5	-64.1	21	3
Bombala Council	9	12	8	50	21	1.75
Boorowa Council	9	24	27.5	-12.7	36	1.5
Botany Bay City Council	2	16.2	21.3	-23.8	138	8.5
Bourke Shire Council	9	21	14	50	21	1
Brewarrina Shire Council	8	6	9	-33.3	6	1
Broken Hill City Council	4	52.8	49	7.7	211	4
Burwood Council	2	31.6	30.8	2.5	158	5
Byron Shire Council	4	71.8	69.6	3.1	574	8
Cabonne Shire Council	11	13.8	146	-90.5	69	5
Camden Council	6	84.8	90.7	-6.6	1,102	13
Campbelltown City Council	7	106	93.4	13.6	679	6.4
Canterbury City Council	3	34.9	33	5.7	471	13.5
Carrathool Shire Council	9	11.5	37	-68.9	23	2
Central Darling Shire Council	9	44	7.3	500	44	1
Cessnock City Council	4	68.4	80.3	-14.9	752	11
City of Canada Bay Council	3	58	61	-4.9	464	8
City of Sydney Council	1	40.9	42.8	-4.5	1,840	45
Clarence Valley Council	4	78.3	71.6	9.3	626	8
Cobar Shire Council	10	84	39	115	42	0.5
Coffs Harbour City Council	5	109	106	3.2	874	8
Conargo Shire Council	8	48	92	-47.8	12	0.25
Coolamon Shire Council	9	14.5	18	-19.4	29	2
Cooma-Monaro Shire Council	11	74	57.5	28.7	111	1.5

Table 5	-4: Staf	ff allocated	to develop	ment asses	sment	
Council	DLG Code	Average DA per EFT - 2012-13	Average DA per EFT - 2011-12	% Change from 2011-12	DAs determined	EFT DA Staff
Coonamble Shire Council	9	19	20	-5	19	1
Cootamundra Shire Council	10	41	42.3	-3.1	123	3
Corowa Shire Council	11	120	155	-22.8	210	1.75
Cowra Shire Council	11	18.2	20.8	-12.5	91	5
Deniliquin Council	4	21	19.3	8.6	84	4
Dubbo City Council	4	63.6	45.8	38.9	477	7.5
Dungog Shire Council	10	68	36.8	85	136	2
Eurobodalla Shire Council	4	81.1	98.7	-17.8	568	7
Fairfield City Council	3	35.1	40.4	-13.2	772	22
Forbes Shire Council	10	73	3.5	1,986	146	2
Gilgandra Shire Council	9	12	76	-84.2	24	2
Glen Innes Severn Shire Council	10	32.8	79.3	-58.7	82	2.5
Gloucester Shire Council	10	12.5	18.4	-32.1	100	8
Gosford City Council	7	68.2	65.2	4.6	1,160	17
Goulburn Mulwaree Council	4	41.6	45.8	-9	333	8
Great Lakes Council	4	56	58.4	-4.2	392	7
Greater Hume Shire Council	11	35.7	39.7	-10.1	107	3
Greater Taree City Council	4	87.8	71.8	22.2	351	4
Griffith City Council	4	55	50	10	220	4
Gundagai Shire Council	9	43	23.5	83	43	1
Gunnedah Shire Council	11	83.5	25.5	228	167	2
Guyra Shire Council	9	41	20	105	41	1
Gwydir Shire Council	10	31.2	19.6	59.5	59	1.89
Harden Shire Council	9	25	21.5	16.3	50	2
Hawkesbury City Council	6	66	91	-27.5	594	9
Hay Shire Council	9	20	19	5.3	20	1
Holroyd City Council	3	50.4	53.5	-5.7	454	9
Hornsby Shire Council	7	66	80.4	-17.9	766	11.6
Hunters Hill Municipal Council	2	46.5	59	-21.2	93	2
Hurstville City Council	3	32.8	40.8	-19.6	328	10
Inverell Shire Council	11	103	101	1.3	154	1.5
Jerilderie Shire Council	8	9	8.5	5.9	18	2
Junee Shire Council	10	52	51	2	52	1
Kempsey Shire Council	4	119	113	5.6	285	2.4
Kiama Municipal Council	4	68	62	9.7	272	4
Kogarah City Council	2	46.2	53.7	-14	277	6
Ku-ring-gai Council	3	35.2	36.7	-4.2	503	14.3
Kyogle Council	10	35.5	16.8	111	71	2

Table 5	Table 5-4: Staff allocated to development assessment									
Council	DLG Code	Average DA per EFT - 2012-13	Average DA per EFT - 2011-12	% Change from 2011-12	DAs determined	EFT DA Staff				
Lachlan Shire Council	10	32.5	31.5	3.2	65	2				
Lake Macquarie City Council	5	58.8	56.8	3.4	1,764	30				
Lane Cove Council	2	32	44.6	-28.3	224	7				
Leeton Shire Council	11	83.3	74	12.6	125	1.5				
Leichhardt Municipal Council	2	42.9	43.5	-1.5	472	11				
Lismore City Council	4	39.8	42.8	-7.1	358	9				
Lithgow City Council	4	71.4	50	42.9	250	3.5				
Liverpool City Council	7	100	82.2	22	1,204	12				
Liverpool Plains Shire Council	10	14.8	41.3	-64.3	59	4				
Lockhart Shire Council	9	66	68	-2.9	66	1				
Maitland City Council	5	120	128	-6.6	1,198	10				
Manly Council	2	39.3	55.8	-29.7	267	6.8				
Marrickville Council	3	55	49	12.5	578	10.5				
Mid-Western Regional Council	4	114	91.3	24.6	455	4				
Moree Plains Shire Council	11	39.7	34.3	15.5	119	3				
Mosman Municipal Council	2	43.5	43.1	0.9	235	5.4				
Murray Shire Council	10	53.3	51	4.6	160	3				
Murrumbidgee Shire Council	9	24	27	-11.1	24	1				
Muswellbrook Shire Council	11	62	53.3	16.3	310	5				
Nambucca Shire Council	11	53	58.7	-9.7	159	3				
Narrabri Shire Council	11	87.3	214	-59.2	131	1.5				
Narrandera Shire Council	10	27.5	18	52.8	55	2				
Narromine Shire Council	10	15.3	17.2	-11.3	61	4				
North Sydney Council	2	32.9	42.6	-22.7	395	12				
Oberon Council	10	20	23	-13	60	3				
Orange City Council	4	80.3	74.2	8.3	457	5.69				
Palerang Council	11	97.3	93.4	4.2	292	3				
Parkes Shire Council	11	17.3	21.3	-18.8	104	6				
Parramatta City Council	3	50.5	56.5	-10.6	657	13				
Penrith City Council	7	69.8	92.9	-24.9	1,326	19				
Pittwater Council	2	81.9	46.3	76.8	635	7.75				
Port Macquarie-Hastings Council	5	107	158	-32.2	642	6				
Port Stephens Council	4	130	139	-6.6	780	6				
Queanbeyan City Council	4	40.1	37.1	8.3	281	7				
Randwick City Council	3	55.5	52.1	6.5	721	13				
Richmond Valley Council	4	25.1	57	-55.9	201	8				
Rockdale City Council	3	51.6	52.7	-2.2	361	7				
Ryde City Council	3	69.4	80.4	-13.7	451	6.5				

Table 5	Table 5-4: Staff allocated to development assessment									
Council	DLG Code	Average DA per EFT - 2012-13	Average DA per EFT - 2011-12	% Change from 2011-12	DAs determined	EFT DA Staff				
Shellharbour City Council	4	55.9	50.8	10.1	447	8				
Shoalhaven City Council	5	73.4	75.7	-3	1,395	19				
Singleton Council	4	44.8	42.2	6.1	403	9				
Snowy River Shire Council	10	61.5	84.5	-27.2	123	2				
Strathfield Municipal Council	2	35.7	48	-25.6	125	3.5				
Sutherland Shire Council	3	43	35.3	21.8	1,117	26				
Tamworth Regional Council	4	39.8	39.5	1	518	13				
Temora Shire Council	10	33.5	26	28.8	67	2				
Tenterfield Shire Council	10	16.2	21	-22.9	81	5				
The City of Newcastle Council	5	103	111	-7.4	1,336	13				
The Hills Shire Council	7	60.7	69.4	-12.5	1,214	20				
Tumbarumba Shire Council	9	34.5	26.5	30.2	69	2				
Tumut Council	11	79.4	59.4	33.7	135	1.7				
Tweed Shire Council	5	34.4	24	43.4	653	19				
Upper Hunter Shire Council	11	57.3	62	-7.7	229	4				
Upper Lachlan Shire Council	10	19.2	34	-43.6	115	6				
Uralla Shire Council	10	63	57	10.5	63	1				
Urana Shire Council	8	8.5	6	41.7	17	2				
Wagga Wagga City Council	4	44.1	37.2	18.5	617	14				
Wakool Shire Council	9	20	28	-28.6	60	3				
Walcha Council	9	185	130	42.3	37	0.2				
Walgett Shire Council	10	19.5	19	2.6	39	2				
Warren Shire Council	9	20.5	13.5	51.9	41	2				
Warringah Council	3	131	92.6	41.7	1,312	10				
Warrumbungle Shire Council	11	15	13.2	13.6	60	4				
Waverley Council	2	46.1	53.9	-14.5	553	12				
Weddin Shire Council	9	45	41	9.8	45	1				
Wellington Council	10	25.7	37	-30.6	77	3				
Wentworth Shire Council	10	73	88	-17	146	2				
Willoughby City Council	3	26.3	28.3	-7.1	474	18				
Wingecarribee Shire Council	4	61.2	58.3	5	673	11				
Wollondilly Shire Council	6	65.3	99.9	-34.6	653	10				
Wollongong City Council	5	55.3	57.8	-4.2	1,328	24				
Woollahra Municipal Council	2	32	23	38.9	512	16				
Wyong Shire Council	7	164	79.9	106	1,429	8.7				
Yass Valley Council	11	48.8	38.5	26.8	244	5				
Young Shire Council	11	82	96.4	-14.9	205	2.5				

Table 5-4: DLG Group A	Table 5-4: DLG Group Averages - Staff allocated to development assessment								
DLG Code	DAs determined	EFT DA Staff							
2	309	8							
3	692	13							
4	427	7							
5	1,149	16							
6	783	11							
7	1,053	13							
8	13	1							
9	37	2							
10	89	3							
11	159	3							

	Table	6-5: s82A re	views		
Council	DLG Code	Number of Reviews Approved	Number of Reviews Refused	Number of other outcomes	Number of s82A Reviews (100%)
Albury City Council	4	0	0	0	0
Armidale Dumaresq Council	4	2	0	0	2
Ashfield Municipal Council	2	3	1	0	4
Auburn City Council	3	0	0	0	0
Ballina Shire Council	4	0	1	0	1
Balranald Shire Council	9	0	0	0	0
Bankstown City Council	3	0	0	0	0
Bathurst Regional Council	4	1	0	0	1
Bega Valley Shire Council	4	0	0	0	0
Bellingen Shire Council	11	0	0	0	0
Berrigan Shire Council	10	0	0	0	0
Blacktown City Council	3	0	0	0	0
Bland Shire Council	10	0	0	0	0
Blayney Shire Council	10	0	0	0	0
Blue Mountains City Council	7	1	0	0	1
Bogan Shire Council	9	0	0	0	0
Bombala Council	9	0	0	0	0
Boorowa Council	9	0	0	0	0
Botany Bay City Council	2	0	0	0	0
Bourke Shire Council	9	0	0	0	0
Brewarrina Shire Council	8	0	0	0	0
Broken Hill City Council	4	0	0	0	0
Burwood Council	2	0	0	0	0
Byron Shire Council	4	7	1	0	8
Cabonne Shire Council	11	0	0	0	0
Camden Council	6	0	0	0	0
Campbelltown City Council	7	0	0	0	0
Canterbury City Council	3	5	2	4	11
Carrathool Shire Council	9	0	0	0	0
Central Darling Shire Council	9	0	0	0	0
Cessnock City Council	4	0	0	0	0
City of Canada Bay Council	3	1	0	0	1
City of Sydney Council	1	19	24	7	50
Clarence Valley Council	4	2	0	0	2
Cobar Shire Council	10	0	0	0	0
Coffs Harbour City Council	5	0	0	1	1
Conargo Shire Council	8	0	0	0	0
Coolamon Shire Council	9	0	0	0	0
Cooma-Monaro Shire Council	11	0	0	1	1

Table 6-5: s82A reviews											
Council	DLG Code	Number of Reviews Approved	Number of Reviews Refused	Number of other outcomes	Number of s82A Reviews (100%)						
Coonamble Shire Council	9	0	0	0	0						
Cootamundra Shire Council	10	0	0	0	0						
Corowa Shire Council	11	0	0	0	0						
Cowra Shire Council	11	0	0	0	0						
Deniliquin Council	4	0	0	0	0						
Dubbo City Council	4	0	0	0	0						
Dungog Shire Council	10	0	0	0	0						
Eurobodalla Shire Council	4	1	0	0	1						
Fairfield City Council	3	10	6	4	20						
Forbes Shire Council	10	0	0	0	0						
Gilgandra Shire Council	9	0	0	0	0						
Glen Innes Severn Shire Council	10	0	0	0	0						
Gloucester Shire Council	10	0	0	0	0						
Gosford City Council	7	11	3	5	19						
Goulburn Mulwaree Council	4	0	0	0	0						
Great Lakes Council	4	0	0	0	0						
Greater Hume Shire Council	11	0	0	0	0						
Greater Taree City Council	4	0	2	0	2						
Griffith City Council	4	0	0	0	0						
Gundagai Shire Council	9	0	0	0	0						
Gunnedah Shire Council	11	0	0	0	0						
Guyra Shire Council	9	0	0	0	0						
Gwydir Shire Council	10	1	0	0	1						
Harden Shire Council	9	0	0	0	0						
Hawkesbury City Council	6	0	0	0	0						
Hay Shire Council	9	0	0	0	0						
Holroyd City Council	3	7	2	0	9						
Hornsby Shire Council	7	6	1	0	7						
Hunters Hill Municipal Council	2	0	0	0	0						
Hurstville City Council	3	6	0	0	6						
Inverell Shire Council	11	0	0	0	0						
Jerilderie Shire Council	8	0	0	0	0						
Junee Shire Council	10	0	0	0	0						
Kempsey Shire Council	4	0	0	0	0						
Kiama Municipal Council	4	7	0	0	7						
Kogarah City Council	2	0	0	0	0						
Ku-ring-gai Council	3	11	3	1	15						
Kyogle Council	10	0	0	0	0						
Lachlan Shire Council	10	0	0	0	0						

	Table 6-5: s82A reviews											
Council	DLG Code	Number of Reviews Approved	Number of Reviews Refused	Number of other outcomes	Number of s82A Reviews (100%)							
Lake Macquarie City Council	5	0	0	1	1							
Lane Cove Council	2	2	2	0	4							
Leeton Shire Council	11	0	0	0	0							
Leichhardt Municipal Council	2	6	1	2	9							
Lismore City Council	4	0	0	0	0							
Lithgow City Council	4	0	0	0	0							
Liverpool City Council	7	1	0	0	1							
Liverpool Plains Shire Council	10	0	0	0	0							
Lockhart Shire Council	9	0	0	0	0							
Maitland City Council	5	0	0	0	0							
Manly Council	2	7	3	0	10							
Marrickville Council	3	22	7	5	34							
Mid-Western Regional Council	4	0	0	0	0							
Moree Plains Shire Council	11	0	0	0	0							
Mosman Municipal Council	2	6	2	0	8							
Murray Shire Council	10	2	0	0	2							
Murrumbidgee Shire Council	9	0	0	0	0							
Muswellbrook Shire Council	11	0	0	0	0							
Nambucca Shire Council	11	0	0	0	0							
Narrabri Shire Council	11	0	0	0	0							
Narrandera Shire Council	10	0	0	0	0							
Narromine Shire Council	10	0	0	0	0							
North Sydney Council	2	0	0	0	0							
Oberon Council	10	0	0	0	0							
Orange City Council	4	0	0	0	0							
Palerang Council	11	0	1	0	1							
Parkes Shire Council	11	0	0	0	0							
Parramatta City Council	3	2	0	0	2							
Penrith City Council	7	3	2	1	6							
Pittwater Council	2	0	0	1	1							
Port Macquarie-Hastings Council	5	0	0	0	0							
Port Stephens Council	4	2	1	0	3							
Queanbeyan City Council	4	1	0	0	1							
Randwick City Council	3	5	4	0	9							
Richmond Valley Council	4	0	2	0	2							
Rockdale City Council	3	2	1	1	4							
Ryde City Council	3	0	0	0	0							
Shellharbour City Council	4	1	0	0	1							

	Table 6-5: s82A reviews											
Council	DLG Code	Number of Reviews Approved	Number of Reviews Refused	Number of other outcomes	Number of s82A Reviews (100%)							
Shoalhaven City Council	5	0	0	0	0							
Singleton Council	4	1	0	0	1							
Snowy River Shire Council	10	0	0	0	0							
Strathfield Municipal Council	2	1	0	0	1							
Sutherland Shire Council	3	14	2	6	22							
Tamworth Regional Council	4	0	0	0	0							
Temora Shire Council	10	0	0	0	0							
Tenterfield Shire Council	10	5	0	0	5							
The City of Newcastle Council	5	1	0	0	1							
The Hills Shire Council	7	5	0	0	5							
Tumbarumba Shire Council	9	0	0	0	0							
Tumut Council	11	0	0	0	0							
Tweed Shire Council	5	1	0	0	1							
Upper Hunter Shire Council	11	0	0	0	0							
Upper Lachlan Shire Council	10	3	0	0	3							
Uralla Shire Council	10	0	0	0	0							
Urana Shire Council	8	0	0	0	0							
Wagga Wagga City Council	4	2	2	0	4							
Wakool Shire Council	9	0	0	0	0							
Walcha Council	9	0	0	0	0							
Walgett Shire Council	10	0	0	0	0							
Warren Shire Council	9	0	0	0	0							
Warringah Council	3	49	2	5	56							
Warrumbungle Shire Council	11	0	0	0	0							
Waverley Council	2	6	2	2	10							
Weddin Shire Council	9	0	0	0	0							
Wellington Council	10	0	0	0	0							
Wentworth Shire Council	10	0	0	0	0							
Willoughby City Council	3	1	0	0	1							
Wingecarribee Shire Council	4	0	0	0	0							
Wollondilly Shire Council	6	1	2	3	6							
Wollongong City Council	5	16	1	5	22							
Woollahra Municipal Council	2	4	2	5	11							
Wyong Shire Council	7	7	0	2	9							
Yass Valley Council	11	0	0	0	0							
Young Shire Council	11	0	0	0	0							

	Table 6-5: DLG Group Averages - s82A reviews										
DLG Code	Number of Reviews Approved	Number of Reviews Refused	Number of other outcomes	Number of s82A Reviews (100%)							
2	3	1	1	4							
3	8	2	2	11							
4	1	0	0	1							
5	2	0	1	3							
6	0	1	1	2							
7	4	1	1	6							
8	0	0	0	0							
9	0	0	0	0							
10	0	0	0	0							
11	0	0	0	0							

	Та	ıble 6-6: Lega	l Procee	dings		
Council	DLG Code	Number of Class 1 legal appeals	Number of Class 1 appeals upheld	% of Class 1 appeals upheld with amended plans of total upheld	% of Class 1 appeals upheld	Number of Class 4, 5 or Supreme Court determinations
Albury City Council	4	0	0			0
Armidale Dumaresq Council	4	0	0			0
Ashfield Municipal Council	2	0	0			0
Auburn City Council	3	0	0			0
Ballina Shire Council	4	0	0			0
Balranald Shire Council	9	0	0			0
Bankstown City Council	3	8	3	100	38	0
Bathurst Regional Council	4	0	0			1
Bega Valley Shire Council	4	1	0		0	1
Bellingen Shire Council	11	0	0			0
Berrigan Shire Council	10	0	0			0
Blacktown City Council	3	0	0			0
Bland Shire Council	10	0	0			0
Blayney Shire Council	10	0	0			0
Blue Mountains City Council	7	1	1	100	100	0
Bogan Shire Council	9	0	0			0
Bombala Council	9	0	0			0
Boorowa Council	9	0	0			0
Botany Bay City Council	2	1	1	100	100	0
Bourke Shire Council	9	0	0			0
Brewarrina Shire Council	8	0	0			0
Broken Hill City Council	4	0	0			0
Burwood Council	2	1	1	0	100	0
Byron Shire Council	4	8	0		0	0
Cabonne Shire Council	11	0	0			0
Camden Council	6	0	0			0
Campbelltown City Council	7	1	0		0	0
Canterbury City Council	3	3	1	100	33	0
Carrathool Shire Council	9	0	0			0
Central Darling Shire Council	9	0	0			0
Cessnock City Council	4	0	0			0
City of Canada Bay Council	3	3	0		0	0
City of Sydney Council	1	44	26	54	59	0
Clarence Valley Council	4	0	0			0
Cobar Shire Council	10	0	0			0
Coffs Harbour City Council	5	0	0			0
Conargo Shire Council	8	0	0			0
Coolamon Shire Council	9	0	0			0

	Table 6-6: Legal Proceedings									
Council	DLG Code	Number of Class 1 legal appeals	Number of Class 1 appeals upheld	% of Class 1 appeals upheld with amended plans of total upheld	% of Class 1 appeals upheld	Number of Class 4, 5 or Supreme Court determinations				
Cooma-Monaro Shire Council	11	1	0		0	0				
Coonamble Shire Council	9	0	0			0				
Cootamundra Shire Council	10	0	0			0				
Corowa Shire Council	11	0	0			0				
Cowra Shire Council	11	0	0			0				
Deniliquin Council	4	0	0			0				
Dubbo City Council	4	0	0			0				
Dungog Shire Council	10	0	0			0				
Eurobodalla Shire Council	4	0	0			0				
Fairfield City Council	3	5	1	0	20	0				
Forbes Shire Council	10	0	0			0				
Gilgandra Shire Council	9	0	0			0				
Glen Innes Severn Shire Council	10	0	0			0				
Gloucester Shire Council	10	1	1	0	100	0				
Gosford City Council	7	1	1	0	100	0				
Goulburn Mulwaree Council	4	1	0		0	0				
Great Lakes Council	4	0	0			0				
Greater Hume Shire Council	11	0	0			0				
Greater Taree City Council	4	2	0		0	0				
Griffith City Council	4	0	0			0				
Gundagai Shire Council	9	0	0			0				
Gunnedah Shire Council	11	0	0			0				
Guyra Shire Council	9	0	0			0				
Gwydir Shire Council	10	0	0			0				
Harden Shire Council	9	0	0			0				
Hawkesbury City Council	6	5	1	0	20	0				
Hay Shire Council	9	0	0			0				
Holroyd City Council	3	4	2	0	50	0				
Hornsby Shire Council	7	6	0		0	0				
Hunters Hill Municipal Council	2	0	0			0				
Hurstville City Council	3	13	3	67	23	0				
Inverell Shire Council	11	0	0			0				
Jerilderie Shire Council	8	0	0			0				
Junee Shire Council	10	0	0			0				
Kempsey Shire Council	4	1	0		0	0				
Kiama Municipal Council	4	0	0			0				
Kogarah City Council	2	0	0			0				
Ku-ring-gai Council	3	31	6	83	19	0				

	Table 6-6: Legal Proceedings									
Council	DLG Code	Number of Class 1 legal appeals	Number of Class 1 appeals upheld	% of Class 1 appeals upheld with amended plans of total upheld	% of Class 1 appeals upheld	Number of Class 4, 5 or Supreme Court determinations				
Kyogle Council	10	0	0			0				
Lachlan Shire Council	10	0	0			0				
Lake Macquarie City Council	5	0	0			0				
Lane Cove Council	2	2	1	0	50	0				
Leeton Shire Council	11	0	0			0				
Leichhardt Municipal Council	2	15	12	92	80	1				
Lismore City Council	4	1	0		0	0				
Lithgow City Council	4	0	0			0				
Liverpool City Council	7	4	1	0	25	2				
Liverpool Plains Shire Council	10	0	0			1				
Lockhart Shire Council	9	0	0			0				
Maitland City Council	5	1	0		0	0				
Manly Council	2	12	8	0	67	0				
Marrickville Council	3	13	3	0	23	0				
Mid-Western Regional Council	4	0	0			0				
Moree Plains Shire Council	11	0	0			0				
Mosman Municipal Council	2	8	4	100	50	0				
Murray Shire Council	10	0	0			0				
Murrumbidgee Shire Council	9	0	0			0				
Muswellbrook Shire Council	11	0	0			0				
Nambucca Shire Council	11	0	0			0				
Narrabri Shire Council	11	0	0			0				
Narrandera Shire Council	10	0	0			0				
Narromine Shire Council	10	0	0			0				
North Sydney Council	2	15	10	0	67	0				
Oberon Council	10	0	0			0				
Orange City Council	4	0	0			0				
Palerang Council	11	0	0			0				
Parkes Shire Council	11	0	0			0				
Parramatta City Council	3	9	2	100	22	0				
Penrith City Council	7	1	0		0	0				
Pittwater Council	2	6	3	0	50	0				
Port Macquarie-Hastings Council	5	0	0			0				
Port Stephens Council	4	0	0			0				
Queanbeyan City Council	4	0	0			0				
Randwick City Council	3	14	8	25	57	0				
Richmond Valley Council	4	0	0			0				
Rockdale City Council	3	0	0			0				

	Та	ıble 6-6: Lega	l Procee	dings		
Council	DLG Code	Number of Class 1 legal appeals	Number of Class 1 appeals upheld	% of Class 1 appeals upheld with amended plans of total upheld	% of Class 1 appeals upheld	Number of Class 4, 5 or Supreme Court determinations
Ryde City Council	3	1	1	0	100	0
Shellharbour City Council	4	0	0			0
Shoalhaven City Council	5	2	0		0	0
Singleton Council	4	0	0			0
Snowy River Shire Council	10	0	0			0
Strathfield Municipal Council	2	2	2	0	100	0
Sutherland Shire Council	3	6	0		0	0
Tamworth Regional Council	4	0	0			0
Temora Shire Council	10	0	0			0
Tenterfield Shire Council	10	0	0			0
The City of Newcastle Council	5	2	1	0	50	0
The Hills Shire Council	7	5	5	0	100	0
Tumbarumba Shire Council	9	0	0			0
Tumut Council	11	0	0			0
Tweed Shire Council	5	3	0		0	1
Upper Hunter Shire Council	11	0	0			0
Upper Lachlan Shire Council	10	0	0			0
Uralla Shire Council	10	0	0			0
Urana Shire Council	8	0	0			0
Wagga Wagga City Council	4	0	0			0
Wakool Shire Council	9	0	0			0
Walcha Council	9	0	0			0
Walgett Shire Council	10	0	0			0
Warren Shire Council	9	0	0			0
Warringah Council	3	11	8	100	73	0
Warrumbungle Shire Council	11	0	0			0
Waverley Council	2	26	21	38	81	0
Weddin Shire Council	9	0	0			0
Wellington Council	10	0	0			0
Wentworth Shire Council	10	0	0			0
Willoughby City Council	3	11	6	0	55	0
Wingecarribee Shire Council	4	3	0		0	0
Wollondilly Shire Council	6	2	0		0	0
Wollongong City Council	5	3	0		0	0
Woollahra Municipal Council	2	20	6	17	30	1
Wyong Shire Council	7	4	2	0	50	0
Yass Valley Council	11	0	0			0
Young Shire Council	11	0	0			0

Table 6-6: DLG Group Averages - Legal Proceedings								
DLG Code	Number of legal appeals	Number of appeals upheld	% of Class 1 appeals upheld with amended plans of total upheld	% of appeals upheld	Number of Class 4, 5 or Supreme Court determinations			
2	8	5	25	55	0			
3	8	3	34	30	0			
4	1	0	0	0	0			
5	1	0	0	6	0			
6	2	0	0	7	0			
7	3	1	13	47	0			
8	0	0	0	0	0			
9	0	0	0	0	0			
10	0	0	0	4	0			
11	0	0	0	0	0			

Table 7-5: Construction and occupation certificates issued for all local government areas					
Council	DLG Code	Construction Certificates 2012-13	Construction Certificates 2011-12	Occupation Certificates 2012-13	Occupation Certificates 2012-13
Albury City Council	4	558	532	715	658
Armidale Dumaresq Council	4	100	117	207	208
Ashfield Municipal Council	2	187	218	181	167
Auburn City Council	3	254	289	180	230
Ballina Shire Council	4	411	453	337	558
Balranald Shire Council	9	25	43	11	15
Bankstown City Council	3	794	889	311	818
Bathurst Regional Council	4	480	447	539	517
Bega Valley Shire Council	4	393	370	490	538
Bellingen Shire Council	11	110	126	116	118
Berrigan Shire Council	10	63	54	70	77
Blacktown City Council	3	1,720	2,020	2,655	2,714
Bland Shire Council	10	60	57	48	54
Blayney Shire Council	10	254	165	192	138
Blue Mountains City Council	7	590	656	492	537
Bogan Shire Council	9	17	32	10	17
Bombala Council	9	7	34	7	34
Boorowa Council	9	17	36	23	37
Botany Bay City Council	2	194	182	156	135
Bourke Shire Council	9	15	8	8	5
Brewarrina Shire Council	8	2	3	0	3
Broken Hill City Council	4	175	223	211	115
Burwood Council	2	111	123	102	106
Byron Shire Council	4	265	377	348	341
Cabonne Shire Council	11	129	125	119	123
Camden Council	6	987	1,014	1,443	1,204
Campbelltown City Council	7	564	777	333	546
Canterbury City Council	3	417	487	429	488
Carrathool Shire Council	9	7	18	2	17
Central Darling Shire Council	9	31	16	0	1
Cessnock City Council	4	621	686	645	520
City of Canada Bay Council	3	395	461	472	443
City of Sydney Council	1	1,525	1,966	1,593	1,886
Clarence Valley Council	4	581	595	421	381
Cobar Shire Council	10	44	24	17	29
Coffs Harbour City Council	5	705	678	589	745
Conargo Shire Council	8	7 00	7	9	7 7
Coolamon Shire Council	9	19	23	34	16
Cooma-Monaro Shire Council	11	80	77	63	76

Table 7-5: Construction and occupation certificates issued for all local government areas						
Council	DLG Code	Construction Certificates 2012-13	Construction Certificates 2011-12	Occupation Certificates 2012-13	Occupation Certificates 2012-13	
Coonamble Shire Council	9	10	4	7	9	
Cootamundra Shire Council	10	79	67	98	113	
Corowa Shire Council	11	142	153	145	150	
Cowra Shire Council	11	62	84	29	70	
Deniliquin Council	4	75	41	46	25	
Dubbo City Council	4	458	425	335	415	
Dungog Shire Council	10	115	127	73	61	
Eurobodalla Shire Council	4	498	550	573	650	
Fairfield City Council	3	596	635	629	558	
Forbes Shire Council	10	102	89	75	72	
Gilgandra Shire Council	9	14	19	4	17	
Glen Innes Severn Shire Council	10	57	53	30	25	
Gloucester Shire Council	10	82	67	57	49	
Gosford City Council	7	1,017	953	818	792	
Goulburn Mulwaree Council	4	323	309	269	270	
Great Lakes Council	4	299	384	185	312	
Greater Hume Shire Council	11	71	72	110	125	
Greater Taree City Council	4	312	363	366	368	
Griffith City Council	4	174	155	182	185	
Gundagai Shire Council	9	26	38	6	15	
Gunnedah Shire Council	11	153	116	138	111	
Guyra Shire Council	9	21	25	17	19	
Gwydir Shire Council	10	32	26	22	26	
Harden Shire Council	9	33	25	18	32	
Hawkesbury City Council	6	437	520	176	227	
Hay Shire Council	9	14	6	2	4	
Holroyd City Council	3	415	514	469	448	
Hornsby Shire Council	7	670	694	906	386	
Hunters Hill Municipal Council	2	101	117	0	0	
Hurstville City Council	3	211	300	0	478	
Inverell Shire Council	11	106	103	134	136	
Jerilderie Shire Council	8	11	16	10	8	
Junee Shire Council	10	31	33	55	95	
Kempsey Shire Council	4	252	273	228	252	
Kiama Municipal Council	4	236	264	208	232	
Kogarah City Council	2	187	244	286	247	
Ku-ring-gai Council	3	493	561	5	7	
Kyogle Council	10	44	53	16	25	
Lachlan Shire Council	10	27	19	14	16	

Table 7-5: Constru	Table 7-5: Construction and occupation certificates issued for all local government areas						
Council	DLG Code	Construction Certificates 2012-13	Construction Certificates 2011-12	Occupation Certificates 2012-13	Occupation Certificates 2012-13		
Lake Macquarie City Council	5	1,674	1,704	1,232	1,040		
Lane Cove Council	2	200	202	233	231		
Leeton Shire Council	11	104	78	37	148		
Leichhardt Municipal Council	2	262	287	351	446		
Lismore City Council	4	300	356	259	345		
Lithgow City Council	4	239	223	143	232		
Liverpool City Council	7	1,182	1,010	1,126	807		
Liverpool Plains Shire Council	10	27	57	36	42		
Lockhart Shire Council	9	59	51	23	49		
Maitland City Council	5	1,132	1,163	1,348	1,277		
Manly Council	2	253	316	343	376		
Marrickville Council	3	452	414	328	326		
Mid-Western Regional Council	4	348	247	327	294		
Moree Plains Shire Council	11	87	81	33	37		
Mosman Municipal Council	2	228	217	214	219		
Murray Shire Council	10	122	117	124	127		
Murrumbidgee Shire Council	9	17	1	8	0		
Muswellbrook Shire Council	11	250	283	280	257		
Nambucca Shire Council	11	128	118	155	246		
Narrabri Shire Council	11	139	84	130	54		
Narrandera Shire Council	10	45	35	6	12		
Narromine Shire Council	10	29	48	21	19		
North Sydney Council	2	352	352	480	448		
Oberon Council	10	48	71	38	52		
Orange City Council	4	427	369	434	462		
Palerang Council	11	163	189	0	0		
Parkes Shire Council	11	83	71	93	94		
Parramatta City Council	3	668	656	1,247	782		
Penrith City Council	7	1,031	1,127	1,361	1,325		
Pittwater Council	2	333	374	254	358		
Port Macquarie-Hastings Council	5	579	591	637	902		
Port Stephens Council	4	679	790	578	667		
Queanbeyan City Council	4	252	291	216	304		
Randwick City Council	3	636	803	1,026	495		
Richmond Valley Council	4	189	172	149	169		
Rockdale City Council	3	315	344	282	288		
Ryde City Council	3	465	523	747	685		
Shellharbour City Council	4	384	350	600	535		

Table 7-5: Construction and occupation certificates issued for all local government areas						
Council	DLG Code	Construction Certificates 2012-13	Construction Certificates 2011-12	Occupation Certificates 2012-13	Occupation Certificates 2012-13	
Shoalhaven City Council	5	1,142	1,245	1,268	1,385	
Singleton Council	4	335	337	349	290	
Snowy River Shire Council	10	65	53	57	69	
Strathfield Municipal Council	2	157	147	170	156	
Sutherland Shire Council	3	959	739	869	892	
Tamworth Regional Council	4	383	409	665	497	
Temora Shire Council	10	44	59	41	73	
Tenterfield Shire Council	10	11	49	51	72	
The City of Newcastle Council	5	1,310	1,121	1,102	742	
The Hills Shire Council	7	1,191	1,194	995	1,164	
Tumbarumba Shire Council	9	34	43	25	11	
Tumut Council	11	104	106	0	0	
Tweed Shire Council	5	602	562	581	692	
Upper Hunter Shire Council	11	189	172	160	134	
Upper Lachlan Shire Council	10	65	87	46	57	
Uralla Shire Council	10	30	27	63	57	
Urana Shire Council	8	15	11	4	1	
Wagga Wagga City Council	4	500	505	297	286	
Wakool Shire Council	9	30	36	19	5	
Walcha Council	9	28	27	24	11	
Walgett Shire Council	10	24	20	14	15	
Warren Shire Council	9	38	16	10	14	
Warringah Council	3	405	528	463	906	
Warrumbungle Shire Council	11	19	37	6	6	
Waverley Council	2	521	544	511	455	
Weddin Shire Council	9	33	25	32	28	
Wellington Council	10	51	48	37	41	
Wentworth Shire Council	10	70	81	58	58	
Willoughby City Council	3	490	324	587	605	
Wingecarribee Shire Council	4	615	210	378	525	
Wollondilly Shire Council	6	415	499	472	539	
Wollongong City Council	5	1,128	841	926	741	
Woollahra Municipal Council	2	494	504	364	484	
Wyong Shire Council	7	845	849	1,168	1,269	
Yass Valley Council	11	217	271	205	295	
Young Shire Council	11	148	185	190	471	

Table 7-5: DLG Group Averages - Construction and occupation certificates issued for all local government areas Construction **DLG Code** Construction **Occupation Occupation** Certificates 2012-13 Certificates 2011-12 **Certificates 2012-13 Certificates 2011-12** 1,034

