AS1742.10-2009 PART 10 – PEDESTRIAN CONTROL AND PROTECTION

Reference Section	Roads and Maritime Services (RMS) Enhanced Practice, Complementary Material, or Departures
General	Signs mentioned in this part should be checked against the Road sign register for RMS practice.
	RMS complementary material: Delineation (RMS). Traffic Signal Design (RMS).
	RMS practice for Pedestrian, Children's, Pelican crossings and Pedestrian Refuges • Kerb ramps in accordance with RMS model drawing MD. R173.B01.A.1 • RMS practice is not to use Tactile Ground Surface indicators (TGSI) as shown in AS1428.4 in kerb ramps. However councils may wish to install TGSI on works under there control
Section 5	
5.4	RMS practice for regulatory signs. Refer Road sign register.
Section 6	
Table 2	 RMS practice uses: RMS No entry (R2-4) sign and not Australian Standard. Authorised Vehicles Excepted (R9-229) sign must nominate the Organisation/Authority/Council or vehicle type.*
6.3	RMS complementary material on requirements for Pedestrian (Zebra) Crossings: Delineation, Section 7 (RMS). Traffic Signal Design Section 2, Section 6 and Section 14 (RMS).
	RMS practice for numerical warrants for Pedestrian (Zebra) Crossings, which is referred to in Guide to Traffic Management, Section 8, 7.5.6:
	 i) Normal Warrant: A Pedestrian (Zebra) Crossing should be considered for approval where: (a) the product of the measured pedestrian flow per hour (P) and the measured vehicle traffic flow per hour (V), PV, is equal or greater than
	60,000 and; (b) the measured flows , P and V are equal of greater than 30 and 500 respectively;
	(c) the measured flows apply for three periods of one hour in any day.
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ii) Special Warrant:

In certain circumstances where the product of PV is greater or equal to 45,000 (but less than 60,000) and P is greater than or equal to 30 and V is greater than or equal to 500 then consideration can be given to a potential Pedestrian (Zebra) Crossing site. In such circumstances, council should justify why this location is in need of special consideration.

Reduced warrant for children, the aged or physically impaired pedestrians.

In cases where the crossing is to be used by children, the aged or physically impaired pedestrians a separate warrant applies and is as follows:

Crossings used by children

 In two hours of one hour duration immediately before and after school hours P > 30 (the crossing being predominately used by school children) and V > 200.

Crossings for the aged and physically impaired

 During three periods of one hour in any one day P > 30 (of which 50% using the crossing are aged or physically impaired) and V > 200, and PV >60,000.

6.4

RMS practice uses RMS signs for No Stopping (R5-400) series: <u>Road sign</u> register.

6.5 (fig 1)

Pedestrian (Zebra) Crossings*

For Pedestrian (Zebra) Crossings, RMS uses Australian Standards, AS1742.10 - 2009, Section 6, Figure 1 – Pedestrian (Zebra) Crossings, with the following RMS practices:

- A double barrier line (BB) is provided on each approach to the crossing, if the road has a dividing line, for 20m to extend from the edge of the crossing with Bi-directional RRPM's at 5.0m spacing and no gaps in BB lines.
- Pedestrian Crossings should not be less than 3.6m wide.
- RMS practice does not supplement Pedestrian (Zebra) Crossings with flashing yellow signals. Refer Notes AS1742.10 - 2009, Section 6, Figure 1.
- RMS practice does not permit variations to no stopping distances unless with kerb extensions. Refer <u>TDT 2011/01a</u> – Pedestrian Refuges*
- RMS No Stopping (R5-400) sign series.
- Zig Zag advance pavement markings may be provided at existing pedestrian crossings where the sight distance is inadequate. Refer <u>Delineation</u>, Section 7 (RMS).
- Transverse lines for pedestrian crossing and marked foot crossing.
 Refer Delineation, Section 7 (RMS)
- RMS practice for Stopping and Parking Restrictions. Refer <u>TDT</u> <u>2002/12c</u> – Stopping and Parking Restrictions at Intersections and Crossings.
- Kerb ramps in accordance with RMS model drawing MD. R173.B01.A.1
- RMS practice is not to use Tactile Ground Surface indicators (TGSI) as shown in AS1428.4 in kerb ramps. However councils may wish to install TGSI on works under their control.